ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

of

BURLESON COUNTY, TEXAS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court of Burleson County, Texas:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Burleson County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

1



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension and other postemployment liability and related ratios, and schedule of contributions, identified as Required Supplementary Information on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Belt Harris Pechacek, ILLP

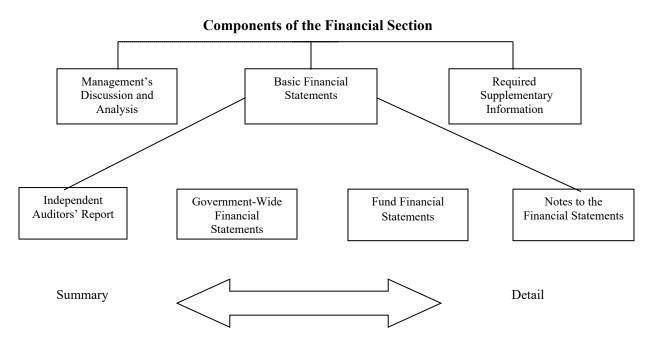
Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP *Certified Public Accountants* Houston, Texas May 27, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BURLESON COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

The purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to give the readers an objective and easily readable analysis of the financial activities of Burleson County, Texas (the "County") for the year ending September 30, 2021. The analysis is based on currently known facts, decisions, or economic conditions. It presents short and long-term analysis of the County's activities, compares current year results with those of the prior year, and discusses the positive and negative aspects of that comparison. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow this section.

THE STRUCTURE OF OUR ANNUAL REPORT



The County's basic financial statements include (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) individual fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information for the County as a whole. These statements include transactions and balances relating to all assets, including infrastructure capital assets. These statements are designed to provide information about cost of services, operating results, and financial position of the County as an economic entity. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the County's financial statements, report information on the County's activities that enable the reader to understand the financial condition of the County. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account even if cash has not yet changed hands.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as the County's property tax base and the condition of the County's infrastructure, need to be considered in order to assess the overall health of the County.

BURLESON COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows – the accrual method rather than modified accrual that is used in the fund level statements.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities divide the County's financials into two classes of activities:

1. Governmental Activities – All of the County's basic services are reported here including general government, judicial, legal, public safety, public welfare, and public transportation. Interest payments on the County's debt are also reported here. Property taxes, sales taxes, and other fees finance most of these activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found after the MD&A.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Funds may be considered as operating companies of the parent corporation, which is the County. They are usually segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal reporting requirements. The two categories of County funds are governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains 22 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general, road and bridge, debt service, and miscellaneous grants funds, which are considered to be major funds for reporting purposes.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, road and bridge, debt service, miscellaneous grants, and certain special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the general, road and bridge, debt service, miscellaneous grants, and certain special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Burleson County, Texas

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The County maintains nine fiduciary funds. The County's fiduciary activities are reported separately in a statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are the last section of the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to basic financial statements, this MD&A, and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information (RSI). The RSI includes budgetary comparison schedules for the general and road and bridge funds, as well as schedules of changes in net pension liability and total other postemployment benefits liability and related ratios, and a schedule of contributions for the Texas County and District Retirement System. RSI can be found after the notes to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$27,308,480 as of September 30, 2021. This compares with \$22,504,232 for the prior fiscal year. A significant portion of the County's net position, 33 percent, reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., construction in progress, building, equipment, and infrastructure) less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Burleson County, Texas

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

	Governmental Activities			
		2021		2020
Current and other assets	\$	23,813,976	\$	17,229,324
Capital assets, net		12,855,022		12,772,511
Total Assets		36,668,998		30,001,835
Deferred outflows - pensions		1,067,767		347,404
Deferred outflows - OPEB - GTLF		97,883		77,967
Deferred outflows - OPEB - health plan		193,319		224,101
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,358,969		649,472
Long-term liabilities		7,322,530		6,175,688
Other liabilities		2,682,164		1,399,485
Total Liabilities		10,004,694		7,575,173
Deferred inflows - pensions		624,135		464,983
Deferred inflows - OPEB - GTLF		27,662		33,892
Deferred inflows - OPEB - health plan		62,996		73,027
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		714,793		571,902
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets		9,023,376		9,456,436
Restricted		10,475,803		8,482,937
Unrestricted		7,809,301		4,564,859
Total Net Position	\$	27,308,480	\$	22,504,232

A portion of the County's net position, \$10,475,803 or 38%, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The County's unrestricted net position, \$7,809,301 or 29%, may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

The overall net position increased by \$4,804,248. Current and other assets increased \$6,584,652 mainly due to operating results and funds received in advance from the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds. The deferred outflows of resources increased by \$709,497 mainly due to changes in actuarial assumptions. The total liabilities increased by \$2,429,521 mainly due to the issuance of a capital lease, four time warrants, an increase in the net position and total OPEB liabilities, and an increase in unearned revenues from funds received in advance for the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds. The deferred inflows of resources increased by \$142,891 mainly due to the increase in investment earnings of pension plan assets.

Burleson County, Texas

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Statement of Activities

The following table provides a summary of the County's changes in net position:

	Governmental Activities				
		2021		2020	
Revenues					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	2,507,527	\$	2,401,717	
Operating grants and contributions		784,457		875,784	
General revenues:					
Property taxes		14,383,313		11,841,319	
Sales taxes		1,142,930		1,500,599	
Other taxes		43,853		38,219	
Interest income		137,485		182,833	
Gain on sale of capital assets		64,258		98,750	
Other revenues		825,286		948,450	
Total Revenues	_	19,889,109		17,887,671	
Expenses					
General administration		1,575,253		1,403,097	
Judicial		1,277,671		1,223,618	
Legal		562,031		530,059	
Financial administration		899,182		686,790	
Public facilities		603,058		402,386	
Public safety		4,363,441		3,691,008	
Public transportation		4,476,283		5,173,009	
Health and welfare		570,992		476,033	
Miscellaneous		657,609		631,007	
Interest and fiscal agent fees		99,341		100,093	
Total Expenses	_	15,084,861		14,317,100	
Change in Net Position		4,804,248		3,570,571	
Beginning net position		22,504,232		18,933,661	
Ending Net Position	\$	27,308,480	\$	22,504,232	

Total governmental revenues increased compared to the prior year, increasing \$2,001,438 or 11%. This increase is primarily due to an increase in property taxes of \$2,541,994 which was partially offset by decreases in operating grants and contributions, sales tax, and other revenues. The increase in property taxes is due to the assessed property value increase. The decrease in operating grants and contributions is mainly due to less grant funds received in the current year. The decrease in sales tax is a result of less sales within the County. Finally, the decrease in other revenue is a result of a decrease in road use contributions received in the current fiscal year.

Governmental expenses increased from the prior year by \$767,761 or 5%. The increase is primarily due to increases in general administration, financial administration, public facilities, and public safety having increases in payroll and related expenses. Public transportation expenses decreased due to decreases in road materials and supplies purchased in the current year.

BURLESON COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The County's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$19,309,469. Of this, \$8,833,666 is unassigned and available for day-to-day operations of the County and \$10,475,803 is restricted for various purposes.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$8,833,666. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 103% of total general fund expenditures. The fund balance of the general fund reported an increase of \$3,143,507. Revenues and expenditures have both increased compared to prior year. Revenues increased mainly due to the increase in the property tax rate and assessed values while other revenues increased due to reimbursements related to prior year activity and insurance proceeds. Expenditures increased due to an increase in personnel costs compared to the prior year.

The road and bridge fund reported an increase of \$1,949,737 in fund balance. Revenue increased mainly due to an increase in property tax revenues from an increase in the assessed property values. Expenditures increased due to an increase in capital outlay. All of the road and bridge fund fund balance, \$9,209,882, is restricted.

The debt service fund reported an increase of \$73,626 in fund balance. The increase is due to property taxes collected in excess of debt service payments. The current debt service fund fund balance of \$167,930 is restricted for payments of principal and interest on debt.

The miscellaneous grants fund reported an increase of \$15,118 in fund balance. The increase is primarily due to contributions in the current year. The current miscellaneous grants fund fund balance of \$116,835 is restricted for payments of grant expenditures.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The general fund's actual revenues were more than the final budget by \$373,387 during the year. This variance is largely the result of more property tax revenues than expected.

The general fund expenditures were less than the final budget by \$1,610,921 mainly due to less information technology, district court, county attorney, sheriff, jail, and other expenditures than expected and the result of a County-wide effort to keep expenditures at or below budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of the year, the County's governmental activities had invested \$12,855,022 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation. This represents a net increase of \$82,511.

BURLESON COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Major capital asset events during the current year included the following:

- 2019 CAT Caterpillar- \$255,300
- CASE 521G wheel loader- \$144,739
- CAT 420 XE backhoe loader- \$154,300

More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in note III.C. to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the year, the County reported total certificates of obligation of \$2,860,000. The County also reported \$90,000 of refunding bonds outstanding. During the fiscal year, the County entered into a capital lease for \$234,995 and four time warrants totaling \$557,439.

More detailed information about the County's long-term liabilities is presented in note III.D. to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The County has continued the permanent road program to solidify the infrastructure of the County. The County has approved the tax rate of \$0.56 for the next fiscal year. The County has approved and maintained the same tax rate as prior year.

The County continues to face budgetary pressures on the expenditure side related to the economic conditions in the County and the COVID-19 pandemic. Although continued growth and stability are anticipated in fiscal year 2022 and beyond, there can be no assurances that the County's economic stability will not be negatively affected near term by the pandemic that is still affecting the County.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the County Auditor's Office, Burleson County, 100 W. Buck Street, Suite 407, Caldwell, Texas 77836.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,117,182
Receivables, net	2,396,828
Due from fiduciary funds	299,966
Total Current Assets	23,813,976
Capital assets:	• • • • • • •
Nondepreciable	289,911
Depreciable capital assets, net	12,565,111
Total Capital Assets	12,855,022
Total Assets	36,668,998
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	1,067,767
Deferred outflows - OPEB - GTLF	97,883
Deferred outflows - OPEB - health plan	193,319
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,358,969
Liabilities	, ,
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	497,472
Unearned revenues	2,172,682
Accrued interest	12,010
Total Current Liabilities	2,682,164
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Long-term debt due within one year	736,445
Long-term debt due in more than one year	6,586,086
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	7,322,530
Total Liabilities	10,004,694
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	624,135
Deferred inflows - OPEB - GTLF	27,662
Deferred inflows - OPEB - health plan	62,996
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	714,793
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	9,023,376
Restricted for:	
Road and bridge	9,209,882
Debt service	167,930
Grants	149,075
Special projects	948,916
Unrestricted	7,809,301
Total Net Position	\$ 27,308,480

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Program	n Revei	nues	R	et (Expense) Revenue and nanges in Net
Functions/Programs	Expenses	C	Charges for Services	G	Operating Frants and ontributions	G	Position overnmental Activities
Primary Government							
Governmental Activities							
General administration	\$ 1,575,253	\$	823,522	\$	775,066	\$	23,335
Judicial	1,277,671		473,073		-		(804,598)
Legal	562,031		365		-		(561,666)
Financial administration	899,182		220,832		-		(678,350)
Public facilities	603,058		-		-		(603,058)
Public safety	4,363,441		18,929		-		(4,344,512)
Public transportation	4,476,283		758,902		9,391		(3,707,990)
Health and welfare	570,992		-		-		(570,992)
Miscellaneous	657,609		211,904		-		(445,705)
Interest and fiscal agent fees	 99,341		-		-		(99,341)
Total Governmental Activities	 15,084,861		2,507,527		784,457		(11,792,877)
Total Primary Government	\$ 15,084,861	\$	2,507,527	\$	784,457		(11,792,877)

General Revenues:	
Property taxes	14,383,313
Sales taxes	1,142,930
Other taxes	43,853
Interest income	137,485
Gain on sale of capital assets	64,258
Other revenues	825,286
Total General Revenues	16,597,125
Change in Net Position	4,804,248
Beginning net position	22,504,232
Ending Net Position	\$ 27,308,480

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2021

. <i></i>	General			Road and Bridge	Debt Service		M	iscellaneous Grants
Assets	¢	0 (1(0()	¢	0 224 702	¢	1 (7 020	¢	1.046 700
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,616,865	\$	9,334,703	\$	167,929	\$	1,946,780
Receivables, net		1,533,924		649,518		44,671		155,910
Due from other funds		162,776		8,463		704		27,919
Due from fiduciary funds		296,787		2,921		258		-
Total Assets	\$	10,610,352	\$	9,995,605	\$	213,562	\$	2,130,609
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	287,379	\$	141,904	\$	-	\$	6,546
Unearned revenues		303,990		11,383		961		1,856,348
Due to other funds		3,612		24,459		-		150,880
Total Liabilities		594,981		177,746		961		2,013,774
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - fines		380,454		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		801,251		607,977		44,671		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,181,705		607,977		44,671		-
<u>Fund Balances</u> Restricted:								
Road and bridge		_		9,209,882		_		_
Debt service				,209,002		167,930		
Grants						107,950		116,835
Special projects		_		_		_		110,055
Unassigned:		-		-		-		-
0		0.022.000						
General		8,833,666		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		8,833,666		9,209,882		167,930		116,835
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	10,610,352	\$	9,995,605	\$	213,562	\$	2,130,609
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	Nonmajor wernmental	Total Governmental Funds
\$ \$	1,050,905 12,805 152 1,063,862	\$ 21,117,182 2,396,828 200,014 299,966 \$ 24,013,990
\$	61,643 	\$ 497,472 2,172,682 200,014 2,870,168
	- - -	380,454 1,453,899 1,834,353
	- 32,240 948,916 - 981,156	9,209,882 167,930 149,075 948,916 8,833,666 19,309,469
\$	1,063,862	\$ 24,013,990

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2021

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 19,309,469
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Nondepreciable capital assets	289,911
Depreciable capital assets, net	12,565,111
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures	
and, therefore, are deferred or accrued in the governmental funds.	200 454
Unavailable revenue - fines	380,454
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	1,453,899
Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to the net pension and total other	
postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Deferred outflows - pensions	1,067,767
Deferred inflows - pensions	(624,135)
Deferred outflows - OPEB - GTLF	97,883
Deferred inflows - OPEB - GTLF	(27,662)
Deferred outflows - OPEB - health plan	193,319
Deferred inflows - OPEB - health plan	(62,996)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable	
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Long-term debt due within one year	(736,445)
Long-term debt due in more than one year	(6,586,086)
Accrued interest payable	(12,010)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 27,308,480

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	General		Road and Bridge		De	ebt Service	Miscellaneous Grants	
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	8,064,096	\$	5,784,769	\$	442,116	\$	-
Sales taxes		1,142,930		-		-		-
Other taxes		11,039		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		72,924		9,391		-		675,468
Charges for services		984,799		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		473,073		-		-		-
Interest		76,822		46,038		2,129		3,990
Permits and licenses		-		758,902		-		-
Miscellaneous		557,204		197,633		354		60,943
Total Revenues		11,382,887		6,796,733		444,599		740,401
Expenditures								
Current:								
General administration		664,148		-		-		589,589
Judicial		1,237,148		-		-		-
Legal		548,801		-		-		-
Financial administration		738,434		-		-		-
Public facilities		263,789		-		-		-
Public safety		3,786,117		-		-		-
Public transportation		-		4,428,603		-		-
Health and welfare		566,922		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		649,286		-		350		-
Debt service:								
Principal		-		-		270,000		-
Interest and fiscal agent fees		-		-		100,623		-
Capital outlay		145,829		1,033,049		-		64,122
Total Expenditures		8,600,474		5,461,652		370,973		653,711
Excess (Deficiency) of								
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		2,782,413		1,335,081		73,626		86,690
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		101 772						
Transfers in		101,772		-		-		-
Transfers (out) Sale of capital assets		- 24,327		-		-		(71,572)
Capital lease proceeds		24,527 234,995		57,217		-		-
Time warrant proceeds		234,995		557,439		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		361,094		614,656				(71,572)
-						73,626		
Net Change in Fund Balances		3,143,507		1,949,737				15,118
Beginning fund balances		5,690,159		7,260,145		94,304		101,717
Ending Fund Balances	\$	8,833,666	\$	9,209,882	\$	167,930	\$	116,835

Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 14,290,981
Ψ _	1,142,930
32,814	43,853
26,674	784,457
211,904	1,196,703
	473,073
8,506	137,485
-	758,902
9,152	825,286
289,050	19,653,670
281,762	1,535,499
7,096	1,244,244
-	548,801
-	738,434
-	263,789
8,654	3,794,771
-	4,428,603
-	566,922
6,953	656,589
-	270,000
-	100,623
	1,243,000
304,465	15,391,275
(15,415)	4,262,395
-	101,772
(30,200)	(101,772)
-	81,544
-	234,995
	557,439
(30,200)	316,539
(45,615)	5,136,373
1,026,771	14,173,096
\$ 981,156	\$ 19,309,469

BURLESON COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES 21

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 5,136,373
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement	
of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and	
reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay	1,219,810
Depreciation expense	(1,120,809)
Net effect of disposals	(16,490)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Changes in unavailable revenue - fines and fees	78,849
Changes in unavailable revenue - property taxes	92,332
changes in anavanable revenue - property takes	,552
Net pension and total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability and deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows related to the net pension and total OPEB liability are not reported in	
the governmental funds.	
Net pension liability	(444,718)
Deferred outflows - pensions	720,363
Deferred inflows - pensions	(159,152)
Deferred outflows - OPEB - GTLF	26,146
Total OPEB liability - GTLF	(52,511)
Deferred outflows - OPEB - health plan	(30,782)
Deferred inflows - OPEB - health plan	10,031
Total OPEB liability - health plan	(159,018)
Some expenses reported in the State of Activiites do not require the use of current financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
This adjustment reflects the net change on the accrual basis of accounting for these expenses.	
Capital lease proceeds	(234,995)
Time warrant proceeds	(557,439)
Changes in premium on bonds	6,863
Principal payments	270,000
Changes in accrued interest expense	(5,581)
Changes in compensated absences	(3,381) 24,976
Changes in compensated absences	 24,270
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 4,804,248
See Notes to Financial Statements	 · · · · · ·

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

September 30, 2021

		Total Fiduciary Funds	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents		\$	2,705,744
Due from other units	Total Assets		479 2,706,223
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to other units Due to County			796,820 299,966
	Total Liabilities		1,096,786
<u>Net Position</u> For individuals, organizations,			
or other governments	Total Net Position	\$	1,609,437 1,609,437

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Total Fiduciary Funds	
Additions		¢	267.022
Other revenue		\$	267,823
Investment income			875
	Total Additions		268,698
<u>Deductions</u> Criminal departments Disbursement to state			18,829 3,795
	Total Deductions		22,624
Beginning net position	Change in Net Position		246,074 1,363,363
	Ending Net Position	\$	1,609,437

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Burleson County, Texas (the "County") is an independent government entity created by an act of the Texas Legislature. The County is governed by a Commissioners' Court, composed of four County Commissioners and the County Judge, all of whom are elected officials.

The County's financial statements include the accounts of all County operations. The County provides a vast array of services including financial administration, judicial, health and welfare, public facilities and transportation, general administration, public safety, and legal.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the County's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the County is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the County's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body, it is legally separate, and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally, prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and considerations pertaining to organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. The County has no business-type activities.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the various other functions of the County. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The County reports the following governmental funds:

The *general fund* is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, sales tax, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Expenditures include general administration, financial administration, public facilities, judicial, public safety, health and welfare, and legal. The general fund is always considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The *debt service fund* is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. The debt service fund did not meet the technical criteria to be presented as a major fund; however, due to its significance, the County has elected to present it as major.

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The following special revenue funds are reported as major funds for reporting purposes:

Road and bridge fund– This fund is used to account for revenues of property taxes levied and vehicle registration fees. Uses of funds are restricted for the maintenance of roads, bridges, and the operations of related facilities. All precinct operations, as well as permanent road monies, are accounted for in this fund.

Miscellaneous grants fund– This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related with grant funds. The primary source of revenue is grants. Uses of funds are restricted to grant related expenditures.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for and report resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The County maintains one type of fiduciary fund, custodial funds. The custodial funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Custodial funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the County holds for others in a custodial capacity.

During the course of operations, the County has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, balances in a statewide investment pool, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Easthe Veer Ended Sentember 20, 2021

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

2. Investments

Investments, except for certain investment pools, commercial paper, money market funds, and investment contracts, are reported at fair value. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost. Money market funds, which are short-term highly liquid debt instruments that may include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and commercial paper that have a remaining maturity of one year or less upon acquisition, are reported at amortized cost. Investments in nonparticipating interest earning contracts, such as certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The County has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. In summary, the County is authorized to invest in the following:

Direct obligations of the U.S. Government or U.S. Government agencies Fully collateralized certificates of deposit Money market mutual funds that meet certain criteria Bankers' acceptances Statewide investment pools

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, infrastructure has been capitalized retroactively. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest costs incurred in connection with construction of enterprise fund capital assets are capitalized when the effects of capitalization materially impact the financial statements. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years:

	Estimated
Asset Description	Useful Life
Buildings and improvements	20 to 40 years
Infrastructure	15 to 30 years
Equipment	3 to 30 years

4. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate

financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension/other postemployment benefits (OPEB) activities are amortized over the average of the expected service lives of pension/OPEB plan members, except for the net differences between the projected and actual investment earnings on the pension/OPEB plan assets, which are amortized over a period of five years.
- For employer pension/OPEB plan contributions that were made subsequent to the measurement date through the end of the County's fiscal year, the amount is deferred and recognized as a reduction to the net pension/OPEB liability during the measurement period in which the contributions were made.

At the fund level, the County has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from fines and property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

5. Compensated Employee Absences

The County provides its employees with vacation and sick leave. Sick leave may be accumulated from year to year up to 16 weeks. Vacation is to be used prior to year end but may be carried over up to the limitations outlined by County policy. Exceptions to the maximum accruals can only be approved by the Commissioners' Court upon request of the employee's supervisor. Upon termination, any accumulated vacation time will be paid; however, no accumulated sick leave will be paid. The estimated amount of compensation for services provided that is expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it when it matures or becomes due. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the financial statements, longterm debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. The property tax rate is allocated each year between the general, road and bridge, and debt service funds. The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by the tax along with interest earned in the debt service fund.

Assets acquired under the terms of a capital lease are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, capital lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources and as capital outlay expenditures in the applicable fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the general and road and bridge funds upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

7. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

8. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

9. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balances of governmental funds are reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The County itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact are classified as nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions are classified as restricted.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority. The Commissioners' Court is the highest level of decision-making authority for the County that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Commissioners' Court may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken

for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

The County strives to maintain unrestricted fund balance at a level adequate to provide for unanticipated expenditures of a nonrecurring nature and to meet unexpected increases in service delivery costs. The target level for the general fund unrestricted fund balance is at least 20% of budgeted fund expenditures. The road and bridge funds have target levels of 18% to 25% of budgeted fund expenditures but will be subject to a 50% unrestricted fund balance ceiling. The County allows for the fund balance to exceed limits if there is a plan to commit those funds during the next two budget cycles.

10. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

11. Pensions

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Other Postemployment Benefits

The County participates in a single-employer, unfunded, defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by TCDRS known as the Group Term Life Fund (GTLF). This is a voluntary program in which participating member counties may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. The funding policy for the GTLF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. (GASB 75). Benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees. Benefit payments and refunds are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Information about the County's total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense is provided by TCDRS from reports prepared by their consulting actuary.

13. Postemployment Healthcare Benefit

The County provides medical benefits to eligible retirees and dependents through an unfunded singleemployer defined benefit plan (the "Plan"). The employee must meet the rule of 75 (the sum of age and years of service equals at least 75) to be eligible for retirement. The employee must make application for service retirement pension payments with TCDRS, and be approved for pension payments from TCDRS, prior to retirement. The retiree pays a percentage of the required contribution based on their age at retirement. The percentage is 75% for retirement prior to age 60 and 50% for age 60 and later. The retiree

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

pays the full cost of additional dependent coverage elected less \$50 per month paid by the County. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75. Information about the County's total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense is provided by the County's consulting actuary.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes are recorded as revenue when levied for the current year and due, payable, and collected in the current year. Uncollected amounts at year end are reported as a deferred inflow of resources. Delinquent property taxes collected within 60 days subsequent to year end were not considered material.

The property tax calendar dates are:

Levy date and due date – October 1 Collection dates – October 1 through January 31 Lien date – February 1

The County bills and collects its own taxes and those for certain government entities within the County. Collections of the property taxes and subsequent remittances to the proper entities are accounted for in the tax assessor's custodial fund. Tax collections deposited for the County are distributed on a periodic basis to the general, road and bridge, and debt service funds of the County. This distribution is based upon the tax rate established for each fund by order of the Commissioners' Court for the tax year for which the collections are made.

The appraisal of property within the County is the responsibility of the County-wide appraisal district, which is required under the Property Tax Code to assess all property within the appraisal district on the basis of 100% of its appraised value, and is prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. The appraisal district must review the value of the property within the County every three years unless the County, at its own expense, requires more frequent reviews. The County may challenge the appraised values through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under this legislation, the County sets tax rates on County property.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund. Any transfers of appropriations are first approved by the Commissioners' Court. The legal level of control is the department level in the general fund and road and bridge fund and the fund level for all other funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2021, the County had the following investments:

			Weighted Average Maturity
Investment Type		Value	(Years)
Certificates of deposit	\$	437,834	0.65
Texas CLASS		6,524,021	0.07
Total	\$	6,961,854	
Portfolio weighted aver	age r	naturity	0.11

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to five years or less.

Credit risk. State law and the County's investment policy limits investments to obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than "A" or its equivalent. Further, commercial paper must be rated not less than "A-1" or "P-1" or an equivalent rating by at least two nationally recognized credit rating agencies. As of September 30, 2021, the County's investments in the investment pool were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's investment policy requires funds on deposit at the depository bank to be collateralized by securities and FDIC insurance. As of September 30, 2021, market values of pledged securities and FDIC insurance exceeded bank balances.

Texas CLASS

The Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Trust (CLASS) is a public funds investment pool under Section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, as amended. CLASS is created under an amended and restated trust agreement, dated as of December 14, 2011 (the "Agreement"), among certain Texas governmental entities investing in CLASS (the "Participants"), with Cutwater Investor Services Corporation as program administrator and Wells Fargo Bank Texas, NA as custodian. CLASS is not SEC registered and is not subject to regulation by the State. Under the Agreement, however, CLASS is administered and supervised by a seven-member board of trustees (the "Board"), whose members are investment officers of the Participants, elected by the Participants for overlapping two-year terms. In the Agreement and by resolution of the Board, CLASS has contracted with Cutwater Investors Service Corporation to provide for the investment and management of the public funds of CLASS. Separate financial statements for CLASS may be obtained from CLASS' website at <u>www.texasclass.com</u>.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

B. Receivables

The following comprise receivable balances at year end:

			I	Road and			Mis	cellaneous			
		General		Bridge Debt Service		bt Service		Grants	N	onmajor	Total
Property taxes	\$	817,603	\$	620,384	\$	45,583	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,483,570
Intergovernmental		331,966		39,484		-		155,910		12,805	540,165
Other		400,707		2,058		-		-		-	402,765
Less: allowance		(16,352)		(12,408)		(912)		-		-	(29,672)
Total	\$	1,533,924	\$	649,518	\$	44,671	\$	155,910	\$	12,805	\$ 2,396,828

C. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2021 is as follows:

]	Beginning Balance	1	Increases	n	ecreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities		Dalance		lifereases		ecreases		Dalance
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	¢	280.011	¢		¢		\$	280.011
	\$	289,911	\$	-	\$	-	Э	289,911
Total capital assets not								
being depreciated		289,911		-		-		289,911
Other capital assets:								
Buildings and improvements		12,213,407		-		-		12,213,407
Infrastructure		53,009		-		-		53,009
Equipment		10,107,220		1,219,810		(148,294)		11,178,736
Total other capital assets		22,373,636	-	1,219,810		(148,294)		23,445,152
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(3,208,502)		(370,419)		-		(3,578,921)
Infrastructure		(22,668)		(1,601)		-		(24,269)
Equipment		(6,659,866)		(748,789)		131,804		(7,276,851)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(9,891,036)		(1,120,809)		131,804		(10,880,041)
Other capital assets, net		12,482,600		99,001		(16,490)		12,565,111
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	12,772,511	\$	99,001	\$	(16,490)		12,855,022
				Les	s asso	ociated debt		(3,831,646)
			Ne	et Investment i	in Caj	pital Assets	\$	9,023,376

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General administration	\$ 63,998
Judicial	26,227
Financial administration	6,613
Public facilities	148,171
Public safety	338,148
Public transportation	532,384
Health and welfare	5,268
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,120,809

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

D. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the County's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2021. These issues are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County.

	Beginning Balance			Additions (Reductions)		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year		
Governmental Activities:										
Refunding bonds, series 2014	\$	185,000	\$	-	\$	(95,000)	\$	90,000	* \$	90,000
Certificates of obligation, series 2014		3,035,000		-		(175,000)		2,860,000	*	180,000
Premiums		96,075		-		(6,863)		89,212	*	-
Capital lease		-		234,995		-		234,995	*	56,278
Time warrants		-		557,439		-		557,439	*	274,432
Total OPEB liability - health plan		2,164,435		159,018		-		2,323,453		-
Total OPEB liability - GTLF		366,934		52,511		-		419,445		-
Net pension liability		152,453		444,718		-		597,171		-
Compensated absences		175,791		138,138		(163,114)		150,815		135,735
Total Governmental Activities	\$	6,175,688	\$	1,586,819	\$	(439,977)	\$	7,322,530	\$	736,445
		Long-	terr	n debt due in m	ore th	an one year	\$	6,586,086	=	
*Deb	asso	ciated with g	over	nmental activit	ies ca	pital assets	\$	3,831,646	_	

Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. The governmental activities compensated absences and total OPEB and net pension liabilities are generally liquidated by the general fund. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

During the fiscal year, the County issued a capital lease for the purpose of financing election equipment that mature on November 15, 2025, with an interest rate of 2.87%. The lease will be repaid in four annual lease payments of \$63,025.11. The County also issued four time warrants for the purpose of purchasing equipment for the Road and Bridge precincts that mature on May 31, 2023, with an interest rate of 3.125%.

Long-term debt of the County as of September 30, 2021 was comprised of the following:

	Interest Rate	Original Amount			Balance
General Obligation Refunding Bonds					
General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2014	0.50-2.25%	\$	710,000	\$	90,000
Total General Obligation Refunding Bonds				\$	90,000
Certificates of Obligation				_	
Certificates of Obligation Series 2014	3.00-3.50%	\$	4,000,000	\$	2,860,000
Total Certificates of Obligation				\$	2,860,000
Capital Lease					
Capital Lease Obligations	2.50-3.00%	\$	234,995	\$	234,995
Total Capital Lease				\$	234,995
Time Warrants					
Time Warrants	3.00-3.50%	\$	557,439	\$	557,439
Total Time Warrants				\$	557,439

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

A summary of the County's debt service requirements, including interest, is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities						
Ending	Certificates of Obligation Series 2014						
September 30]	Principal	I	Interest	Total		
2022	\$	180,000	\$	91,400	\$	271,400	
2023		190,000		86,000		276,000	
2024		195,000		80,300		275,300	
2025		200,000		74,450		274,450	
2026		205,000		68,450		273,450	
2027-2031		1,125,000		245,525		1,370,525	
2032-2034		765,000		54,250		819,250	
Total	\$	2,860,000	\$	700,375	\$	3,560,375	
Fiscal Year		Go	vernm	ental Activit	ties		
Ending		Refu	nding l	Bonds Series	s 201	4	
September 30]	Principal	I	Interest		Total	
			-	2.025	\$	92,025	
2022	\$	90,000	\$	2,025			
2022 Total	\$ \$	90,000 90,000	\$ \$	2,025	\$ \$	92,025	
		90,000	\$	-	\$		
Total		90,000	\$ overnm	2,025	\$		
Total Fiscal Year	\$	90,000	\$ overnm Cap	2,025 ental Activit	\$		
Total Fiscal Year Ending	\$	90,000 Go	\$ overnm Cap	2,025 eental Activit ital Leases	\$	92,025 Total	
Total Fiscal Year Ending September 30	\$	90,000 Go Principal	\$ overnm Cap	2,025 nental Activit ital Leases interest	\$ ties	92,025 Total 63,025	
Total Fiscal Year Ending September 30 2022	\$	90,000 Go Principal 56,278	\$ overnm Cap	2,025 eental Activit ital Leases interest 6,747	\$ ties	92,025 Total 63,025 63,025	
Total Fiscal Year Ending September 30 2022 2023	\$	90,000 Go Principal 56,278 57,894	\$ overnm Cap	2,025 eental Activit ital Leases interest 6,747 5,131	\$ ties	92,025 Total 63,025 63,025 63,025	
Total Fiscal Year Ending September 30 2022 2023 2024	\$	90,000 Go Principal 56,278 57,894 59,557	\$ overnm Cap	2,025 eental Activit ital Leases interest 6,747 5,131 3,468	\$ ties	92,025	
Total Fis cal Year Ending September 30 2022 2023 2024 2025 Total	\$] \$	90,000 Go Principal 56,278 57,894 59,557 61,266 234,995	\$ overnm Cap \$	2,025 ental Activit ital Leases interest 6,747 5,131 3,468 1,759 17,105	\$ ties \$	92,025 Total 63,025 63,025 63,025 63,025	
Total Fiscal Year Ending September 30 2022 2023 2024 2025 Total Fiscal Year	\$] \$	90,000 Go Principal 56,278 57,894 59,557 61,266 234,995	\$ overnm Cap 1 \$ \$	2,025 eental Activit ital Leases interest 6,747 5,131 3,468 1,759 17,105	\$ ties \$	92,025 Total 63,025 63,025 63,025 63,025	
Total Fiscal Year Ending September 30 2022 2023 2024 2025 Total Fiscal Year Ending	\$ 	90,000 Go Principal 56,278 57,894 59,557 61,266 234,995 Go	\$ Cap Cap \$ \$	2,025 ental Activit ital Leases interest 6,747 5,131 3,468 1,759 17,105	\$ ties \$	92,025 Total 63,025 63,025 63,025 63,025	
Total Fiscal Year Ending September 30 2022 2023 2024 2025 Total Fiscal Year	\$ 	90,000 Go Principal 56,278 57,894 59,557 61,266 234,995	\$ Cap Cap \$ \$	2,025 eental Activit ital Leases interest 6,747 5,131 3,468 1,759 17,105 eental Activit e Warrants	\$ ties \$	92,025 Total 63,025 63,025 63,025 252,100 Total	
Total Fiscal Year Ending September 30 2022 2023 2024 2025 Total Fiscal Year Ending September 30	\$	90,000 Go Principal 56,278 57,894 59,557 61,266 234,995 Go Principal	\$ Cap Cap \$ \$ wernm Time	2,025 eental Activit ital Leases interest 6,747 5,131 3,468 1,759 17,105 eental Activit e Warrants interest	ties \$	92,025 Total 63,025 63,025 63,025 252,100	

Federal Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed correctly, a substantial liability to the County could result. The County will engage an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with the rules and regulations of the IRS as needed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

E. Interfund Transactions

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2021 is as follows:

Due To	Due From	 Amounts
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 11,896
Miscellaneous grants fund	General fund	3,460
General fund	Miscellaneous grants fund	150,880
Miscellaneous grants fund	Road and bridge fund	24,459
Road and bridge fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	8,463
Debt service fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	704
Nonmajor governmental funds	General fund	 152
	Total	\$ 200,014

Amounts recorded as due to/from are considered to be temporary loans and will be repaid during the following year.

Transfers between the primary government funds during the year were as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	A	mounts
General fund	Miscellaneous grants fund	\$	71,572
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds		30,200
	Total	\$	101,772

Transfers are used to move revenues from miscellaneous grants fund and various nonmajor governmental funds to unrestricted general fund revenues, including amounts provided as matching funds for various grant programs and governmental expenditures.

F. Restatement of Net Position

Beginning net position has been restated for a change in the reporting of custodial funds due to the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities.

	Cus todial Funds		
Beginning net position - as reported in prior year	\$	-	
Unclaimed Money		20,790	
Sheriff Seizure		34,984	
County Sheriff		181,521	
County Attorney		10,613	
State of Texas Transfer Accounts		15,956	
Jail Inmate		7,310	
County Clerk		41,146	
District Clerk		1,051,043	
Beginning net position - restated	\$	1,363,363	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance. In addition, the County participates along with 254 other entities in the Texas Association of Counties (TAC) Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund. TAC created this pool in 1974 to insure the County for workers' compensation related claims. The County also provides employee benefits, including medical and life insurance, which the County obtains through Scott and White for medical insurance and other vendors for life insurance. Coverages and workers' compensation and unemployment insurance are obtained from TAC (the "Pool"). This Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The County has no additional risk or responsibility to the Pool, outside of payment of insurance premiums. The County has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements that exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

The County is a defendant in several lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the option of the County's management that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County,

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency, and amount of payout and other economic and social factors. No claim liabilities are reported at year end.

C. Pension Plan

Texas County and District Retirement System

Plan Description

TCDRS is a statewide, agent multiple-employer, public-employee retirement system. TCDRS serves over 800 participating counties and districts throughout Texas. Each employer maintains its own customized plan of benefits. Plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of each employer, within the options available in the TCDRS Act. Employers have the flexibility and local control to adjust benefits annually and pay for those benefits based on their needs and budgets.

Each employer has a defined benefit plan that functions similarly to a cash balance plan. The assets of the plans are pooled for investment purposes, but each employer's plan assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that employer's plan. In accordance with Texas law, it is intended that the pension plan be construed and administered in a manner that the retirement system will be considered qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. All employees (except temporary staff) of a participating employer must be enrolled in TCDRS.

Benefits Provided

TCDRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. The benefit provisions are adopted by the Commissioners' Court within the options available in Texas state statutes governing TCDRS. Members can retire at age 60 and above with eight or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any County-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the County.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contribution to TCDRS, with interest, and County-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits adopted by the Commissioners' Court within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the County's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the County-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	86
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	124
Active employees	154
Total	364

Contributions

A combination of three elements funds each employer's plan: employee deposits, employer contributions, and investment income.

- The deposit rate for employees is four percent, five percent, six percent, or seven percent of compensation, as adopted by the employer's governing body.
- Participating employers are required, by law, to contribute at actuarially determined rates, which are determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method.
- Investment income funds a large part of the benefits employees earn.

Employers have the option of paying more than the required contribution rate each year. Extra contributions can help employers "prefund" benefit increases, such as a cost-of-living adjustment to

retirees, and they can be used to help offset or mitigate future increases in the required rate due to negative plan experience. There are two approaches for making extra contributions:

- (a) paying an elected contribution rate higher than the required rate and
- (b) making an extra lump-sum contribution to the employer account.

Employees for the County were required to contribute seven percent of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the County were 7.02% and 6.53% in calendar years 2020 and 2021, respectively. The County contributions to TCDRS for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 were \$383,698 and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2020 and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions that determined the TPL as of December 31, 2020 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by Governmental Accounting Standards Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* (GASB 68).

Key assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation are as follows:

Valuation Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in the which					
A stressis1 Cost Mother 1	the contributions are reported.					
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal					
Amortization Method	Level of percentage of payroll, closed					
Remaining Amortization Period	20 years					
Smoothing Period	5 years					
Recognition Method	Non-asymptotic					
Corridor	None					
Inflation	2.5%					
Salary Increases	Varies by age and service. 4.6% average over career, including inflation					
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%					
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	Cost-of-living adjustments for the County are not considered to be substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB 68 calculations. No assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

The long-term expected rate of return of TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The target allocation and best estimate of geometric real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation	Rate of Return (Expected minus Inflation)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.25%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture		
	Capital Index	25.00%	7.25%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.55%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	5.00%	4.25%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.75%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	-0.85%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	2.11%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	16.00%	6.70%
Distressed Debt REIT Equities	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index 67% FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITs Index + 33%	4.00%	5.70%
1	S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	3.45%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.10%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	-0.70%
Private Real Estate Partnerships Hedge Funds	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of	6.00%	4.90%
	Funds Composite Index	6.00%	1.85%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.6 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, TCDRS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

Changes in the NPL

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (A)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)		Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)	
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	516,916	\$	-	\$	516,916
Interest		1,335,157		-		1,335,157
Difference between expected and actual experience		65,517		-		65,517
Refund of contributions		(71,752)		(71,752)		-
Changes of assumptions		953,576		-		953,576
Contributions - employer		-		381,246		(381,246)
Contributions - employee		-		380,747		(380,747)
Net investment income		-		1,681,351		(1,681,351)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions		(876,658)		(876,658)		-
Administrative expense		-		(12,993)		12,993
Other changes		-		(3,903)		3,903
Net Changes		1,922,756		1,478,038		444,718
Balance at December 31, 2019		16,431,476		16,279,023		152,453
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	18,354,232	\$	17,757,061	\$	597,171

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Sensitivity of the NPL to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the NPL of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.6%, as well as what the County's NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.6%) or one percentage point higher (8.6%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease				1% Increase		
	in Discount		in Discount Discount F		count Rate	i	n Discount
	Rate (6.6%)			(7.6%)	R	ate (8.6%)	
County's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	2,866,950	\$	597,171	\$	(1,304,635)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TCDRS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tcdrs.com.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$267,205.

At September 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Outflows of Inflow		Deferred Iflows of esources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	75,694	\$	24,793
Changes in actuarial assumptions		715,182		-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		599,342
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		276,891		-
Total	\$	1,067,767	\$	624,135

\$276,891 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the NPL for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ended	Pension				
September 30	Expense				
2022	\$	51,505			
2023		246,277			
2024		(56,877)			
2025		(74,164)			
Thereafter		-			
Total	\$	166,741			
	-				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

D. Other Postemployment Benefits

1. Texas County and District Retirement System - Optional Group Term Life Fund

Plan Description

The County participates in a defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the TCDRS. TCDRS administers the defined benefit group-term life insurance plan known as the GTLF. This is a voluntary program in which participating member counties may elect, by ordinance, to provide group term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. Employers may terminate coverage under, and discontinue participation in, the GTLF by adopting an ordinance at any point during the year to be effective the following January 1.

The member county contributes to the GTLF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The premium rate is expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of members employed by the participating employer. There is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as a basis for the employer contribution rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect. The funding policy for the GTLF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75. As such, the GTLF is considered to be a single-employer unfunded OPEB defined benefit plan with benefit payments treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

The contributions to the GTLF are pooled for investment purposes with those of the Pension Trust Fund (PTF). The TCDRS Act (the "Act") requires the PTF to allocate a portion of investment income to the GTLF on an annual basis each December 31 based on the fund value in the GTLF during the year.

Benefits

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an OPEB and is a fixed amount of \$5,000. As the GTLF covers both active and retiree participants with no segregation of assets, the GTLF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e., no assets are accumulated). Participation in the GTLF as of December 31, 2020 is summarized below:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	63
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	31
Active employees	154
Total	248

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$419,445 was measured as of December 31, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate* Mortality - service retirees	2.12% 130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Mortality - disabled retirees	130% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

*The discount rate was based on 20-Year Bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com as of the measurement date of December 31, 2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2016.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease) Total OPEB Liability		
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$	14,680	
Interest		10,271	
Change of benefit terms		-	
Difference between expected and actual experience		(3,010)	
Changes in assumptions		44,168	
Benefit payments		(13,598)	
Net Changes		52,511	
Balance at December 31, 2019		366,934	
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	419,445	

The discount rate was decreased from 2.74% as of December 31, 2019 to 2.12% as of December 31, 2020 to reflect the 20-Year Bond GO Index as of the measurement date. There were no other changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.12%)		count Rate (2.12%)	1% Increase (3.12%)	
County's Total OPEB Liability	\$	508,532	\$ 419,445	\$	351,554

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$39,128. The County reported deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Outflows of		In	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	-	\$	11,619	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		88,930		16,043	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		8,953		-	
Total	\$	97,883	\$	27,662	

\$8,953 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal				
Year Ended		OPEB		
September 30) Expense			
2022	\$	14,177		
2023		14,173		
2024		12,970		
2025		19,948		
2026		-		
Thereafter		-		
Total	\$	61,268		

2. Postemployment Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description

The County provides medical benefits to eligible retirees and dependents through an unfunded single-employer defined benefit plan (the "Plan"). The employee must meet the rule of 75 (the sum of age and years of service equals at least 75) to be eligible for retirement. The employee must make application for service retirement pension payments with the TCDRS, and be approved for pension payments from TCDRS, prior to retirement. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75.

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Benefits

The retiree pays a percentage of the required contribution based on their age at retirement. The percentage is 75% for retirement prior to age 60 and 50% for age 60 and later. The retiree pays the full cost of additional dependent coverage elected.

Participation in the Plan as of September 30, 2020 is summarized below:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	11
Active employees and dependents	101
Total	112

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$2,323,453 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, rolled forward to a measurement date of September 30, 2021, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Level
Amortization Cost Method	Level Percentage of Payroll
Assets Backing OPEB Liability	\$0
Salary Scale	3.50%
Health Care Cost Trend	4.50%
Discount Rate	2.25%
Measurement Date	9/30/2021
Prior Measurement Date	9/30/2020
Disability	None assumed
Retiree Contributions	Retirees pay the full contribution rate for any dependent coverage.
Percentage Participation	100% of all retirees who currently have healthcare coverage, 50% of all actives who currently have healthcare coverage, and 20% of actives with spouse coverage
Retirement Rate	Rates were developed from the assumption used in the 2017 actuarial report for the TCDRS retirement plans.
Mortality Table	RPH-2014 Total Table with Projection MP-2020
Turnover Assumption	Rates varying based on gender, age, and select ultimate at 15 years.
Å	Rates based on the TCDRS actuarial assumptions from 2017 retirement
	plan valuation report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total OPEB Liability		
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$	151,958	
Interest		51,618	
Difference in expected and actual experience	;	-	
Changes in assumptions		-	
Benefit payments		(44,558)	
Net Changes		159,018	
Balance at October 1, 2020		2,164,435	
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$	2,323,453	

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Assumptions

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

				6 Increase
(1.25%)		(2.25%)		(3.25%)
\$ 2,794,433	\$	2,323,453	\$	1,955,647
	(1.25%)	(1.25%)	(1.25%) (2.25%)	(1.25%) (2.25%)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Costs Trend Rate Assumptions

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the assumed healthcare costs trend rates if that rate was one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare costs trend rate:

	Current							
	Healthcare Costs							
	Trend Rate							
				Assumption				
	1% Decrease			(4.50%)	1% Increase			
County's Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,902,308	\$	2,323,453	\$	2,887,657		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$224,327. The County reported deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred utflows of esources	In	eferred flows of csources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	62,996
Changes in actuarial assumptions Total	\$	193,319 193,319	\$	62,996

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal						
Year Ended	OPE	B Expense				
September 30	Amount					
2022	\$	20,751				
2023		20,751				
2024		20,751				
2025		20,751				
2026		20,751				
Thereafter		26,568				
Total	\$	130,323				

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgetee	l Am	ounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	 Original		Final	Amounts	((Negative)
<u>Revenue</u>	 8			 		
Property taxes	\$ 7,297,468	\$	7,297,468	\$ 8,064,096	\$	766,628
Sales taxes	1,500,000		1,500,000	1,142,930		(357,070)
Other taxes	6,000		6,000	11,039		5,039
Intergovernmental	65,135		65,135	72,924		7,789
Charges for services	1,027,115		1,039,471	984,799		(54,672)
Fines and forfeitures	575,000		575,000	473,073		(101,927)
Interest	80,000		80,000	76,822		(3,178)
Miscellaneous	349,200		446,426	557,204		110,778
Total Revenues	 10,899,918		11,009,500	 11,382,887		373,387
<u>Expenditures</u>						
General administration:						
County clerk	340,571		343,227	324,565		18,662
Compliance officer	43,281		43,284	28,527		14,757
Communications	84,486		81,740	75,623		6,117
Information techonology	315,400		343,122	235,433		107,689
	 783,738		811,373	 664,148		147,225
Judicial:						
County court	93,011		93,076	79,717		13,359
Court coordinator	19,640		19,640	18,093		1,547
County judge	126,068		126,423	123,494		2,929
District court	609,911		640,938	448,016		192,922
District clerk	231,728		233,011	196,002		37,009
Justice of the peace Pct. 1	100,986		100,986	98,334		2,652
Justice of the peace Pct. 2	97,265		97,265	89,454		7,811
Justice of the peace Pct. 3	101,836		102,339	90,734		11,605
Justice of the peace Pct. 4	 94,137		94,407	 93,304		1,103
	 1,474,582		1,508,085	 1,237,148		270,937
Legal:						
County attorney	 654,192		656,732	 548,801		107,931
	 654,192		656,732	 548,801		107,931
Finanical administration:						
County auditor	306,020		306,299	280,890		25,409
County treasurer	110,592		111,037	106,836		4,201
Tax assessor collector	 330,975		373,635	 350,708		22,927
	 747,587		790,971	 738,434		52,537
Public facilities:						
Public facilities	 274,208		279,227	 263,789		15,438
	 274,208		279,227	 263,789		15,438

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	ariance with inal Budget Positive
		Original Final			Amounts	(Negative)	
Expenditures (continued)							
Public safety:							
Fire	\$	126,300	\$	126,300	\$	107,353	\$ 18,947
Constable #1		52,595		52,595		47,189	5,406
Constable #2		63,813		63,813		45,735	18,078
Constable #3		43,276		43,276		31,598	11,678
Constable #4		33,256		33,256		26,725	6,531
Sheriff		1,593,133		1,714,373		1,467,746	246,627
Jail		2,103,757		2,002,798		1,831,949	170,849
Juvenile correction/probation		98,847		98,847		93,207	5,640
911 addressing coordinator		33,867		33,867		18,988	14,879
Emergency coordinator		79,152		83,984		68,508	15,476
Public safety		47,143		47,657		47,119	538
		4,275,139		4,300,766		3,786,117	 514,649
Health and welfare:							
Public assistance		31,600		31,600		17,299	14,301
Health resource center		356,460		381,560		356,092	25,468
Environmental enforement		64,066		109,110		81,223	27,887
Veteran services		10,082		10,082		8,427	1,655
County extension		120,207		120,207		103,881	16,326
		582,415		652,559		566,922	 85,637
Miscellaneous:							
Elections		142,298		142,836		123,721	19,115
Other expenditures		413,350		329,960		159,948	170,012
Non-departmental expenses		376,600		376,600		365,617	10,983
		932,248		849,396		649,286	 200,110
Capital outlay		314,430		362,286		145,829	 216,457
Total Expenditures	_	10,038,539		10,211,395	_	8,600,474	1,610,921
Excess of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		861,379		798,105		2,782,413	 1,984,308
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		30,200		60,087		101,772	41,685
Transfers (out)		(500,000)		(500,000)		-	500,000
Sale of capital assets		-		21,512		24,327	2,815
Capital lease proceeds		-		-		234,995	234,995
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(469,800)		(418,401)	_	361,094	 779,495
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	391,579	\$	379,704		3,143,507	\$ 2,763,803
Beginning fund balance						5,690,159	
Ending Fund Balance					\$	8,833,666	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Budgeted	l Amo			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
_		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues	¢	5 0 4 2 6 1 7	¢	4 900 442	¢	5 704 760	¢	0.62.22.6	
Property taxes	\$	5,243,617	\$	4,822,443	\$	5,784,769	\$	962,326	
Intergovernmental Permits and licenses		-		-		9,391 758 002		9,391 (9,098)	
Investment income		768,000 87,000		768,000 83,000		758,902 46,038		(36,962)	
Other revenue		134,000		145,090		40,038		(30,902) 52,543	
Total Revenues		6,232,617		5,818,533		6,796,733		978,200	
		0,202,017		0,010,000		0,770,700		<i>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</i>	
Expenditures									
Public Transportation:									
Road and bridge precinct No. 1		893,423		861,316		664,189		197,127	
Road and bridge precinct No. 2		1,103,385		1,103,385		991,495		111,890	
Road and bridge precinct No. 3		882,905		882,905		502,229		380,676	
Road and bridge precinct No. 4		741,155		644,375		485,646		158,729	
Road and bridge administration		1,586,117		1,586,117		420,634		1,165,483	
Farm to market precinct No. 1		316,000		316,000		312,966		3,034	
Farm to market precinct No. 2		351,000		351,000		298,979		52,021	
Farm to market precinct No. 3		464,000		464,000		336,222		127,778	
Farm to market precinct No. 4		514,000		514,000		416,243		97,757	
Capital outlay		518,000		1,083,864		1,033,049		50,815	
Total Expenditures		7,369,985		7,806,962		5,461,652		2,345,310	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,137,368)		(1,988,429)		1,335,081		3,323,510	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Time warrant proceeds		-		557,439		557,439		-	
Transfers in/(out)		500,000		-		-		-	
Sale of capital assets		-		54,448		57,217		2,769	
Total Other Financing									
Sources				54,448		614,656		2,769	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(1,137,368)	\$	(1,933,981)		1,949,737	\$	3,883,718	
Beginning fund balance						7,260,145			
Ending Fund Balance					\$	9,209,882			

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Measurement Year *						
Total Pension Liability		2014		2015		2016	2017
Service cost	\$	394,299	\$	430,776	\$	457,350	\$ 455,319
Interest (on the total pension liability)		937,638		1,006,535		1,044,693	1,130,985
Changes of benefit terms		-		(52,012)		-	-
Difference between expected and actual							
experience		(40,434)		(552,217)		(29,288)	(55,096)
Changes of assumptions		-		130,885		-	132,517
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions		(499,687)		(495,153)		(438,218)	(846,766)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		791,815		468,814		1,034,537	 816,959
Beginning total pension liability		11,627,431		12,419,246		12,888,060	 13,922,597
Ending Total Pension Liability	\$	12,419,246	\$	12,888,060	\$	13,922,597	\$ 14,739,556
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - employer	\$	329,729	\$	339,918	\$	334,151	\$ 285,002
Contributions - employee		276,091		284,622		296,084	299,553
Net investment income		771,144		83,433		878,680	1,890,269
Benefit payment, including refunds of		(100, 600)		(105,150)		(120, 210)	
employee contributions		(499,688)		(495,153)		(438,218)	(846,766)
Administrative expense		(8,831)		(8,556)		(9,574)	(9,705)
Other Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(46,075) 822,370		(177,068) 27,197		<u>16,077</u> 1,077,200	 (3,606) 1,614,747
Net Change in Fian Fluctury Net Fostion		822,370		27,197		1,077,200	1,014,747
Beginning plan fiduciary net position		11,052,272		11,874,642		11,901,839	 12,979,039
Ending Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	11,874,642	\$	11,901,839	\$	12,979,039	\$ 14,593,786
Net Pension Liability	\$	544,604	\$	986,221	\$	943,558	\$ 145,770
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		95.61%		92.35%		93.22%	99.01%
Covered Payroll	\$	3,944,162	\$	4,066,024	\$	4,229,776	\$ 4,279,330
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		13.81%		24.26%		22.31%	3.41%

*Only seven years of information are currently available. The County will build this schedule over the next three-year period.

Measurement Year*									
	2018		2019		2020				
\$	443,032	\$	434,454	\$	516,916				
	1,200,355		1,260,038		1,335,157				
	-		-		-				
	(99,175)		53,114		65,517				
	-		-		953,576				
	(741,211)		(858,687)		(948,410)				
	803,001		888,919		1,922,756				
	14,739,556		15,542,557		16,431,476				
\$	15,542,557	\$	16,431,476	\$	18,354,232				
\$	294,028	\$	326,456	\$	381,246				
	305,824		336,886		380,747				
	(273,458)		2,326,348		1,681,351				
	(741,211)		(858,687)		(948,410)				
	(11,377)		(12,405)		(12,993)				
	(2,747)		(4,420)		(3,903)				
	(428,941)		2,114,178		1,478,038				
	14,593,786		14,164,845		16,279,023				
\$	14,164,845	\$	16,279,023	\$	17,757,061				
\$	1,377,712	\$	152,453	\$	597,171				
	91.14%		99.07%		96.75%				
\$	4,368,909	\$	4,812,662	\$	5,439,239				
	31.53%		3.17%		10.98%				

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Fiscal Year*							
		2014		2015		2016	2017	
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	315,184	\$	335,942	\$	336,358	\$	299,031
determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	315,184	\$	335,942	\$	336,358	\$	299,031
• • •	÷		-				-	
Covered payroll	\$	3,795,853	\$	4,018,450	\$	4,191,799	\$	4,272,157
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		8.30%		8.36%		8.02%		7.00%

*Only eight years of information is currently available. The County will build this schedule over the next three-year period.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Changes of Assumptions

There were no assumptions changes during the year.

2. Changes in Benefits

There were no benefit changes during the year.

	Fiscal Year*									
	2018		2019		2020	2021				
\$	289,704	\$	313,424	\$	370,178	\$	383,698			
\$	289,704	\$	313,424	\$	370,178	\$	383,698			
Ψ		<u> </u>		ф —		Ψ				
\$	4,316,911	\$	4,628,468	\$	5,328,397	\$	5,787,254			
	6.71%		6.77%		6.95%		6.63%			

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SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Measurement Year *							
	2017		2018		2019		2020	
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$	10,087	\$	11,352	\$	8,135	\$	14,680
Interest (on the total OPEB liability)		11,525		11,175		11,932		10,271
Effect of economic/demographic experience		(6,944)		(9,808)		(2,988)		(3,010)
Change of assumptions		14,200		(32,087)		73,296		44,168
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions **		(10,270)		(10,048)		(12,513)		(13,598)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		18,598		(29,416)		77,862		52,511
Beginning total OPEB liability		299,890		318,488		289,072		366,934
Ending Total OPEB Liability	\$	318,488	\$	289,072	\$	366,934	\$	419,445
Covered Payroll	\$	4,279,330	\$	4,368,909	\$	4,812,662	\$	5,439,239
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		7.44%		6.62%		7.62%		7.71%

* Only four years of information is currently available. The County will build this schedule over the next six-year period.

** Due to the GTLF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75, benefit payments are

treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated on a calendar year basis as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

2. Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	2.12%
Mortality - service retirees	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Mortality - disabled retirees	130% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

3. Other Information:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

The discount rate was based on 20-Year Bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com as of the measurement date of December 31, 2020.

There were no benefit changes during the year.

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SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Measurement Year*							
	2018		2019		2020			2021
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$	108,041	\$	112,427	\$	112,427	\$	151,958
Interest (on the total OPEB liability)		67,542		68,500		78,613		51,618
Difference in expected and actual experience		-		-		(83,058)		-
Changes in assumptions		-		-		254,883		-
Benefit payments		(43,966)		(43,966)	_	(44,558)		(44,558)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		131,617		136,961	_	318,307		159,018
Beginning total OPEB liability		1,577,550		1,709,167	_	1,846,128		2,164,435
Ending Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,709,167	\$	1,846,128	\$	2,164,435	\$	2,323,453
Covered Payroll	\$	3,084,620	\$	3,084,620	\$	3,684,837	\$	3,684,837
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		55.41%		59.85%		58.74%		63.05%

*Only four years of information is currently available. The County will build this schedule over the next six-year period.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Changes of Assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

2. Changes in Benefits

There were no changes in benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

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COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

County Law Library Fund - This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures to maintain a County law library. Commissioners' Court has established a fee for each civil case filed in the County or District court.

Courthouse Security Fund - This fund is used to account for special fees collected by the District clerk, County clerk, and Justices of the Peace for the purpose of defraying expenses related to providing security in the County's court rooms.

Right of Way Acquisition Fund - This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for right of way acquisitions.

Record Management and Preservation District and County Fund - Fees collected by the District clerk and County clerk, as approved by the Texas Legislature, are accounted for in this fund. The requests to expend funds collected are addressed to Commissioners' Court.

Jail Commissary Fund - This fund is used to account for all revenues generated from commissary sales in the County's jails.

Attorney Fee Account Fund - This fund is used to account for all revenues generated from the prosecutor's hot check program.

Sheriff's Office Donation Equipment Fund - This fund is used to account for funds donated to the Sheriff's office for the purchase of equipment.

Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund - Funds collected from forfeitures in connection with gambling and drug seizures for the use of the County attorney or sheriff are deposited into this fund. Depending on the nature of funds obtained, these monies can be used for either department.

State Salary Supplement Fund - This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the salary supplement received from the State for the County Judge.

Sheriff's Office Awarded Restitution Fund - This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with awarded restitution.

Justice Court Technology Fund - This fund is used to account for fees collected by Justice Court and designated for technology expenditures.

LEOSE Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for the Law Enforcement Officer Standards and Education (LEOSE) fund.

Economic Development Fund - This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures associated economic development.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds (continued)

Election Services Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with contracted election services.

County and District Technology Fund - This fund and the associated fees assessed to certain offenders and case filings were approved by the Legislature and became effective in late 2009. Monies will be utilized, per statute, to improve the technology in County and District courts as administered by Commissioner's Court.

Vehicle Inventory Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with the vehicle inventory tax program.

County Attorney Pretrial Diversion Fund - This fund is used to account for special fees collected for the purpose of defraying expenses related to the pretrial intervention program.

County Specialty Court Fund - This fund is used to account for fees collected by the County and District courts which may only be used to fund specialty court programs established under Subtitle K, Title 2, of the Government Code.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (page 1 of 2)

September 30, 2021

		Special Revenue Funds											
		County w Library		ourthouse Security		Right of Way equisition	M Pr	Record Igmt. and eservation st. and Co.					
Assets	*					10.001	*						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	129,705	\$	44,533	\$	48,386	\$	347,995					
Receivables, net		-		-		-		-					
Due from other funds	<u>_</u>	152	<u>ф</u>	-	<u>ф</u>	-	<u></u>	-					
Total A	ssets \$	129,857	\$	44,533	\$	48,386	\$	347,995					
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts payable	\$	111	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-					
Total Liab	ilities	111		-		-		-					
<u>Fund Balances</u> Restricted: Grants Special projects Total Fund Bal a		129,746 129,746		44,533		48,386		347,995 347,995					
Total Liabilities and Fund Bala	ances \$	129,857	\$	44,533	\$	48,386	\$	347,995					

	Special Revenue Funds												
Jail Commissary			torney Account	Ľ	Sheriff's Office Donation quipment		Sheriff's orfeiture		te Salary oplement	Sheriff's Office Awarded Restitution			
\$	15,757 32	\$	436	\$	24,401	\$	45,507	\$	4,225 992	\$	22,147		
\$	15,789	\$	436	\$	24,401	\$	45,507	\$	5,217	\$	22,147		
\$	105	\$	-	\$	35	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
	105		-		35		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		_		-		
	15,684		436		24,366		45,507		5,217		22,147		
	15,684		436		24,366		45,507		5,217		22,147		
\$	15,789	\$	436	\$	24,401	\$	45,507	\$	5,217	\$	22,147		
										-			

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (page 2 of 2)

September 30, 2021

			Special Rev	venue 1	Funds		
	ice Court chnology	LEOSE			Economic velopment	Election Services	
<u>Assets</u> Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Due from other funds	\$ 3,262	\$	32,365	\$	163,480 6,809	\$	12,894
Total Assets	\$ 3,262	\$	32,365	\$	170,289	\$	12,894
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Total Liabilities	\$ - - -	\$	125	\$	- - -	\$	
<u>Fund Balances</u> Restricted: Grants Special projects	3,262		32,240		170,289		12,894
Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 3,262 3,262	\$	32,240 32,365	\$	170,289 170,289	\$	12,894 12,894

D	County and District Technology		Vehicle nventory	A	County Attorney Pretrial iversion	$S_{]}$	County pecialty Court	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$	9,742	\$	115,683 4,972	\$	26,800	\$	3,587	\$	1,050,905 12,805 152	
\$	9,742	\$	120,655	\$	26,800	\$	3,587	\$	1,063,862	
\$	- - -	\$	61,168 21,063 82,231	\$	99 - 99	\$	- - -	\$	61,643 21,063 82,706	
\$	9,742 9,742 9,742	\$	38,424 38,424 120,655	\$	26,701 26,701 26,800	\$	3,587 3,587 3,587 3,587	\$	32,240 948,916 981,156 1,063,862	

BURLESON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (page 1 of 2) For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds										
_	County Law Library	Courthouse Security	Right of Way Acquisition	Record Mgmt and Preservation Dist. and Co.							
<u>Revenues</u> Other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -							
Charges for services	ء 12,110	۰ - 18,333	\$ -	ء - 156,069							
Intergovernmental	12,110		-	150,009							
Investment income	1,057	265	401	2,697							
Miscellaneous		-	-								
Total Revenues	13,167	18,598	401	158,766							
<u>Expenditures</u> Current:											
General administration	2,107	-	-	269,924							
Judicial	-	2,111	-	-							
Public safety	-	-	-	-							
Miscellaneous											
Total Expenditures	2,107	2,111		269,924							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	11,060	16,487	401	(111,158)							
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers (out) Total Other Financing	(5,000)										
(Uses)	(5,000)										
Net Change in Fund Balances	6,060	16,487	401	(111,158)							
Beginning fund balances	123,686	28,046	47,985	459,153							
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 129,746	\$ 44,533	\$ 48,386	\$ 347,995							

	Special Revenue Funds												
Ja Comn	nil nissary		orney Account	(De	heriff's Office onation uipment		heriff's rfeiture		te Salary oplement	Sheriff's Office Awarded Restitution			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
	-		-		-		-		- 21,192		-		
	71		3		227		370		130		183		
	8,027		110		550		465		-		-		
	8,098		113		777		835		21,322		183		
	-		-		-		-		131		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		462		-		-		
	1,892		-		4,675		-		-		-		
	1,892		-		4,675		462		131		-		
	6,206		113		(2, 90.9)		373		21,191		183		
	0,200		115		(3,898)		575		21,191		165		
	-		-						(25,200)		-		
	_		-						(25,200)		-		
	6,206		113		(3,898)		373		(4,009)		183		
	9,478		323		28,264		45,134		9,226		21,964		
\$	15,684	\$	436	\$	24,366	\$	45,507	\$	5,217	\$	22,147		

BURLESON COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (page 2 of 2) For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Special Rev	venue Funds	
	Justice Court Technology	LEOSE	Economic Development	Election Services
Revenues				
Other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,814	\$ -
Charges for services	6,716	-	-	5,444
Intergovernmental	-	5,482	-	-
Investment income	11	255	1,257	72
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues	6,727	5,737	34,071	5,516
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Current: General administration			0 600	
Judicial	-	-	9,600	-
Public safety	6,588	1,604	-	-
Miscellaneous	0,500	1,004	-	386
Total Expenditures	6,588	1,604	9,600	386
i our Experiences	0,500	1,001	,,000	500
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	139	4,133	24,471	5,130
		,	,	- ,
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers (out)	-	-		
Total Other Financing				
(Uses)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	139	4,133	24,471	5,130
Beginning fund balances	3,123	28,107	145,818	7,764
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 3,262	\$ 32,240	\$ 170,289	\$ 12,894

_	Special Revenue Funds											
D	inty and listrict hnology	Vehicle Inventory		County Attorney Pretrial Diversion		County Specialty Court			Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	32,814			
	798		-		10,000		2,434		211,904			
	-		-		-		-		26,674			
	76		1,224		193		14		8,506			
	-		-		-		-		9,152			
	874		1,224		10,193		2,448		289,050			
	-		-		-		-		281,762			
	-		-		4,985		-		7,096			
	-		-		-		-		8,654			
	-		-		4.095		-		6,953			
					4,985				304,465			
	874		1,224		5,208		2,448		(15,415)			
					_		_		(30,200)			
							-		(30,200)			
	874		- 1,224		5,208		2,448		(45,615)			
	8,868		37,200		21,493		1,139		1,026,771			
\$	9,742	\$	38,424	\$	26,701	\$	3,587	\$	981,156			

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS

September 30, 2021

	oad and Bridge cinct No. 1	coad and Bridge cinct No. 2	coad and Bridge ccinct No. 3	Road and Bridge Precinct No. 4		
<u>Assets</u>	 					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 931,558	\$ 384,987	\$ 621,067	\$	478,735	
Receivables, net	524	658	-		876	
Due from other funds	-	-	-		-	
Due from fiduciary funds	-	-	-		-	
Total Assets	\$ 932,082	\$ 385,645	\$ 621,067	\$	479,611	
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts payable Unearned revenues Due to other funds	\$ 24,984	\$ 8,772	\$ 32,740	\$	39,897 -	
Total Liabilities	 24,984	 8,772	 32,740		39,897	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue - property taxes	 -	 -	 -		-	
Fund Balances						
Restricted	 907,098	 376,873	 588,327		439,714	
Total Fund Balances	 907,098	 376,873	 588,327		439,714	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 932,082	\$ 385,645	\$ 621,067	\$	479,611	

]	Road and Bridge Admin		Farm to Market ecinct No. 1		Farm to Market ecinct No. 2		Farm to Market ecinct No. 3	•	Farm to Market cinct No. 4	Interfund Activity Elimination		Total Road and ridge Funds
\$	4,304,254	\$	613,952	\$	794,848	\$	717,640	\$	487,662	\$ -	\$	9,334,703
	445,047		202,413		-		-		-	-		649,518
	5,642		2,821		-		-		-	-		8,463
	1,885		1,036		-		-		-	-		2,921
\$	4,756,828	\$	820,222	\$	794,848	\$	717,640	\$	487,662	\$ -	\$	9,995,605
\$	21,890	\$	4,978	\$	4,137	\$		\$	4,506	\$ -	\$	141,904
φ		φ		φ	4,137	φ	-	φ	4,500	φ -	φ	
	7,527 234		3,856		-		-		- 24,225	-		11,383
			8,834		4,137							24,459
	29,651		0,034		4,137				28,731		. <u> </u>	177,746
	405,563		202,414									607,977
	4,321,614		608,974		790,711		717,640		458,931			9,209,882
	4,321,614		608,974		790,711		717,640		458,931			9,209,882
\$	4,756,828	\$	820,222	\$	794,848	\$	717,640	\$	487,662	<u>\$</u>	\$	9,995,605

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS

	Road and Bridge Precinct No. 1	Road and Bridge Precinct No. 2	Road and Bridge Precinct No. 3	Road and Bridge Precinct No. 4
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	9,391	-	-
Permits and licenses	-	-	-	-
Investment income	5,964	2,783	3,699	2,589
Other revenue	7,550	12,865	50,370	12,059
Total Revenues	13,514	25,039	54,069	14,648
<u>Expenditures</u> Current:				
Public transportation	664,189	991,495	502,229	485,646
Capital outlay	393,231	172,239	123,279	344,300
Total Expenditures	1,057,420	1,163,734	625,508	829,946
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,043,906)	(1,138,695)	(571,439)	(815,298)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Time warrant proceeds	360,900	92,239	-	104,300
Transfers in	639,002	754,910	597,350	608,738
Transfers (out)	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	2,769	26,131	-	28,317
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,002,671	873,280	597,350	741,355
Net Change in Fund Balances	(41,235)	(265,415)	25,911	(73,943)
Beginning fund balances	948,333	642,288	562,416	513,657
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 907,098	\$ 376,873	\$ 588,327	\$ 439,714

Road and Bridge Admin	Farm to Market ecinct No. 1_	Farm to Market scinct No. 2_	Farm to Market cinct No. 3_	Farm to Market ccinct No. 4_	A	terfund ctivity nination	Total Road and idge Funds
\$ 3,801,552	\$ 487,415	\$ 575,827	\$ 455,644	\$ 464,331	\$	-	\$ 5,784,769
-	-	-	-	-		-	9,391
758,902	-	-	-	-		-	758,902
13,070	4,303	5,281	4,123	4,226		-	46,038
 114,789 4,688,313	 491,718	 581,108	 459,767	 468,557		-	 197,633 6,796,733
420 624	212.066	208 070	226 000	416 042			4 429 602
420,634	312,966	298,979	336,222	416,243		-	4,428,603 1,033,049
 420,634	 312,966	 298,979	 336,222	 416,243		-	 5,461,652
 4,267,679	 178,752	 282,129	 123,545	 52,314			 1,335,081
-	-	-	-	-		-	557,439
-	-	-	-	-		2,600,000)	-
(2,600,000)	-	-	-	-		2,600,000	-
 -	 -	 -	 -	 -		-	 57,217
 (2,600,000)	 	 	 	 	. <u> </u>		 614,656
1,667,679	178,752	282,129	123,545	52,314		-	1,949,737
 2,653,935	 430,222	 508,582	 594,095	 406,617			 7,260,145
\$ 4,321,614	\$ 608,974	\$ 790,711	\$ 717,640	\$ 458,931	\$		\$ 9,209,882

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended Sontember 30, 2021

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021	
---------------------------------------	--

	 Budgeted	l Amo	unts		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenue							
Property taxes	\$ 386,427	\$	386,427	\$	442,116	\$	55,689
Miscellaneous	-		-		354		354
Interest	 3,000		3,000		2,129	_	(871)
Total Revenues	389,427		389,427		444,599		55,172
Expenditures							
Current:							
Miscellaneous	400		400		350		50
Debt service:							
Principal	270,000		270,000		270,000		-
Interest and fiscal agent fees	100,623		100,623		100,623		-
Total Expenditures	 371,023		371,023		370,973		50
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 18,404	\$	18,404		73,626	\$	55,222
Beginning fund balance					94,304		
Ending Fund Balance				\$	167,930		

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MISCELLANEOUS GRANTS FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	0	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 786,138	\$ 675,468	\$ (110,670)
Investment income	1,500	2,345	3,990	1,645
Miscellaneous		(26,366)	60,943	87,309
Total Revenues	1,500	762,117	740,401	(21,716)
<u>Expenditures</u> Current:				
General administration	69,110	746,197	589,589	156,608
Capital outlay		64,122	64,122	
Total Expenditures	69,110	810,319	653,711	156,608
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(67,610)	(48,202)	86,690	134,892
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers (out)		(72,139)	(71,572)	567
Total Other Financing (Uses)		(72,139)	(71,572)	567
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (67,610)	\$ (120,341)	15,118	\$ 135,459
Beginning fund balance			101,717	
Ending Fund Balance			\$ 116,835	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY LAW LIBRARY FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Original		Final		Amounts		(N	egative)
Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	14,000	\$	14,000	\$	12,110	\$	(1,890)
Investment income		2,000		2,000		1,057		(943)
Total Revenues	_	16,000		16,000		13,167		(2,833)
Expenditures								
Current:								
General administration		19,000		19,000		2,107		16,893
Total Expenditures		19,000		19,000		2,107		16,893
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,000)		(3,000)		11,060		14,060
		(3,000)		(3,000)		11,000		11,000
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers (out)		(5,000)		(5,000)		(5,000)		-
Total Other Financing (Uses)		(5,000)		(5,000)		(5,000)		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(8,000)	\$	(8,000)		6,060	\$	14,060
Beginning fund balance						123,686		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	129,746		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COURTHOUSE SECURITY FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted	l Amou	ints		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 22,600	\$	22,600	\$	18,333	\$	(4,267)	
Investment income	 200		200		265		65	
Total Revenues	22,800		22,800		18,598		(4,202)	
Expenditures								
Current:								
Judicial	10,389		10,389		2,111		8,278	
Total Expenditures	 40,389		40,389		2,111		38,278	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (17,589)	\$	(17,589)		16,487	\$	34,076	
Beginning fund balance					28,046			
Ending Fund Balance				\$	44,533			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RIGHT OF WAY ACQUISITION FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

								iance with al Budget	
		Budgeted	Amou	ints	Α	ctual	Positive		
		Original		Final	Ar	nounts	(N	legative)	
<u>Revenues</u>									
Investment income	\$	650	\$	650	\$	401	\$	(249)	
Total Revenues		650		650		401		(249)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public safety	_	48,000		48,000		-	_	48,000	
Total Expenditures		48,000		48,000		-		48,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(47,350)	\$	(47,350)		401	\$	47,751	
Beginning fund balance						47,985			
Ending Fund Balance					\$	48,386			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RECORD MANAGEMENT AND PRESERVATION DISTRICT AND COUNTY FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	 Budgeted	l Amo			Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive	
Demonstra	 Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
<u>Revenues</u> Charges for services	\$ 196,000	\$	196,000	\$	156,069	\$	(39,931)	
Investment income	 11,700		11,700		2,697		(9,003)	
Total Revenues	 207,700		207,700		158,766		(48,934)	
<u>Expenditures</u> Current:								
General administration	398,358		398,358		269,924		128,434	
Capital outlay	 31,000		31,000		-		31,000	
Total Expenditures	429,358		429,358		269,924		159,434	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (221,658)	\$	(221,658)		(111,158)	\$	110,500	
Beginning fund balance					459,153			
Ending Fund Balance				\$	347,995			

BURLESON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SHERIFF'S OFFICE DONATION EQUIPMENT FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues									
Investment income	\$	450	\$	450	\$	227	\$	(223)	
Miscellaneous		-		-		550		550	
Total Revenues		450		450		777		327	
<u>Expenditures</u> Current:									
Miscellaneous		22,500		22,500		4,675		17,825	
Total Expenditures		22,500		22,500		4,675		17,825	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(22,050)	\$	(22,050)		(3,898)	\$	18,152	
Beginning fund balance						28,264			
Ending Fund Balance					\$	24,366			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SHERIFF'S FORFEITURE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				ctual nounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues								
Investment income	\$	700	\$	700	\$ 370	\$	(330)	
Miscellaneous		_		_	 465		465	
Total Revenues		700		700	 835		135	
<u>Expenditures</u> Current:								
Public safety		47,400		47,400	462		46,938	
Total Expenditures		47,400		47,400	 462		46,938	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(46,700)	\$	(46,700)	373	\$	47,073	
Beginning fund balance					 45,134			
Ending Fund Balance					\$ 45,507			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATE SALARY SUPPLEMENT FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues		0					`	
Intergovernmental	\$	26,700	\$	26,700	\$	21,192	\$	(5,508)
Investment income		250		250		130		(120)
Total Revenues		26,950		26,950		21,322		(5,628)
<u>Expenditures</u>								
Current:								
General administration		4,250		4,250		131		4,119
Total Expenditures		4,250		4,250		131		4,119
Excess of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		22,700	1	22,700		21,191		(1,509)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers (out)		(25,200)		(25,200)		(25,200)		
Total Other Financing (Uses)		(25,200)		(25,200)		(25,200)		
	<i>•</i>					(1.000)	¢	(1 = 0.0)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(2,500)	\$	(2,500)		(4,009)	\$	(1,509)
Beginning fund balance						9,226		
					¢	5 0 1 5		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	5,217		

BURLESON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SHERIFF'S OFFICE AWARDED RESTITUTION FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts	A	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	 Original	Final		A	mounts	(Negative)	
Revenues							
Investment income	\$ 300	\$	300	\$	183	\$	(117)
Total Revenues	300		300		183		(117)
Expenditures Current: General administration Total Expenditures	 16,000 16,000		16,000 16,000				16,000 16,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (15,700)	\$	(15,700)		183	\$	15,883
Beginning fund balance					21,964		
Ending Fund Balance				\$	22,147		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL JUSTICE COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues									
Charges for services	\$	12,500	\$	12,500	\$	6,716	\$	(5,784)	
Investment income		100		100		11		(89)	
Total Revenues		12,600		12,600		6,727		(5,873)	
<u>Expenditures</u> Current:									
Public safety		16,536		16,536		6,588		9,948	
Total Expenditures		16,536		16,536		6,588		9,948	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(3,936)	\$	(3,936)		139	\$	4,075	
Beginning fund balance						3,123			
Ending Fund Balance					\$	3,262			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

LEOSE GRANT FUND

	 Budgeted	l Amo			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	 Original	Final		Amounts		(Negative)		
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$ 5,785	\$	5,785	\$	5,482	\$	(303)	
Investment income	300		300		255		(45)	
Total Revenues	 6,085		6,085		5,737		(348)	
<u>Expenditures</u> Current:								
Public safety	 27,294		27,294		1,604		25,690	
Total Expenditures	 27,294		27,294		1,604		25,690	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (21,209)	\$	(21,209)		4,133	\$	25,342	
Beginning fund balance					28,107			
Ending Fund Balance				\$	32,240			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND

	Budgeted	l Amo	ınts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
)riginal	Final		Amounts		(Negative)		
Revenues	 						(eguer (e)	
Other taxes	\$ 45,000	\$	45,000	\$	32,814	\$	(12,186)	
Investment income	 2,000		2,000		1,257		(743)	
Total Revenues	 47,000		47,000		34,071		(12,929)	
<u>Expenditures</u>								
Current:								
General administration	103,000		103,000		9,600		93,400	
Miscellaneous	 20,000		20,000		-		20,000	
Total Expenditures	 123,000		123,000		9,600		113,400	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (76,000)	\$	(76,000)		24,471	\$	100,471	
Beginning fund balance					145,818			
Ending Fund Balance				\$	170,289			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

ELECTION SERVICES FUND

		Budgeted	Amou			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
_	0	riginal	Final		Amounts		(Negative)		
Revenues									
Charges for services	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	5,444	\$	(556)	
Investment income		50		50		72		22	
Total Revenues		6,050		6,050		5,516		(534)	
Expenditures Current: Miscellaneous		6,800		6,800		386		6,414	
Total Expenditures		6,800		6,800		386		6,414	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(750)	\$	(750)		5,130	\$	5,880	
Beginning fund balance						7,764			
Ending Fund Balance					\$	12,894			

BURLESON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY AND DISTRICT TECHNOLOGY FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	 Budgeted Original	l Amo	unts Final	ctual nounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues	 0119-11-1					-guer (e)	
Charges for services	\$ 800	\$	800	\$ 798	\$	(2)	
Investment income	 80		80	 76		(4)	
Total Revenues	 880		880	874		(6)	
<u>Expenditures</u> Current:							
General administration	8,000		8,000	-		8,000	
Total Expenditures	 8,000		8,000	 -		8,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (7,120)	\$	(7,120)	874	\$	7,994	
Beginning fund balance				 8,868			
Ending Fund Balance				\$ 9,742			

BURLESON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY ATTORNEY PRETRIAL DIVERSION FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	(Original	Final		Amounts		(Negative)		
Revenues									
Charges for services	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	-	
Investment income		100		1,000		193		(807)	
Total Revenues		10,100		11,000		10,193		(807)	
<u>Expenditures</u> Current:									
Judicial		18,564		18,564		4,985		13,579	
Total Expenditures		18,564		18,564		4,985		13,579	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(8,464)	\$	(7,564)		5,208	\$	12,772	
Beginning fund balance						21,493			
Ending Fund Balance					\$	26,701			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 1 FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Am	ounts	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	 Driginal		Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
<u>Revenues</u> Investment income	\$ 8,000	\$	8,000	\$ 5,964	\$	(2,036)
Other	 -		224	 7,550		7,326
Total Revenues	 8,000		8,224	 13,514		5,290
<u>Expenditures</u> Current:						
Public transportation	893,423		861,316	664,189		197,127
Capital outlay	 -		393,231	 393,231		-
Total Expenditures	 893,423		1,254,547	 1,057,420		197,127
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	 (885,423)		(1,246,323)	 (1,043,906)		202,417
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Time warrant proceeds	-		360,900	360,900		-
Transfers in	639,002		639,002	639,002		-
Sale of capital assets	 -			 2,769		2,769
Total Other Financing Sources	 639,002		999,902	 1,002,671		2,769
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (246,421)	\$	(246,421)	(41,235)	\$	205,186
Beginning fund balance				 948,333		
Ending Fund Balance				\$ 907,098		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 2 FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgotor	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues	Originar	<u> </u>	Amounts	(inegative)
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,391	\$ 9,391
Investment income	8,000	8,000	2,783	(5,217)
Other	-	-	12,865	12,865
Total Revenues	8,000	8,000	25,039	17,039
Expenditures				
Current:				
Public transportation	1,103,385	1,103,385	991,495	111,890
Capital outlay	80,000	198,370	172,239	26,131
Total Expenditures	1,183,385	1,301,755	1,163,734	138,021
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	$(1 \ 175 \ 205)$	(1, 202, 755)	(1, 120, (05))	155,060
Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(1,175,385)	(1,293,755)	(1,138,695)	155,000
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Time warrant proceeds	-	92,239	92,239	-
Transfers in	754,910	754,910	754,910	-
Sale of capital assets	-	26,131	26,131	-
Total Other Financing Sources	754,910	873,280	873,280	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (420,475)	\$ (420,475)	(265,415)	\$ 155,060
Beginning fund balance			642,288	
Ending Fund Balance			\$ 376,873	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 3 FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original	Final		Amounts			(Negative)	
Revenues									
Investment income	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	3,699	\$	(2,301)	
Other		-		-		50,370		50,370	
Total Revenues		6,000		6,000		54,069		48,069	
<u>Expenditures</u> Current:									
Public transportation		882,905		882,905		502,229		380,676	
Capital outlay		140,000		140,000		123,279		16,721	
Total Expenditures		1,022,905		1,022,905		625,508		397,397	
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures		(1,016,905)		(1,016,905)		(571,439)		445,466	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in		597,350		597,350		597,350		-	
Total Other Financing Sources		597,350		597,350		597,350		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(419,555)	\$	(419,555)		25,911	\$	445,466	
Beginning fund balance						562,416			
Ending Fund Balance					\$	588,327			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 4 FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	1	Amounts		Negative)
Revenues	8						8
Investment income	\$ 7,000	\$	7,000	\$	2,589	\$	(4,411)
Other	 -		10,866		12,059		1,193
Total Revenues	 7,000		17,866		14,648		(3,218)
<u>Expenditures</u> Current:							
Public transportation	741,155		644,375		485,646		158,729
Capital outlay	 112,000		352,263		344,300		7,963
Total Expenditures	 853,155		996,638		829,946		166,692
(Deficiency) of Revenues					(015 000)		1.60 474
(Under) Expenditures	(846,155)		(978,772)		(815,298)		163,474
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Time warrant proceeds	-		104,300		104,300		-
Transfers in	608,738		608,738		608,738		-
Sale of capital assets	-		28,317		28,317		-
Total Other Financing Sources	 608,738		741,355		741,355		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (237,417)	\$	(237,417)		(73,943)	\$	163,474
Beginning fund balance					513,657		
Ending Fund Balance				\$	439,714		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE ADMIN FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Am	ounts	Actual		ariance with `inal Budget Positive	
	Original		Final	 Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 3,444,756	\$	3,444,756	\$ 3,801,552	\$	356,796	
Permits and licenses	768,000		768,000	758,902		(9,098)	
Investment income	40,000		40,000	13,070		(26,930)	
Other	 134,000		134,000	 114,789		(19,211)	
Total Revenues	 4,386,756		4,386,756	4,688,313		301,557	
<u>Expenditures</u> Current:							
Public transportation	1,586,117		1,586,117	420,634		1,165,483	
Capital outlay	186,000		-	-		-	
Total Expenditures	 1,772,117		1,586,117	 420,634		1,165,483	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	2,614,639		2,800,639	4,267,679		1,467,040	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	500,000		500,000	-		(500,000)	
Transfers out	 (2,600,000)		(2,600,000)	 (2,600,000)		-	
Total Other Financing (Uses)	 (2,100,000)		(2,100,000)	 (2,600,000)		(500,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 514,639	\$	700,639	1,667,679	\$	967,040	
Beginning fund balance				 2,653,935			
Ending Fund Balance				\$ 4,321,614			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FARM TO MARKET PRECINCT NO. 1 For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

							Fin	iance with al Budget
		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts		Actual]	Positive
	(Original		Final	A	mounts	(N	legative)
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	442,101	\$	442,101	\$	487,415	\$	45,314
Investment income		4,000		4,000		4,303		303
Total Revenues		446,101		446,101		491,718		45,617
<u>Expenditures</u>								
Current:								
Public transportation		316,000		316,000		312,966		3,034
Total Expenditures		316,000		316,000		312,966		3,034
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	130,101	\$	130,101		178,752	\$	48,651
Beginning fund balance						430,222		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	608,974		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FARM TO MARKET PRECINCT NO. 2 For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

					A / 1	Fir	riance with al Budget
	 Budgetee	I Amo			Actual		Positive
	 Original		Final	A	mounts	1)	Negative)
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 522,295	\$	522,295	\$	575,827	\$	53,532
Investment income	5,000		5,000		5,281		281
Total Revenues	 527,295		527,295		581,108		53,813
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public transportation	351,000		351,000		298,979		52,021
Total Expenditures	 351,000		351,000		298,979		52,021
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 176,295	\$	176,295		282,129	\$	105,834
Beginning fund balance					508,582		
Ending Fund Balance				\$	790,711		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FARM TO MARKET PRECINCT NO. 3 For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

							Fir	riance with nal Budget
		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual]	Positive
	(Original		Final	A	Mounts	1)	Negative)
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	413,291	\$	413,291	\$	455,644	\$	42,353
Investment income		4,000		4,000		4,123		123
Total Revenues		417,291		417,291		459,767		42,476
<u>Expenditures</u>								
Current:								
Public transportation		464,000		464,000		336,222		127,778
Total Expenditures		464,000		464,000		336,222		127,778
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(46,709)	\$	(46,709)		123,545	\$	170,254
Beginning fund balance						594,095		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	717,640		

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FARM TO MARKET PRECINCT NO. 4 For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

			-			A / 3	Fir	riance with nal Budget
		Budgeted	I Amo	ounts		Actual	1	Positive
	(Original		Final	A	Mounts	1)	Negative)
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	421,174	\$	421,174	\$	464,331	\$	43,157
Investment income		5,000		5,000		4,226		(774)
Total Revenues		426,174		426,174		468,557		42,383
<u>Expenditures</u>								
Current:								
Public transportation		514,000		514,000		416,243		97,757
Total Expenditures		514,000		514,000		416,243		97,757
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(87,826)	\$	(87,826)		52,314	\$	140,140
Beginning fund balance						406,617		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	458,931		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

September 30, 2021

		Custodial Funds								
		Tax Assessor/ Collector		District Clerk		County Clerk			Jail Inmate	
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	928,458	\$	1,372,607	\$	55,134	\$	10,186	
Due from other units			479		-		-		-	
	Total Assets		928,937		1,372,607		55,134		10,186	
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to other units Due to County	Total Liabilities		735,330 193,607 928,937		<u> </u>		- -		-	
<u>Net Position</u> Restricted: For individuals, organizat other governments	ions, or				1,270,190		55,134		10,186	
other governments	Total Net Position	\$	-	\$	1,270,190	\$	55,134	\$	10,186	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

State of Texas Transfer Accounts		Custodial FundsCountyCountyAttorneySheriff			Sheriff Seizure	nclaimed Money	Total Fiduciary Funds		
\$	77,593	\$ 2,126	\$	199,087	\$ 33,466	\$ 27,087	\$	2,705,744 479	
	77,593	 2,126		199,087	 33,466	 27,087		2,706,223	
	61,490	-		-	-	-		796,820	
	3,942 65,432	 -		-	 -	 <u> </u>		299,966 1,096,786	

 12,161	 2,126	 199,087	 33,466	 27,087	 1,609,437
\$ 12,161	\$ 2,126	\$ 199,087	\$ 33,466	\$ 27,087	\$ 1,609,437

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Custodial Funds								
		Tax Assessor/ Collector		District Clerk		County Clerk		Jail Inmate		
Additions Other revenue Investment income	Total Additions	\$	-	\$	218,829 318 219,147	\$	13,712 276 13,988	\$	6,132	
<u>Deductions</u> Criminal departments Disbursement to State			-				-		3,256	
	Total Deductions		-				-		3,256	
	Change in Net Position		_		219,147		13,988		2,876	
Beginning net position	Ending Net Position	\$	-	\$	1,051,043 1,270,190	\$	41,146 55,134	\$	7,310 10,186	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Texa	State of Texas Transfer Accounts		County Attorney		County Sheriff		Sheriff Seizure		nclaimed Money	Total Fiduciary Funds
\$	-	\$	2,126	\$	17,459 107 17,566	\$	3,442	\$	6,123 174 6,297	\$ 267,823 875 268,698
	<u>3,795</u> 3,795		10,613		-		4,960		-	 18,829 3,795 22,624
	(3,795)		(8,487)		17,566		(1,518)		6,297	 246,074
\$	15,956 12,161	\$	10,613 2,126	\$	181,521 199,087	\$	34,984 33,466	\$	20,790 27,087	\$ 1,363,363 1,609,437

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