# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

 $\mathbf{of}$ 

# **BURLESON COUNTY, TEXAS**

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court of Burleson County, Texas:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Burleson County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of contributions, and schedule of funding progress, identified as Required Supplementary Information on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

BELT HARRIS PECHACEK, LLLP

Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP Certified Public Accountants Houston, Texas May 10, 2018

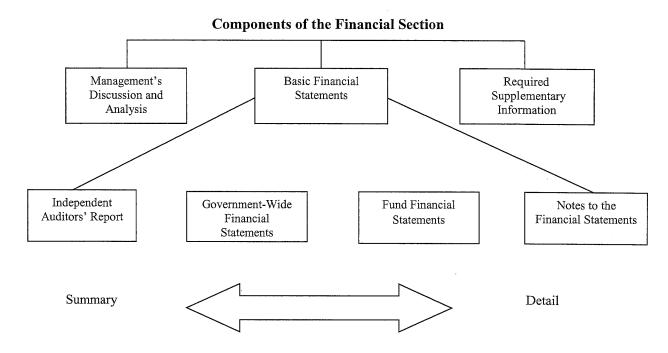
# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

The purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to give the readers an objective and easily readable analysis of the financial activities of Burleson County, Texas (the "County") for the year ending September 30, 2017. The analysis is based on currently known facts, decisions, or economic conditions. It presents short and long-term analysis of the County's activities, compares current year results with those of the prior year, and discusses the positive and negative aspects of that comparison. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### THE STRUCTURE OF OUR ANNUAL REPORT



The County's basic financial statements include (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) individual fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS**

The government-wide statements report information for the County as a whole. These statements include transactions and balances relating to all assets, including infrastructure capital assets. These statements are designed to provide information about cost of services, operating results, and financial position of the County as an economic entity. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the County's financial statements, report information on the County's activities that enable the reader to understand the financial condition of the County. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account even if cash has not yet changed hands.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as the County's property tax base and the condition of the County's infrastructure, need to be considered to assess the overall health of the County.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows, using the accrual method rather than modified accrual that is used in the fund level statements.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present the County's financials in one type of activity:

1. Governmental Activities – The County's basic services are reported here such as general administration, financial administration, public facilities, judicial, public safety, health and welfare, public transportation, and legal services. Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt are also reported here. Property tax, sales tax, charges for services, and intergovernmental revenue finance most of these activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found after the MD&A.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Funds may be considered as operating companies of the parent corporation, which is the County. They are usually segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal reporting requirements. The two categories of County funds are governmental and fiduciary.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term outflows and inflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains 23 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general, road and bridge, lateral road and bridge, and debt service funds, which are considered to be major funds for reporting purposes.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, road and bridge, lateral road and bridge, debt service, and certain special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The County maintains nine fiduciary funds. The County's fiduciary activities are reported separately in a statement of fiduciary net position.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are the last section of the basic financial statements.

#### **Other Information**

In addition to basic financial statements, this MD&A, and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information (RSI). The RSI includes budgetary comparison schedules for the general, road and bridge, and lateral road and bridge funds, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios and schedule of contributions for the Texas County and District Retirement System, and schedule of funding progress for other postemployment healthcare benefits. RSI can be found after the notes to the basic financial statements.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$16,609,556 as of September 30, 2017. This compares with \$16,617,220 for the prior fiscal year. A portion of the County's net position, 54%, reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure), less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### **Statement of Net Position**

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

	Governmental Activities					
		2017		2016		
Current and other assets	\$	10,277,780	\$	9,709,743		
Capital assets, net		13,348,622		13,958,337		
Total Assets		23,626,402		23,668,080		
Deferred outflows - pensions		931,488	NAME OF THE OWNER, OF THE OWNER, OF THE OWNER,	1,128,667		
Long-term liabilities		6,079,079		6,451,846		
Other liabilities		1,561,072		1,293,301		
Total Liabilities		7,640,151		7,745,147		
Deferred inflows - pensions		308,183		434,380		
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		8,958,021		9,162,813		
Restricted		6,030,582		5,555,837		
Unrestricted		1,620,953		1,898,570		
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$	16,609,556	\$	16,617,220		

A portion of the County's net position, \$6,030,582 or 36%, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The County's unrestricted net position, \$1,620,953 or 10%, may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors. The overall net position decreased by \$7,664 due to higher expenses than revenues.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### **Statement of Activities**

The following table provides a summary of the County's changes in net position:

	Governmental Activities					
		2017		2016		
Revenues						
Program revenues:				•		
Charges for services	\$	2,140,093	\$	2,030,187		
Operating grants and contributions		508,775		529,223		
General revenues:						
Property taxes		7,573,415		8,031,770		
Sales taxes		1,216,136		974,218		
Other taxes		44,310		32,979		
Interest income		64,099		31,250		
Other revenues		1,425,904		1,101,378		
Total Revenues		12,972,732		12,731,005		
Expenses						
General administration		1,335,949		1,365,148		
Judicial		1,111,519		1,091,264		
Legal		582,217		583,914		
Financial administration		544,384		572,997		
Public facilities		295,090		193,470		
Public safety		3,618,847		3,547,153		
Public transportation		4,059,378		3,969,814		
Health and welfare		113,630		111,285		
Miscellaneous		1,189,438		931,460		
Interest and fiscal agent fees		129,944		136,058		
Total Expenses		12,980,396		12,502,563		
Change in Net Position		(7,664)		228,442		
Beginning net position		16,617,220	***********	16,388,778		
<b>Ending Net Position</b>	\$	16,609,556	\$	16,617,220		

Total governmental revenues were comparable to the prior year, increasing \$241,727 or two percent. This increase is primarily due to an increase in other revenues of \$324,526 or 29%, as well as an increase in sales tax of \$241,918, or 25%. The increase in sales tax was due to more consumer spending. Other revenues increased primarily due to the road use contributions in the road and bridge fund. The increase in revenue was partly offset by the decrease in property taxes by \$458,355, or six percent, due to lower taxable values of property.

Governmental expenses increased from the prior year by \$477,833, or four percent. The increase is primarily due to increases in public transportation costs. Public transportation expenses increased as a result of costs related to repairs and maintenance of roads, including purchase of road material.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds — The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

The County's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$7,791,772. Of this, \$1,761,190 is unassigned and available for day-to-day operations of the County and \$5,844,761 is restricted for various purposes.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,761,190. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 24% of total general fund expenditures. The fund balance of the general fund reported a decrease of \$136,059, mainly due to lower property tax revenue and an increase in public facilities expenditures.

The road and bridge fund reported an increase of \$413,635 in fund balance primarily due to an increase in road use contributions. All of the road and bridge fund balance, \$3,462,627, is restricted.

The lateral road and bridge fund reported a restricted fund balance of \$1,197,638, which is an increase of \$192,632 in fund balance.

The debt service fund reported a decrease of \$180,030 in fund balance. The decrease is due to the effort of Commissioners' Court to spend down the excess debt service fund balance. The current debt service fund balance of \$171,438 is restricted to payments of principal and interest on debt.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The general fund's actual revenues were more than the final budget by \$487,503 during the year. This positive variance is largely the result of more sales tax and reimbursements from other governments than expected.

The general fund expenditures were less than the final budget by \$343,001 as a result of a County-wide effort to keep expenditures at or below budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

At the end of the year, the County's governmental activities had invested \$13,348,622 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation. This represents a net decrease of \$609,715.

Major capital asset events during the current year included the following:

- Caterpillar 926 wheel loader for road and bridge use \$155,300
- Road roller vehicle for road and bridge use \$92,014
- Freightliner truck for road and bridge use \$55,131

More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in note III.C. to the financial statements.

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the year, the County reported total certificates of obligation of \$3,530,000. The County also reported capital leases and time warrants issued for a total of \$288,937. The County has \$455,000 of refunding bonds outstanding.

More detailed information about the County's long-term liabilities is presented in note III.D. to the financial statements.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The economic condition is improving as seen in the increase in sales tax revenue. The County has continued the permanent road program to solidify the infrastructure of the County. The County has approved to increase the tax rate from \$0.5300 to \$0.5500 for the 2017/2018 fiscal year.

#### CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the County Auditor's Office, Burleson County, 100 W. Buck Street, Suite 407, Caldwell, Texas 77836.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

**September 30, 2017** 

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,236,143
Receivables, net	1,796,022
Due from other funds	22,115
Due from other units	223,500
Constant accordes	10,277,780
Capital assets:	207.011
Nondepreciable	307,911
Depreciable capital assets, net	13,040,711
	13,348,622
Total Assets	23,626,402
Deferred Outflows	021 400
Deferred outflows - pensions	931,488
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Accounts payable	950,895
Due to other funds	22,115
Due to other units	1,818
Accrued interest	9,201
Long-term debt due within one year	577,043
Hong term door due within one year	1,561,072
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Long-term debt due in more than one year	3,942,964
Compensated absences	14,379
Net pension liability	943,558
Net OPEB liability	1,178,178
•	6,079,079
Total Liabilities	7,640,151
Deferred Inflows	
Deferred inflows - pensions	308,183
r	
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	8,958,021
Restricted for:	
Road and bridge	3,462,627
Lateral road and bridge	1,197,638
Debt service	171,438
Grants	185,821
Special projects	1,013,058
Unrestricted	1,620,953
Total Net Position	\$ 16,609,556

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Program Revenues Operating				F	et (Expense) Revenue and nanges in Net Position		
		C	Charges for Grants and			Governmental			
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services		Contributions				Activities
Primary Government									
Governmental Activities									
General administration	\$ 1,298,379	\$	354,619	\$	186,605	\$	(757,155)		
Judicial	1,155,182		456,150		-		(699,032)		
Legal	582,217		1,128		_		(581,089)		
Financial administration	594,139		356,355		-		(237,784)		
Public facilities	554,018		-		_		(554,018)		
Public safety	3,846,298		23,275		-		(3,823,023)		
Public transportation	3,515,121		702,852		322,170		(2,490,099)		
Health and welfare	115,660		-		-		(115,660)		
Miscellaneous	1,189,438		245,714		-		(943,724)		
Interest and fiscal agent fees	 129,944		_		-		(129,944)		
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	12,980,396		2,140,093		508,775		(10,331,528)		
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$ 12,980,396	\$	2,140,093	\$	508,775		(10,331,528)		
		Ger	neral Revenue	s:					
		P	roperty taxes				7,573,415		
		S	ales taxes				1,216,136		
		C	ther taxes				44,310		
		Ir	nterest income				64,099		
		C	ther revenues				1,425,904		
			Total	Gener	ral Revenues		10,323,864		
			Cha	nge in	Net Position		(7,664)		
		В	eginning net p	osition			16,617,220		
			E	nding	Net Position	\$	16,609,556		

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

**September 30, 2017** 

	General	Road and Bridge	]	Lateral Road and Bridge	De	bt Service
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,846,923	\$ 3,669,026	\$	1,237,248	\$	171,437
Receivables, net	734,066	318,329		135,219		25,020
Due from other funds	12,276	6,031		3,016		792
Due from other units	218,392	1,909		448		117
Total Assets	\$ 2,811,657	\$ 3,995,295	\$	1,375,931	\$	197,366
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 544,461	\$ 249,254	\$	43,074	\$	908
Due to other funds	-	-		-		-
Due to other units	1,798	 20				_
Total Liabilities	 546,259	249,274		43,074		908
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	504,208	283,394		135,219		25,020
Fund Balances						
Restricted:						
Road and bridge	_	3,462,627		_		-
Lateral road and bridge	-	<u>-</u>		1,197,638		-
Debt service	-	-		-		171,438
Grants	-	-		_		´ -
Special projects	-	-		_		-
Unassigned:						
General	1,761,190	-		_		_
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	 1,761,190	3,462,627		1,197,638		171,438
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 2,811,657	\$ 3,995,295	\$	1,375,931	\$	197,366

			Total				
]	Nonmajor	G	overnmental				
Go	vernmental	Funds					
\$	1,311,509	\$	8,236,143				
	20,049		1,232,683				
	-		22,115				
	2,634		223,500				
\$	1,334,192	\$	9,714,441				
\$	113,198	\$	950,895				
	22,115		22,115				
	-		1,818				
	135,313		974,828				
			047 941				
	_		947,841				
	-		3,462,627				
	-		1,197,638				
	=		171,438				
	185,821		185,821				
	1,013,058		1,013,058				
	_		1,761,190				
	1,198,879		7,791,772				
\$	1,334,192	\$	9,714,441				

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

**September 30, 2017** 

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 7,791,772
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Ne different because:	t Position are	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financia	al	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Nondepreciable capital assets	307,911	
Depreciable capital assets	20,996,288	
Accumulated depreciation	(7,955,577)	
		13,348,622
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period exp	penditures	
and, therefore, are deferred or accrued in the governmental funds.		
Receivables - fines	563,339	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	947,841	
		1,511,180
Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to the net pension lia	hility	
are not reported in the governmental funds.	onty	
Deferred outflows - pensions	931,488	
Deferred inflows - pensions	(308,183)	
politica inito iio politicia		623,305
		025,505
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and paya	ble	
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(115 (25)	
Long-term debt due within one year	(447,637)	
Long-term debt due in more than one year	(3,942,964)	
Accrued interest payable	(9,201)	
Compensated absences Net pension liability	(143,785) (943,558)	
Net OPEB obligation	(1,178,178)	
Net OPED obligation	(1,1/8,1/8)	(6 665 222)
		 (6,665,323)
1	Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 16,609,556
_		 ,,

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	General		Road and Bridge	Lateral Road and Bridge	De	ebt Service
Revenues	 ****	•	<u> </u>			
Property taxes	\$ 4,083,780	\$	2,100,065	\$ 1,079,523	\$	189,451
Sales taxes	1,216,136		-	-		_
Other taxes	6,295		_	-		_
Intergovernmental	53,327		322,170	-		-
Charges for services	784,759		_	_		_
Fines and forfeitures	456,150		<u>-</u>	-		_
Interest	20,749		27,822	6,332		1,354
Permits and licenses	-		702,852	- -		-
Miscellaneous	411,363		877,428	-		-
<b>Total Revenues</b>	7,032,559		4,030,337	1,085,855		190,805
Expenditures				 		
Current:						
General administration	869,097		-	-		_
Judicial	1,087,866		-	-		-
Legal	581,416		-	-		-
Financial administration	533,318		-	-		-
Public facilities	232,826		_	-		-
Public safety	3,184,308		-	-		-
Public transportation	-		2,611,005	893,223		-
Health and welfare	109,156		-	-		-
Miscellaneous	667,461		397,032	_		_
Debt service:						
Principal	-		245,085	-		245,000
Interest and fiscal agent fees	-		10,257	-		125,835
Capital outlay	 31,874		385,026	 -		
Total Expenditures	 7,297,322		3,648,405	893,223		370,835
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(264,763)		381,932	192,632		(180,030)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	133,494		56,022	_		_
Transfers (out)	(6,246)		(122,227)	_		_
Sale of capital assets	1,456		6,608	_		_
Capital leases	_		91,300	_		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	128,704		31,703	-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(136,059)		413,635	 192,632		(180,030)
Beginning fund balances	 1,897,249		3,048,992	 1,005,006	· · · · · ·	351,468
<b>Ending Fund Balances</b>	\$ 1,761,190	\$	3,462,627	\$ 1,197,638	\$	171,438

	Total
Nonmajor	Governmental
Governmental	Funds
\$ -	\$ 7,452,819
-	1,216,136
38,015	44,310
133,278	508,775
245,714	1,030,473
-	456,150
7,842	64,099
-	702,852
129,049	1,417,840
553,898	12,893,454
248,537	1,117,634
2,678	1,090,544
_	581,416
_	533,318
-	232,826
102,052	3,286,360
-	3,504,228
=	109,156
23,791	1,088,284
-	490,085
-	136,092
68,012	484,912
445,070	12,654,855
108,828	238,599
122,227	311,743
(183,270)	(311,743)
	8,064
-	91,300
(61,043)	99,364
47,785	337,963
1,151,094	7,453,809
\$ 1,198,879	\$ 7,791,772

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 337,963
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay	506,471
Depreciation expense	(1,015,405)
Disposal of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	(100,781)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Changes in unavailable revenue - fines and fees	(49,382)
Changes in unavailable revenue - property taxes	120,596
Net pension liability and deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to	
the net pension liability are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Net pension liability	42,663
Deferred outflows - pensions	(197,179)
Deferred inflows - pensions	126,197
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Issuance of long-term debt	(91,300)
Changes in premium on bonds	6,861
Principal payments	490,085
Changes in accrued interest expense	(713)
Changes in compensated absences	(37,648)
Changes in OPEB obligation	(146,092)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (7,664)

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

September 30, 2017

		Total Fiduciary Funds	
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	1,706,856
Due from other units			1,968
	<b>Total Assets</b>	\$	1,708,824
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Due to other units		\$	1,708,824
	<b>Total Liabilities</b>	\$	1,708,824

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

Burleson County, Texas (the "County") is an independent government entity created by an act of the Texas Legislature. The County is governed by a Commissioners' Court, composed of four County Commissioners and the County Judge, all of whom are elected officials.

The County's financial statements include the accounts of all County operations. The County provides a vast array of services including financial administration, judicial, health and welfare, public facilities and transportation, general administration, public safety, and legal.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the County's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the County is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the County's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body, it is legally separate, and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally, prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and considerations pertaining to organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

#### **B.** Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. The County has no business-type activities.

#### C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the various other functions of the County. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The County reports the following governmental funds:

The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, sales tax, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Expenditures include general administration, financial administration, public facilities, judicial, public safety, health and welfare, and legal. The general fund is always considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The debt service fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. The debt service fund did not meet the technical criteria to be presented as a major fund; however, due to its significance, the County has elected to present it as major.

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The following special revenue funds are reported as major funds for reporting purposes:

Road and bridge fund and lateral road and bridge fund – These funds are used to account for revenues of property taxes levied and vehicle registration fees. Uses of funds are restricted for the maintenance of roads, bridges, and the operations of related facilities. All precinct operations, as well as permanent road monies, are accounted for in these funds.

The remaining special revenue funds are considered nonmajor funds for reporting purposes.

The capital projects fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for and report resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. These funds are used to account for assets that the County holds for others in an agency capacity.

During the course of operations, the County has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

#### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

#### 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, balances in a statewide investment pool (Texas CLASS), and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### 2. Investments

Investments, except for certain investment pools, commercial paper, money market funds, and investment contracts, are reported at fair value. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost. Money market funds, which are short-term highly liquid debt instruments that may include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and commercial paper that have a remaining maturity of one year or less upon acquisition, are reported at amortized cost. Investments in nonparticipating interest earning contracts, such as certificates of deposits, are reported at cost.

The County has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. In summary, the County is authorized to invest in the following:

Direct obligations of the U.S. Government or U.S. Government agencies Fully collateralized certificates of deposit Money market mutual funds that meet certain criteria Bankers' acceptances Statewide investment pools

#### 3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, infrastructure has been capitalized retroactively. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest costs incurred in connection with construction of enterprise fund capital assets are capitalized when the effects of capitalization materially impact the financial statements. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years:

	Estimated
Asset Description	Useful Life
Buildings and improvements	20 to 40 years
Infrastructure	15 to 30 years
Equipment	3 to 30 years

#### 4. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has three items that qualify for reporting in this category on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Deferred outflows of resources are recognized for the difference between the projected and actual investment earnings on the pension plan assets. This amount is deferred and amortized over a period of five years. Deferred charges have been recognized as a result of the changes in actuarial assumptions related to the County's defined benefit pension plan. This amount is deferred and amortized over the average of the expected service lives of pension plan members. Deferred charges have been recognized for employer pension plan contributions that were made subsequent to the measurement date through the end of the County's fiscal year. This amount is deferred and recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability during the measurement period in which the contributions were made.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Deferred inflows of resources have been recognized as a result of differences between the actuarial expectations and the actual economic experience related to the County's defined benefit pension plan. This amount is deferred and amortized over the average of the expected service lives of pension plan members. At the fund level, the County has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

#### 5. Compensated Employee Absences

The County provides its employees with vacation and sick leave. Sick leave may be accumulated from year to year up to 16 weeks. Vacation is to be used prior to year end but may be carried over up to the limitations outlined by County policy. Exceptions to the maximum accruals can only be approved by the Commissioners' Court upon request of the employee's supervisor. Upon termination, any accumulated vacation time will be paid; however, no accumulated sick leave will be paid. The estimated amount of compensation for services provided that is expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it when

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

it matures or becomes due. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

#### 6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

The property tax rate is allocated each year between the general, road and bridge, lateral road and bridge, and debt service funds. The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by the tax along with interest earned in the debt service fund.

Assets acquired under the terms of capital leases are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, capital lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources and as capital outlay expenditures in the applicable fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the general fund upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

#### 7. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

#### 8. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### 9. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balances of governmental funds are reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The County itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact are classified as nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions are classified as restricted.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority. The Commissioners' Court is the highest level of decision-making authority for the County that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Commissioners' Court may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

The County strives to maintain unrestricted fund balance at a level adequate to provide for unanticipated expenditures of a nonrecurring nature and to meet unexpected increases in service delivery costs. The target level for the general fund unrestricted fund balance is at least 20% of budgeted fund expenditures. The road and bridge funds have target levels of 18 to 25% of budgeted fund expenditures, but will be subject to a 50% unrestricted fund balance ceiling.

#### 10. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 11. Pensions

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

#### 1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### 2. Property Taxes

Property taxes are recorded as revenue when levied for the current year and due, payable, and collected in the current year. Uncollected amounts at year end are reported as a deferred inflow of resources. Delinquent property taxes collected within 60 days subsequent to year end were not considered material.

The property tax calendar dates are:

Levy date and due date – October 1 Collection dates – October 1 through January 31 Lien date – February 1

The County bills and collects its own taxes and those for certain government entities within the County. Collections of the property taxes and subsequent remittances to the proper entities are accounted for in the tax assessor's agency fund. Tax collections deposited for the County are distributed on a periodic basis to the general, road and bridge, lateral road and bridge, and debt service funds of the County. This distribution is based upon the tax rate established for each fund by order of the Commissioners' Court for the tax year for which the collections are made.

The appraisal of property within the County is the responsibility of the County-wide appraisal district, which is required under the Property Tax Code to assess all property within the appraisal district on the basis of 100% of its appraised value, and is prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. The appraisal district must review the value of the property within the County every three years unless the County, at its own expense, requires more frequent reviews. The County may challenge the appraised values through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under this legislation, the County sets tax rates on County property.

#### II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except the capital projects fund, which adopts project construction budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund. Any transfers of appropriations are first approved by the Commissioners' Court. The legal level of control is the department level in the general fund and road and bridge fund and the fund level for all other funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2017, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type	Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Texas CLASS	\$ 1,833,811	0.00
Total	\$ 1,833,811	
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.00

*Interest rate risk.* In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to five years or less.

Credit risk. State law and the County's investment policy limits investments to obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than "A" or its equivalent. Further, commercial paper must be rated not less than "A-1" or "P-1" or an equivalent rating by at least two nationally recognized credit rating agencies. As of September 30, 2017, the County's investments in Texas CLASS were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's investment policy requires funds on deposit at the depository bank to be collateralized by securities and FDIC insurance. As of September 30, 2017, market values of pledged securities and FDIC insurance exceeded bank balances.

#### **Texas CLASS**

The Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Trust – Texas (CLASS) is a public funds investment pool under Section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, as amended. CLASS is created under an amended and restated trust agreement, dated as of December 14, 2011 (the "Agreement"), among certain Texas governmental entities investing in CLASS (the "Participants"), with Cutwater Investor Services Corporation as program administrator and Wells Fargo Bank Texas, NA as custodian. CLASS is not SEC registered and is not subject to regulation by the State of Texas. Under the Agreement, however, CLASS is administered and supervised by a seven-member board of trustees (the "Board"), whose members are investment officers of the Participants, elected by the Participants for overlapping two-year terms. In the Agreement and by resolution of the Board, CLASS has contracted with Cutwater Investors Service Corporation to provide for the investment and management of the public funds of CLASS. Separate financial statements for CLASS may be obtained from CLASS' website at www.texasclass.com.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### B. Receivables

The following comprise receivable balances at year end:

	Lateral										
			J	Road and	F	Road and		Debt			
	(	General		Bridge		Bridge		Service	N	onmajor	Total
Receivables	\$	744,356	\$	324,113	\$	137,979	\$	25,531	\$	20,049	\$ 1,252,028
Less: allowance for uncollectible		(10,290)		(5,784)		(2,760)		(511)			(19,345)
	\$	734,066	\$	318,329	\$	135,219	\$	25,020	\$	20,049	\$ 1,232,683

#### C. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2017 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases / Reclassifications		Ending Balance		
Governmental Activities			<del> </del>		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 307,911	\$	-	\$	-	\$	307,911
Total capital assets not							
being depreciated	307,911		-		-		307,911
Other capital assets:	 						
Buildings and improvements	11,906,791		14,277		(144,148)		11,776,920
Infrastructure	53,009		-		-		53,009
Equipment	8,723,528		492,194		(49,363)		9,166,359
Total other capital assets	 20,683,328		506,471		(193,511)		20,996,288
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements	(1,856,056)		(329,640)		34,685		(2,151,011)
Infrastructure	(16,261)		(1,601)		-		(17,862)
Equipment	(5,160,585)		(684,164)		58,045		(5,786,704)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,032,902)		(1,015,405)		92,730		(7,955,577)
Other capital assets, net	 13,650,426		(508,934)		(100,781)		13,040,711
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 13,958,337	\$	(508,934)	\$	(100,781)		13,348,622
				Less	associated debt		(4,390,601)
			Net Investm	ent in	Capital Assets	\$	8,958,021

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General administration	\$ 55,847
Judicial	18,277
Financial administration	6,092
Public facilities	61,940
Public safety	320,868
Public transportation	548,319
Health/welfare	4,062
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,015,405

#### D. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the County's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2017. These issues are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County.

	]	Beginning Balance		Additions	(Re	eductions)	Ending Balance			e Within 1e Year
Governmental Activities:								-	***************************************	
Refunding bonds series 2014	\$	540,000	\$	-	\$	(85,000)	\$ 455,000	* 9	\$	90,000
Certificates of obligation 2014		3,690,000		-		(160,000)	3,530,000	*		160,000
Premiums		123,525		-		(6,861)	116,664	*		-
Capitalized lease obligations		442,722		91,300		(245,085)	288,937	*		197,637
OPEB obligation		1,032,086		146,092		-	1,178,178			-
Net pension liability		986,221		_		(42,663)	943,558			_
Compensated absences		106,137		152,434		(114,786)	 143,785			129,406
Total Governmental Activities	\$	6,920,691	\$	389,826	\$	(654,395)	\$ 6,656,122	= =	\$	577,043
		Long	g-ter	m debt due in r	nore th	an one year	\$ 6,079,079	=		
*I	Debt a	nssociated with	ı gov	ernmental acti	vities c	apital assets	\$ 4,390,601			

Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. The governmental activities compensated absences and net OPEB and net pension liability obligations are generally liquidated by the general fund. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Long-term debt of the County as of September 30, 2017 was comprised of the following:

	Interest Rate	Original Amount	Balance
Certificates of Obligation		 	 
2014 Certificates of Obligation	3.00-3.50%	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 3,530,000
<b>Total Certificates of Obligation</b>			\$ 3,530,000
General Obligation of Refunding Bonds			
General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2014	0.50-2.25%	\$ 710,000	\$ 455,000
<b>Total General Obligation of Refunding Bonds</b>			\$ 455,000
Capital Leases			
2017 CAT 926M	3.50%	\$ 91,300	\$ 91,300
2016 Motor Grader	2.75%	\$ 212,300	106,150
12M3 Caterpiller Motor Grader	2.60%	\$ 152,850	91,487
Total Capital Leases			\$ 288,937

A summary of the County's debt service requirements, including interest, is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities							
Ending	General Certificates of Obligation 2014							
September 30	Principal		Interest		Total			
2018	\$ 160,000	\$	111,500	\$	271,500			
2019	165,000		106,700		271,700			
2020	170,000		101,750		271,750			
2021	175,000		96,650		271,650			
2022	180,000		91,400		271,400			
2023-2027	1,000,000		371,500		1,371,500			
2028-2032	1,160,000		210,000		1,370,000			
2033-2034	 520,000		27,475		547,475			
Total	\$ 3,530,000	\$	1,116,975	\$	4,646,975			

Fiscal Year		Governmental Activities								
Ending	Refunding Bonds Series 2014									
September 30		Principal	1	nterest		Total				
2018	\$	90,000	\$	8,293	\$	98,293				
2019		90,000		7,078		97,078				
2020		90,000		5,638		95,638				
2021		95,000		3,973		98,973				
2022		90,000		2,025		92,025				
Total	\$	455,000	\$	27,007	\$	482,007				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

A summary of the County's capital leases requirements, including interest, is as follows:

Fiscal Year		Governmental Activities							
Ending		Capital Leases							
September 30	I	Principal Interest				Total			
2018	\$	197,637	\$	5,298	\$	202,935			
2019		91,300		5,326		96,626			
Total	\$	288,937	\$	10,624	\$	299,561			

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Go	vernmental
		Activities
Equipment	\$	615,450
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(86,543)
	\$	528,907

#### Federal Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed, or are not performed correctly, a substantial liability to the County could result. The County periodically engages an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with the rules and regulations of the IRS.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### E. Interfund Transactions

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2017 is as follows:

	D	ue From	Due To		
General fund	\$	12,276	\$	-	
Road and bridge fund		6,031		-	
Lateral road and bridge fund		3,016		-	
Debt service fund		792		-	
Other governmental funds				22,115	
	\$	22,115	\$	22,115	

Amounts recorded as due to/from are considered to be temporary loans and will be repaid during the following year.

Transfers between the primary government funds during the year were as follows:

	T	ransfer In	Transfer Out		
General fund	\$	133,494	\$	6,246	
Road and bridge fund		56,022		122,227	
Other governmental funds	122,227			183,270	
	\$ 311,743		\$	311,743	

Transfers are used to move revenues from unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that must be accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as matching funds for various grant programs and governmental expenditures.

#### F. Grants

#### **Brazos Valley Council of Governments (BVCOG)**

#### Regional Solid Waste Grant

For fiscal year 2017, the County received funding from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality through the BVCOG for \$19,958 to support community clean-up efforts and tire disposals. Of this amount, \$5,944 represented the balance expended for fiscal year 2016 grant. For fiscal year 2017, expenditures totaled \$13,857 leaving the remaining balance of \$157 unexpended.

#### **Texas Indigent Defense Commission**

#### Indigent Defense Formula Grant

A grant was awarded to the County in the amount of \$28,123 in January 2017 and increased to \$34,009 in August 2017 from the Texas Indigent Defense Commission (TIDC) to assist the County in continued implementation of the provisions of the Indigent Defense Act and the improvement of the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

indigent criminal defense services in the County. As of the year end, \$21,092 had been received and expended in compliance with grant requirements with the remaining balance processed in January 2018. An additional \$6,889 was noted as expended from the remaining fiscal year 2016 funding received in October 2016. For fiscal year 2017, TIDC expenditures totaled \$27,981.

#### Department of Housing and Urban Development

#### Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT)

During May 2014, the County was awarded the County Transportation Fund Grant (CTIF) in the amount of \$429,658 requiring minimum County matching funds of \$107,414 (20% of project totals). Grant funds were offered statewide in an effort to assist counties suffering road and infrastructure damages due to oilfield related activities. As of fiscal year 2015, CTIF funds expended totaled \$298,908, including \$27,455 of additional grant funds received for matching forced labor and equipment funded from the County's road and bridge funds. During fiscal year 2016, net grant funds expended totaled \$115,531 of which \$111,687 was received less the County's matching portion. The remaining balance of the grant, \$19,063, was received and expended during fiscal year 2017.

#### Texas Department of Emergency Management (TDEM)

During June 2016, the County became eligible for federal funding under Disaster Relief 4272 for flooding. For fiscal year 2017, the County received \$322,170 in eligible disaster reimbursements from the Federal Emergency Management Agency through the TDEM.

#### Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)

During August 2017, the County became eligible for federal funding under Disaster Relief 4332 for Hurricane Harvey. As of the fiscal year 2017 year-end, the amounts of eligible expenses and reimbursement were yet to be determined by FEMA.

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance. In addition, the County participates along with 380 other entities in the Texas Association of Counties Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund. The Texas Association of Counties created this pool in 1974 to insure the County for workers' compensation related claims. The County also provides employee benefits, including medical and life insurance, which the County obtains through Scott and White for medical and other vendors for life. Coverages and workers' compensation and unemployment insurance are obtained from Texas Association of Counties (the "Pool"). This Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The County has no additional risk or responsibility to the Pool, outside of payment of insurance premiums. The County has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements that exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### **B.** Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency, and amount of payout and other economic and social factors. No claim liabilities are reported at year end.

#### C. Pension Plan

#### **Texas County and District Retirement System**

#### Plan Description

The Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) is a statewide, agent multiple-employer, public employee retirement system. TCDRS serves 735 actively participating counties and districts throughout Texas. Each employer maintains its own customized plan of benefits. Plan provisions are adopted by the Commissioners' Court of each employer, within the options available in the TCDRS Act. Because of that, the County has the flexibility and local control to select benefits and pay for those benefits based on its needs and budgets.

Each employer has a defined benefit plan that functions similarly to a cash balance plan. The assets of the plans are pooled for investment purposes, but each employer's plan assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that employer's plan. In accordance with Texas law, it is intended that the pension plan be construed and administered in a manner that the retirement system will be considered a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TCDRS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.tcdrs.org">www.tcdrs.org</a>.

All eligible employees (except temporary staff) of the County must be enrolled in TCDRS.

#### Benefits Provided

TCDRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. The benefit provisions are adopted by the Commissioners' Court within the options available in Texas statutes governing TCDRS. Members can retire at age 60 and above with eight or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in TCDRS to receive any County-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the County.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contribution to TCDRS, with interest, and County-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Commissioners' Court within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the County's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the County-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

The Commissioners' Court adopted the rate of seven percent as the contributed rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2017. The Commissioners' Court may change the employee contribution rate and the County contribution rate within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

#### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the December 31, 2016 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits		67
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits		116
Active employees		134
·	Total	317

#### Contributions

A combination of three elements funds each employer's plan: employee deposits, employer contributions, and investment income.

- The deposit rate for employees is 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of compensation, as adopted by the employer's governing body.
- Participating employers are required, by law, to contribute at actuarially determined rates, which are determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method.
- Investment income funds a large part of the benefits employees earn.

Employers have the option of paying more than the required contribution rate each year. Extra contributions can help employers "prefund" benefit increases, such as a cost-of-living adjustment to retirees, and they can be used to help offset or mitigate future increases in the required rate due to negative plan experience. There are two approaches for making extra contributions:

- (a) paying an elected contribution rate higher than the required rate and
- (b) making an extra lump-sum contribution to the employer account.

Employees for the County were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the County were 7.90% and 6.66% in calendar years 2016 and 2017, respectively. The County contributions to TCDRS for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 were \$299,031 and were equal to the required contributions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2016 and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions that determined the TPL as of December 31, 2016 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2012, except where required to be different by GASB 68.

Key assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation are as follows:

Valuation Timing Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December

31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in the which the

contributions are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level of percentage of payroll, closed

Asset Valuation Method

Smoothing period 5 years

Recognition method Non-asymptotic

Corridor None Inflation 3.0%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career, including

inflation

Investment Rate of Return 8.10%

Cost-of-Living Adjustments Cost-of-living adjustments for the County are not considered to be

substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, an assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the

funding valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return of TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

The target allocation and best estimate of geometric real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Tana	Geometric Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation	(Expected minus Inflation)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	13.50%	4.70%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture	15.5070	,070
	Capital Index	16.00%	7.70%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	1.50%	5.00%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net)	10.00%	4.70%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI World Ex USA (net)	7.00%	5.70%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	0.60%
High-Yield Bonds	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	3.00%	3.70%
Opportunistic Credit	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	2.00%	3.83%
Direct Lending	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	10.00%	8.15%
Distressed Debt	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	3.00%	6.70%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33%		
	FRSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Real Estate Index	2.00%	3.85%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLP)	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	5.60%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index	6.00%	7.20%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research. Inc. (HFRI) Fund of		
	Funds Composite Index	20.00%	3.85%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 8.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### Changes in the NPL

	Increase (Decrease)							
	T	otal Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)			ľ	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)	
Changes for the year:				·				
Service cost	\$	457,350	\$		-	\$	457,350	
Interest		1,044,693			-		1,044,693	
Difference between expected and actual experience		(29,288)			-		(29,288)	
Refund of contributions		(42,426)		(42	,426)		-	
Changes of assumptions		-			-		-	
Contributions - employer		-		334	,151		(334,151)	
Contributions - employee		-		296	,084		(296,084)	
Net investment income		-		878	,680		(878,680)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee								
contributions		(395,792)		(395	,792)		-	
Administrative expense		-		(9	,574)		9,574	
Other changes		-		16	,077		(16,077)	
Net Changes	•	1,034,537		1,077	,200		(42,663)	
Balance at December 31, 2015		12,888,060		11,901	,839_		986,221	
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$	13,922,597	\$	12,979	,039	\$	943,558	

#### Sensitivity of the NPL to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the NPL of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the County's NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.10%) or one percentage point higher (9.10%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease in			1%	Increase in
	Di	iscount Rate	Dis	count Rate	Di	scount Rate
		(7.10%)		(8.10%)		(9.10%)
County's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	2,650,677	\$	943,558	\$	(482,197)

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="https://www.tcdrs.org">www.tcdrs.org</a>.

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$327,349.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

At September 30, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		0	Deferred outflows of Resources	]	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience		\$	xesources	\$	(308,183)
Changes in actuarial assumptions		Ψ	65,443	Ψ	(500,105)
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings			659,426		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date			206,619		
1	otal	\$	931,488	\$	(308,183)

\$206,619 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the NPL for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ended	Pension
September 30	Expense
2018	\$ 99,826
2019	109,934
2020	188,276
2021	18,650
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 416,686

#### D. Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits

#### Plan Description

In addition to pension benefits described previously, the County provides other postemployment benefit (OPEB) options for health care, life insurance, and dental insurance (the "Plan") to eligible retirees, terminated employees, and their dependents. The benefits are provided in accordance with the County's policy manual and the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA).

The criteria to determine eligibility include:

- 1. The employee must meet the rule of 75 (the sum of age and years of service equals at least 75) to be eligible for retirement; and
- 2. The employee must make application for service retirement pension payments with the TCDRS, and be approved for pension payments from TCDRS, prior to retirement.

#### **Funding Policy**

The County funds the benefits on pay-as-you-go basis paying 25% or 50% of qualified retired employee premiums depending on the age attained at retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### Annual OPEB Cost

The County's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The annual OPEB cost and the net OPEB obligation (asset) are as follows:

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 180,263
Interest on net OPEB obligation	41,284
Adjustment to the ARC	(58,527)
Annual OPEB cost	163,020
Contributions made	(16,928)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	146,092
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	 1,032,086
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$ 1,178,178

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation estimate for fiscal year ending September 30, 2017 and the two preceding years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	_(	Annual OPEB Cost (ARC)	C	Actual ontribution Made	Percentage of ARC Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation		
2015	\$	116,593	\$	44,641	38.29%	\$ 892,746		
2016	\$	165,348	\$	26,008	15.73%	\$ 1,032,086		
2017	\$	163,020	\$	16,928	10.38%	\$ 1,178,178		

#### Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of October 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,554,570, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,554,570.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the ARC of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive Plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and the Plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following is a summary of the actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Health Care Cost Trend Rate Investment Rate of Return Projected unit credit Level percentage of payroll 30 years – open period Market value 8.00% 4.00%

#### E. Group Term Life Insurance

#### Plan Description

The County participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined-benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by TCDRS. This plan is referred to as the Group Term Life Fund (GTLF). This optional plan provides group term life insurance coverage to current eligible employers and, if elected by employers, to retired employees. The coverage provided to retired employees is a post-employment benefit other than pension benefits. Retired employees are insured for \$5,000.

The GTLF is a separate trust administered by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the GTLF. This report is available at <a href="https://www.tcdrs.org">www.tcdrs.org</a>. TCDRS' CAFR may also be obtained by writing to the Texas County and District Retirement System, P.O. Box 2034, Austin TX 78768-2031 or by calling 800-823-7782.

#### Funding Policy

Each participating employer contributes to the GTLF at a contractually required rate. An annual actuarial valuation is performed and the contractual rate is determined using the unit credit method for providing one-year term life insurance. The County contributions to the GTLF for the years ended 2015, 2016, and 2017 were \$25,393, \$25,496 and \$23,363 respectively, which equaled the contractually required contributions each year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Variance with

		Downdon aka d	1 4			A admiral	Fi	riance with nal Budget
		Budgeted	Amo			Actual		Positive
Dovonuo		Original		Final		Amounts		Negative)
Revenue Property taxes	\$	4,029,392	\$	4,029,392	\$	4,083,780	¢	£4.200
Sales taxes	Ф	1,000,000	φ	1,000,000	ф	1,216,136	\$	54,388
Other taxes		5,000		5,000		6,295		216,136 1,295
Intergovernmental		55,405		55,405		53,327		•
Charges for services		786,730		804,474		784,759		(2,078)
Fines and forfeitures		480,000		480,000		456,150		(19,715)
Interest		7,000		7,000		•		(23,850)
Miscellaneous		•				20,749		13,749
Total Revenues		134,450		163,785		411,363		247,578
Total Revenues		6,497,977		6,545,056		7,032,559	led*	487,503
Expenditures								
Current:		*						
General administration		909,967		921,648		869,097		52,551
Judicial		1,094,961		1,127,904		1,087,866		40,038
Legal		601,433		602,039		581,416		20,623
Financial administration		559,974		559,556		533,318		26,238
Public facilities		217,661		232,831		232,826		5
Public safety		3,247,135		3,293,302		3,184,308		108,994
Health and welfare		103,207		120,951		109,156		11,795
Miscellaneous		784,502		728,341		667,461		60,880
Capital outlay		60,000		53,751		31,874		21,877
Total Expenditures		7,578,840		7,640,323		7,297,322		343,001
			<del></del>					
(Deficiency) of Revenues								
(Under) Expenditures		(1,080,863)		(1,095,267)		(264,763)		830,504
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		95,200		123,181		133,494		10,313
Transfers (out)		-		(13,577)		(6,246)		7,331
Sale of capital assets		-		_		1,456		1,456
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>		95,200		109,604		128,704		19,100
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(985,663)	\$	(985,663)		(136,059)	\$	849,604
Beginning fund balance						1,897,249		
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>					\$	1,761,190		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

<sup>1.</sup> Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

								riance with nal Budget		
		Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Positive			
_		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)			
Revenues			_		_					
Property taxes	\$	2,093,424	\$	2,093,424	\$	2,100,065	\$	6,641		
Interest		7,380		7,380		27,822		20,442		
Permits and licenses		665,000		665,000		702,852		37,852		
Intergovernmental		-		322,170		322,170		-		
Miscellaneous		102,100		683,100		877,428		194,328		
Total Revenues		2,867,904		3,771,074		4,030,337		259,263		
Expenditures										
Current:										
Public transportation		2,808,533		3,512,026		2,611,005		901,021		
Miscellaneous		350,351		399,286		397,032		2,254		
Debt service:										
Principal		386,058		246,352		245,085		1,267		
Interest and fiscal agent fees		18,267		12,680		10,257		2,423		
Capital outlay		30,000		390,108		385,026		5,082		
Total Expenditures		3,593,209		4,560,452		3,648,405		912,047		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							•			
Over (Under) Expenditures		(725,305)		(789,378)		381,932		1,171,310		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in		_		_		56,022		56,022		
Transfers (out)		(95,000)		(122,227)		(122,227)		30,022		
Sale of capital assets		(55,000)		(122,227)		6,608		6,608		
Capital leases		_		91,300		91,300		0,008		
Total Other Financing	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		71,300	_	71,500				
Sources (Uses)		(95,000)		(30,927)		31,703		62,630		
, ,										
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(820,305)	\$	(820,305)		413,635	\$	1,233,940		
Beginning fund balance						3,048,992				
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>					\$	3,462,627				

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

<sup>1.</sup> Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LATERAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	 Budgeted	l Amo			Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	 Original		Final		Amounts	(1	Negative)
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 1,062,041	\$	1,062,041	\$	1,079,523	\$	17,482
Interest income	1,150		1,150	_	6,332		5,182
<b>Total Revenues</b>	 1,063,191		1,063,191		1,085,855		22,664
Expenditures Current:							
Public transportation	1,112,052		1,112,052		893,223		218,829
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	 1,112,052		1,112,052		893,223		218,829
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (48,861)	\$	(48,861)		192,632	\$	241,493
Beginning fund balance					1,005,006		
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>				\$	1,197,638		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

<sup>1.</sup> Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Measurement Year *					
Total Pension Liability		2016		2015		2014
Service cost	\$	457,350	\$	430,776	\$	394,299
Interest (on the total pension liability)		1,044,693		1,006,535		937,638
Changes of benefit terms		-		(52,012)		_
Difference between expected and actual						
experience		(29,288)		(552,217)		(40,434)
Changes of assumptions		_		130,885		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of				,		
employee contributions		(438,218)		(495,153)		(499,687)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		1,034,537		468,814		791,815
,		-,,		,		751,015
Beginning total pension liability		12,888,060		12,419,246		11,627,431
Ending Total Pension Liability	\$	13,922,597	\$	12,888,060	\$	12,419,246
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$	334,151	\$	339,918	\$	329,729
Contributions - employee		296,084		284,622		276,091
Net investment income		878,680		83,433		771,144
Benefit payment, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(438,218)		(495,153)		(499,688)
Administrative expense Other		(9,574)		(8,556)		(8,831)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		16,077 1,077,200		(177,068) 27,197		(46,075) 822,370
The change in Fran Fiducial y 1 ce I oblight		1,077,200		27,177		022,370
Beginning plan fiduciary net position		11,901,839		11,874,642		11,052,272
Ending Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	12,979,039	\$	11,901,839	\$	11,874,642
Net Pension Liability	\$	943,558	\$	986,221	\$	544,604
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		93.22%		92.35%		95.61%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	4,229,776	\$	4,066,024	\$	3,944,162
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		22.31%		24.26%		13.81%

<sup>\*</sup>Only three years of information is currently available. The County will build this schedule over the next seven-year period.

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

#### TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Fiscal Year\* 2017 2016 2015 2014 Actuarially determined contribution \$ 299,031 \$ 336,358 \$ 335,942 \$ 315,184 Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution 299,031 336,358 335,942 315,184 \$ \$ \$ Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ \$ \$ Covered employee payroll 4,272,157 4,191,799 4,018,450 \$ 3,795,853 Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll 7.00% 8.02% 8.36% 8.30%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

There were no benefit changes during the year.

<sup>\*</sup>Only four years of information is currently available. The County will build this schedule over the next six-year period.

# SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Actuarial Valuation Date	Valu Ass	Actuarial Accrued Actuarial Liability - Value of Projected Assets Unit Credit (a) (b)		Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)		Funded Ratio (a/b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]	
10/01/09	\$	-	\$	1,815,382	\$	1,815,382	0.00%	 N/A	N/A
10/01/12	\$	_	\$	1,220,436	\$	1,220,436	0.00%	\$ 3,082,373	39.59%
10/01/15	\$	_	\$	1,554,570	\$	1,554,570	0.00%	\$ 3,607,718	43.09%

# COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	 Budgeted	l Amoi	ınts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	 Original	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenue							
Property taxes	\$ 185,600	\$	185,600	\$	189,451	\$	3,851
Interest	865		865		1,354		489
<b>Total Revenues</b>	186,465		186,465		190,805		4,340
<b>Expenditures</b>	 						*
Current:							
Debt service:							
Principal	245,000		245,000		245,000		-
Interest and fiscal agent fees	127,885		127,885		125,835		2,050
Total Expenditures	372,885		372,885		370,835		2,050
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (186,420)	\$	(186,420)		(180,030)	\$	6,390
Beginning fund balance					351,468		
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>				\$	171,438		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (page 1 of 2)

September 30, 2017

	Special Revenue Funds							
		County w Library	Courthouse Security		Right of Way Acquisition		M Pr	Record [gmt. and eservation ist. & Co.
Assets						-		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	125,655	\$	13,474	\$	46,336	\$	479,647
Receivables, net		-		-		-		-
Due from other units		-		_		_		_
Total Assets	\$	125,655	\$	13,474	\$	46,336	\$	479,647
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	219	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,536
Due to other funds				_		_		_
Total Liabilities	M	219		_		_		15,536
Fund Balances								
Restricted:								
Grants		-		-		-		-
Special projects		125,436		13,474		46,336		464,111
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>		125,436		13,474	•	46,336	·	464,111
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>		125,655	\$	13,474	\$	46,336	\$	479,647

Jail Commissary			torney Account	Sheriff's Office Donation Equipment		Sheriff's Forfeiture		State Salary Supplement		Sheriff's Office Awarded Restitution	
\$	4,898	\$	575	\$	30,790	\$ 48,751	\$	36,344 5,000	\$	24,474	
\$	1,161 6,059	\$	575	\$	30,790	\$ 48,751	\$	41,344	\$	24,474	
\$	775	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
	775	Edition 1			· ·	 <u>-</u>				-	
	_		_		_	_		-			
	5,284		575	***************************************	30,790	48,751		41,344		24,474	
	5,284		575		30,790	 48,751		41,344		24,474	
\$	6,059	\$	575	\$	30,790	\$ 48,751	\$	41,344	\$	24,474	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (page 2 of 2)

September 30, 2017

				Special Rev	enue l	Funds	
A4-		tice Court	]	LEOSE	Mis	scellaneous Grants	Economic velopment
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Due from other units Total Assets	\$	13,815 - - 13,815	\$	23,869	\$	192,937 637 - 193,574	\$ 143,657 7,942
<u>Liabilities</u>	·	13,613	Φ	23,809	\$		151,599
Accounts payable  Due to other funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31,622	\$ -
Total Liabilities		_				31,622	 _
Fund Balances Restricted:							
Grants		-		23,869		161,952	_
Special projects	P-00-27-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00	13,815		_		_	 151,599
Total Fund Balances	ф	13,815	Φ.	23,869	Φ.	161,952	 151,599
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	13,815	\$	23,869	\$	193,574	\$ 151,599

	Election Services		County and District Technology		Vehicle Inventory		County Attorney Pretrial Diversion		Capital rojects	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds	
\$ .	942 - 1,473	\$	6,005 - -	\$	112,145 6,470	\$	7,195 - -	\$	- - -	\$ 1,311,509 20,049 2,634	
\$	2,415	\$	6,005	\$	118,615	\$	7,195	\$	-	\$ 1,334,192	
\$	616	\$	- - -	\$	63,932 22,115 86,047	\$	498	\$	- - -	\$ 113,198 22,115 135,313	
				\ <u></u>							
	<u>-</u>		_		_		-		-	185,821	
	1,799		6,005		32,568		6,697		-	1,013,058	
\$	1,799 2,415	\$	6,005	\$	32,568 118,615	\$	6,697 7,195	\$		\$ 1,198,879 1,334,192	

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (page 1 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Special Rev	enue Funds	
	County Law Library	Courthouse Security	Right of Way Acquisition	Record Mgmt and Preservation Dist. & Co.
Revenues				
Other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fees	13,125	21,172	-	187,143
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	_
Investment income	630	179	214	3,911
Miscellaneous	10 77 7		34,285	40,000
Total Revenues	13,755	21,351	34,499	231,054
Expenditures Current:				
General administration	1,195	-	-	161,767
Judicial	-	353	-	-
Public safety	_	-	95,400	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	5,000	-	42,566
Total Expenditures	1,195	5,353	95,400	204,333
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	12,560	15,998	(60,901)	26,721
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	•			
Transfers in	-	_	95,400	_
Transfers (out)	(10,000)	(35,000)	-	_
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	(10,000)	(35,000)	95,400	
<b>Net Change in Fund Balances</b>	2,560	(19,002)	34,499	26,721
Beginning fund balances	122,876	32,476	11,837	437,390
<b>Ending Fund Balances</b>	\$ 125,436	\$ 13,474	\$ 46,336	\$ 464,111

Jail Commissary		Attorney Fee Account		Sheriff's Office Donation Equipment			neriff's rfeiture		e Salary plement	Sheriff's Office Awarded Restitution		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	- 24		- 4		- 148		231		60,428 265		110	
	7,572		779		4,152		2,263		203		118	
	7,596		783		4,300		2,494		60,693		118	
	-		655		-		-		948		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		910	•	-		-	
	8,886		-		1,011		-		-		-	
	8,886		655		1,011		910		948			
B-17074-1	0,000	400			1,011				740			
	(1,290)		128		3,289		1,584		59,745	<b></b>	118	
	-		-		-		-		(60,513)		-	
-									(00,515)		<del></del>	
	-		_	F-1	-				(60,513)		_	
	(1,290)		128		3,289		1,584		(768)		118	
	6,574		447		27,501	1	47,167		42,112		24,356	
\$	5,284	\$	575	\$	30,790	\$	48,751	\$	41,344	\$	24,474	

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (page 2 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Special Revenue Funds									
	Justice Court Technology	LEOSE	Miscellaneous Grants	Economic Development							
Revenues			_								
Other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 38,015							
Fees	9,988	-	-	-							
Intergovernmental	-	6,005	66,845	-							
Investment income	56	114	990	666							
Miscellaneous		_	35,130								
Total Revenues	10,044	6,119	102,965	38,681							
Expenditures											
Current:											
General administration	_	_	63,947	20,025							
Judicial	_	_	,- · · ·	_0,0_5							
Public safety	3,896	1,846	_	_							
Miscellaneous	5,000	1,0.0	_	_							
Capital outlay	_	_	13,477	· -							
Total Expenditures	3,896	1,846	77,424	20,025							
Total Expenditures	3,890	1,040	77,424								
Excess (Deficiency) of											
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	6,148	4,273	25,541	18,656							
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers in	_	_	26,827	••							
Transfers (out)	_	_	(84,003)	_							
Total Other Financing			(8.,000)								
Sources (Uses)			(57,176)	<del>-</del>							
Net Change in Fund Balances	6,148	4,273	(31,635)	18,656							
Beginning fund balances	7,667	19,596	193,587	132,943							
<b>Ending Fund Balances</b>	\$ 13,815	\$ 23,869	\$ 161,952	\$ 151,599							

	Election District Services Technology		Vehicle Inventory		County Attorney Pretrial Diversion		Capital Projects		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	38,015
	3,806		735		745		9,000		-		245,714
	-		-		-		-		-		133,278
	15		28		227		22		-		7,842
	_		-		4,868				_	-	129,049
	3,821	·	763		5,840		9,022				553,898
	-		_		-		-		-		248,537
	-		-		-		2,325		_		2,678
	-		-		-		-		-		102,052
	13,894		-		-		-		-		23,791
_	-	<u> </u>			-		-		6,969		68,012
	13,894				-		2,325		6,969	-	445,070
	(10,073)		763	·	5,840		6,697		(6,969)		108,828
	-		_		-		-		_		122,227
			_				_		6,246		(183,270)
			_				_		6,246		(183,270)
	(10,073)		763		5,840		6,697		(723)		47,785
	11,872		5,242		26,728		-		723		1,151,094
\$	1,799	\$	6,005	\$	32,568	\$	6,697	\$		\$	1,198,879

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 1 of 8) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### **COUNTY LAW LIBRARY**

COUNTI LAW LIBRARI						Var	iance with
		•					al Budget
		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual		Positive
		Original		Final	 Amounts	(N	egative)
Revenues	_						
Fees	\$	12,000	\$	12,000	\$ 13,125	\$	1,125
Investment income  Total Revenues		100		100	 630		530
Expenditures		12,100		12,100	 13,755		1,655
Current:		'					
General administration		13,050		13,050	1,195		11,855
Total Expenditures		13,050		13,050	1,195		11,855
_							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		(050)		(050)	12.500		12.510
Over (Under) Expenditures		(950)		(950)	 12,560	**********	13,510
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(40.000)		(4.0.000)	(12.22)		
Transfers (out)	-	(10,000)		(10,000)	 (10,000)		-
<b>Total Other Financing (Uses)</b>		(10,000)		(10,000)	 (10,000)		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(10,950)	\$	(10,950)	2,560	\$	13,510
Beginning fund balance					122,876		
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>					\$ 125,436		
COUPTHOUSE SECURITY							
COURTHOUSE SECURITY						Var	iance with
COURTHOUSE SECURITY							iance with al Budget
COURTHOUSE SECURITY		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
COURTHOUSE SECURITY		Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Fin F	al Budget
Revenues			Amo			Fin F	al Budget Positive
Revenues Fees	\$	Original 19,700	<b>Amo</b>	<b>Final</b> 19,700	\$	Fin F	al Budget Positive
Revenues Fees Investment income		19,700 100		19,700 100	\$ 21,172 179	Fin F (N	al Budget Positive Regative) 1,472 79
Revenues Fees		Original 19,700		<b>Final</b> 19,700	\$ <b>Amounts</b> 21,172	Fin F (N	al Budget Positive (egative)
Revenues Fees Investment income		19,700 100		19,700 100	\$ 21,172 179	Fin F (N	al Budget Positive Regative) 1,472 79
Revenues Fees Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current:		19,700 100 19,800		19,700 100 19,800	\$ 21,172 179 21,351	Fin F (N	al Budget Positive Legative)  1,472 79 1,551
Revenues Fees Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Judicial		19,700 100		19,700 100 19,800	\$ 21,172 179 21,351	Fin F (N	al Budget Positive Regative) 1,472 79
Revenues Fees Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Judicial Capital outlay		19,700 100 19,800 16,800		19,700 100 19,800 6,000 5,000	\$ 21,172 179 21,351 353 5,000	Fin F (N	al Budget Positive (egative)  1,472 79 1,551  5,647
Revenues Fees Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Judicial Capital outlay Total Expenditures		19,700 100 19,800		19,700 100 19,800	\$ 21,172 179 21,351	Fin F (N	al Budget Positive Legative)  1,472 79 1,551
Revenues Fees Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Judicial Capital outlay Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues		19,700 100 19,800 16,800		19,700 100 19,800 6,000 5,000 11,000	\$ 21,172 179 21,351 353 5,000 5,353	Fin F (N	1,472 79 1,551 5,647
Revenues Fees Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Judicial Capital outlay Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		19,700 100 19,800 16,800		19,700 100 19,800 6,000 5,000	\$ 21,172 179 21,351 353 5,000	Fin F (N	al Budget Positive (egative)  1,472 79 1,551  5,647
Revenues Fees Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Judicial Capital outlay Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		19,700 100 19,800 16,800 - 16,800 3,000		19,700 100 19,800 6,000 5,000 11,000	\$ 21,172 179 21,351 353 5,000 5,353 15,998	Fin F (N	1,472 79 1,551 5,647
Revenues Fees Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Judicial Capital outlay Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers (out)		19,700 100 19,800 16,800 - 16,800 3,000		19,700 100 19,800 6,000 5,000 11,000 8,800	\$ 21,172 179 21,351 353 5,000 5,353 15,998 (35,000)	Fin F (N	1,472 79 1,551 5,647
Revenues Fees Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Judicial Capital outlay Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		19,700 100 19,800 16,800 - 16,800 3,000		19,700 100 19,800 6,000 5,000 11,000	\$ 21,172 179 21,351 353 5,000 5,353 15,998	Fin F (N	1,472 79 1,551 5,647
Revenues Fees Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Judicial Capital outlay Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers (out)		19,700 100 19,800 16,800 - 16,800 3,000		19,700 100 19,800 6,000 5,000 11,000 8,800	\$ 21,172 179 21,351 353 5,000 5,353 15,998 (35,000)	Fin F (N	1,472 79 1,551 5,647
Revenues Fees Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Judicial Capital outlay Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers (out) Total Other Financing (Uses)		19,700 100 19,800 16,800 - 16,800 3,000 (30,000) (30,000)	\$	19,700 100 19,800 6,000 5,000 11,000 8,800 (35,000) (35,000)	\$ 21,172 179 21,351 353 5,000 5,353 15,998 (35,000) (35,000)	Fin (N	1,472 79 1,551 5,647 
Revenues Fees Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Judicial Capital outlay Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers (out) Total Other Financing (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance		19,700 100 19,800 16,800 - 16,800 3,000 (30,000) (30,000)	\$	19,700 100 19,800 6,000 5,000 11,000 8,800 (35,000) (35,000)	\$ 21,172 179 21,351 353 5,000 5,353 15,998 (35,000) (35,000) (19,002)	Fin (N	1,472 79 1,551 5,647 

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 2 of 8) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### RIGHT OF WAY ACQUISITION

	Budge	ted Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Investment income	\$ 20	20	\$ 214	\$ 194
Miscellaneous			34,285	34,285
Total Revenues	20	20	34,499	34,479
Expenditures Current:				
Public safety	95,400	95,400	95,400	_
Total Expenditures	95,400		95,400	
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(95,380	(95,380)	(60,901)	34,479
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	95,000		95,400	400
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	95,000	95,000	95,400	400
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (380	(380)	34,499	\$ 34,879
Beginning fund balance			11,837	
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>			\$ 46,336	

#### RECORD MANAGEMENT AND PRESERVATION DISTRICT AND COUNTY

	<u></u>	Budgeted	l Amo	unts		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues								
Fees	\$	175,420	\$	175,420	\$	187,143	\$	11,723
Investment income		1,395		1,395		3,911		2,516
Miscellaneous				-		40,000		40,000
Total Revenues		176,815		176,815		231,054		54,239
Expenditures								
Current:								
General administration		256,000		244,666		161,767		82,899
Capital outlay		50,000		50,000		42,566		7,434
Total Expenditures		306,000		294,666		204,333		90,333
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(129,185)	\$	(117,851)		26,721	\$	144,572
Beginning fund balance						437,390		
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>					\$	464,111		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 3 of 8) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### SHERIFF'S OFFICE DONATION - EQUIPMENT

	Budgeted	l <b>Am</b> oi	unts		Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Amounts	(]	Vegative)
Revenues							
Investment income	\$ 30	\$	30	\$	148	\$	118
Miscellaneous	 - 20		- 20		4,152		4,152
Total Revenues	 30		30		4,300		4,270
Expenditures							
Current:							
Miscellaneous	12,500		12,500		1,011		11,489
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	 12,500		12,500		1,011		11,489
Ŷ							
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (12,470)	\$	(12,470)		3,289	\$	15,759
Beginning fund balance					27,501		
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>				\$	30,790		
SHERIFF'S FORFEITURE							
SHERIFF'S FORFEITURE							iance with
SHERIFF'S FORFEITURE						Fin	al Budget
SHERIFF'S FORFEITURE	Budgeted	l Amo			Actual	Fin 1	al Budget Positive
	Budgeted Original	l Amo	unts Final	<u> </u>	Actual Amounts	Fin 1	al Budget
Revenues	 Original		Final		Amounts	Fin 1 (N	al Budget Positive Jegative)
Revenues Investment income	\$ 	1 <b>Amo</b>		<i>A</i>	Amounts 231	Fin 1	al Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ Original 100		<b>Final</b> 100		231 2,263	Fin 1 (N	al Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues Investment income	\$ Original		Final		Amounts 231	Fin 1 (N	al Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues Investment income Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$ Original 100		<b>Final</b> 100		231 2,263	Fin 1 (N	al Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ Original 100		<b>Final</b> 100		231 2,263	Fin 1 (N	al Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues Investment income Miscellaneous Total Revenues  Expenditures Current:	\$ Original  100  - 100		100 - 100		231 2,263 2,494	Fin 1 (N	al Budget Positive Negative)  131 2,263 2,394
Revenues Investment income Miscellaneous Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Public safety	\$ Original 100		100 - 100 100		231 2,263	Fin 1 (N	131 2,263 2,394
Revenues Investment income Miscellaneous Total Revenues  Expenditures Current:	\$ 100 - 100 100		100 - 100		231 2,263 2,494	Fin 1 (N	al Budget Positive Negative)  131 2,263 2,394
Revenues Investment income Miscellaneous Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Public safety	\$ 100 - 100 100		100 - 100 100		231 2,263 2,494	Fin 1 (N	131 2,263 2,394
Revenues Investment income Miscellaneous  Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Public safety  Total Expenditures	100 - 100 100 10,500 10,500	\$	100 - 100 10,500 10,500		231 2,263 2,494 910 910	Fin 1 (N	131 2,263 2,394 9,590 9,590
Revenues Investment income Miscellaneous  Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Public safety  Total Expenditures	100 - 100 100 10,500 10,500	\$	100 - 100 10,500 10,500		231 2,263 2,494 910 910	Fin 1 (N	131 2,263 2,394 9,590 9,590
Revenues Investment income Miscellaneous  Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Public safety  Total Expenditures  Net Change in Fund Balance	100 - 100 100 10,500 10,500	\$	100 - 100 10,500 10,500		231 2,263 2,494 910 910 1,584	Fin 1 (N	131 2,263 2,394 9,590 9,590

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 4 of 8) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### STATE SALARY SUPPLEMENT

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment income Total Revenues	\$	61,700 60 61,760	\$	61,700 60 61,760	\$	60,428 265 60,693	\$	(1,272) 205 (1,067)
Expenditures Current: General administration Total Expenditures		4,060 4,060		3,747 3,747		948 948		2,799 2,799
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	B. 1-120-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	57,700		58,013		59,745		1,732
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers (out) Total Other Financing (Uses)		(60,200) (60,200)		(60,513) (60,513)		(60,513) (60,513)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(2,500)	\$	(2,500)		(768)	\$	1,732
Beginning fund balance						42,112		
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>					\$	41,344		
SHERIFF'S OFFICE AWARDED R	RESTI	TUTION						nnce with l Budget
		Budgeted	Amo	unts Final		Actual	Po	sitive
Revenues Investment income Total Revenues	\$	30 30	\$	30 30	\$	118 118	\$	88 88
Expenditures Current:								
Miscellaneous  Total Expenditures		7,000		7,000		-		7,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(6,970)	\$	(6,970)		118	\$	7,088
Beginning fund balance						24,356		
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>					\$	24,474		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 5 of 8) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### JUSTICE COURT TECHNOLOGY

								iance with al Budget	
		Budgeted	Amou	ınts		Actual	F	Positive	
		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues	Φ.	<b>***</b> • • • •	<b>.</b>				_		
Fees	\$	7,300	\$	7,300	\$	9,988	\$	2,688	
Investment income		7.210	····	7.210		56		46	
Total Revenues		7,310		7,310	-	10,044		2,734	
<b>Expenditures</b>									
Current:									
Public safety		7,600		7,600		3,896		3,704	
Total Expenditures		7,600		7,600		3,896		3,704	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(290)	\$	(290)		6,148	\$	6,438	
Beginning fund balance						7,667		•	
Ending Fund Balance					\$	13,815			
I EACE CD ANT									
LEOSE GRANT							<b>X</b> 7	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
LEOSE GRANT								iance with	
LEOSE GRANT		Pudgotos	l Amou	ants		Actual	Fin	al Budget	
LEOSE GRANT		Budgetec	l Amoi			Actual	Fin F	al Budget Positive	
		Budgeted Original	l Amou	ints Final		Actual Amounts	Fin F	al Budget	
Revenues	 	Original		Final		Amounts	Fin F (N	al Budget Positive (egative)	
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	Original 4,611	<b>Amo</b> ı	<b>Final</b> 4,611	\$	<b>Amounts</b> 6,005	Fin F	al Budget Positive (legative)	
Revenues	\$	Original		Final		Amounts	Fin F (N	al Budget Positive (egative)	
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment income Total Revenues	\$	<b>Original</b> 4,611 25		<b>Final</b> 4,611 25		6,005 114	Fin F (N	al Budget Positive (legative) 1,394 89	
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures	\$	<b>Original</b> 4,611 25		<b>Final</b> 4,611 25	max 4.	6,005 114	Fin F (N	al Budget Positive (legative) 1,394 89	
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current:	\$	4,611 25 4,636		4,611 25 4,636	max 4.	6,005 114 6,119	Fin F (N	al Budget Positive (legative) 1,394 89 1,483	
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Public safety	\$	4,611 25 4,636		4,611 25 4,636	max 4.	6,005 114 6,119	Fin F (N	al Budget Positive (legative) 1,394 89 1,483	
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current:	\$	4,611 25 4,636		4,611 25 4,636	max 4.	6,005 114 6,119	Fin F (N	al Budget Positive (legative) 1,394 89 1,483	
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Public safety	\$	4,611 25 4,636		4,611 25 4,636	max 4.	6,005 114 6,119	Fin F (N	al Budget Positive (legative) 1,394 89 1,483	
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Public safety Total Expenditures		4,611 25 4,636 21,900 21,900	\$	4,611 25 4,636 21,900 21,900	max 4.	6,005 114 6,119 1,846 1,846	Fin	20,054 20,054	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 6 of 8)
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### **MISCELLANEOUS GRANTS**

	<b>D</b> 1 (					Fin	ance with	
	 Budgeted Original	Amo	Final		Actual		ositive	
Revenues	 Original		rinai		Amounts	(Negative)		
Intergovernmental	\$ _	\$	66,844	\$	66,845	\$	1	
Investment income	150		150	·	990	•	840	
Miscellaneous	-		-		35,130		35,130	
Total Revenues	150		66,994		102,965		35,971	
<b>Expenditures</b>								
Current:								
General administration	164,783		184,583		63,947		120,636	
Capital outlay	_		13,478		13,477		1	
Total Expenditures	164,783		198,061		77,424		120,637	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			•					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(164,633)		(131,067)		25,541		156,608	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	_		26,826		26,827		1	
Transfers (out)	_		(84,002)		(84,003)		(1)	
Total Other Financing (Uses)	 _		(84,002)		(57,176)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (164,633)	\$	(215,069)		(31,635)	\$	156,608	
Beginning fund balance					193,587			
Degining fund barance					193,367			
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>				\$	161,952			
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT								
ECONOMIC DEVELOT MENT						Von	ance with	
							ance with al Budget	
	Budgeted	l Amo	nnts		Actual		ositive	
	 Original		Final		Amounts		egative)	
Revenues								
Other taxes	\$ 35,000	\$	35,000	\$	38,015	\$	3,015	
Investment income	100		100		666	N-	566	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	35,100		35,100	_	38,681		3,581	
Expenditures								
Current:	22 000							
General administration	 32,000		32,000		20,025		11,975	
Total Expenditures	 32,000		32,000		20,025		11,975	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 3,100	\$	3,100		18,656	\$	15,556	
Beginning fund balance					132,943			
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>				\$	151,599			

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 7 of 8) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### COUNTY AND DISTRICT TECHNOLOGY

	 Budgeted	Amo			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Davianusas	 Original		Final	-	Amounts	(N	egative)	
Revenues Fees Investment income	\$ 1,000 5	\$	1,000 5	\$	735 28	\$	(265) 23	
Total Revenues	1,005		1,005		763		(242)	
Expenditures Current:								
General administration	3,500		3,500		_		3,500	
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	3,500		3,500		_		3,500	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (2,495)	\$	(2,495)		763	\$	3,258	
Beginning fund balance					5,242			
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>				\$	6,005			
ELECTION SERVICES	Budgeted	l <b>Am</b> o	unts		Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive	
						1		
	 Original	Indiana.	Final		Amounts		egative)	
Revenues Fees Investment income Total Revenues	\$ 14,100 10 14,110	\$	14,100 10 14,110	\$	3,806 15 3,821		(10,294) 5 (10,289)	
Fees Investment income	14,100 10	\$	14,100 10		3,806 15	(N	(10,294)	
Fees Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures	14,100 10	\$	14,100 10 14,110		3,806 15 3,821	(N	(10,294) 5 (10,289)	
Fees Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current:	14,100 10 14,110	\$	14,100 10		3,806 15	(N	(10,294)	
Fees Investment income  Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Miscellaneous	14,100 10 14,110 23,000	\$	14,100 10 14,110 23,000		3,806 15 3,821	(N	(10,294) 5 (10,289)	
Fees Investment income Total Revenues  Expenditures Current: Miscellaneous Total Expenditures	\$ 14,100 10 14,110 23,000 23,000		14,100 10 14,110 23,000 23,000		3,806 15 3,821 13,894 13,894	\$ 	(10,294) 5 (10,289) 9,106 9,106	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 8 of 8)
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### **VEHICLE INVENTORY**

	 Budgetee	 ts Final	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues	 1 igiliai	 THAI	 mounts	(11)	egative)	
Fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 745	\$	745	
Investment income	230	230	227		(3)	
Miscellaneous income	 -	 _	4,868		4,868	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	230	230	 5,840		5,610	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ _	\$ 230	5,840	\$	5,610	
Beginning fund balance			 26,728			
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>			\$ 32,568			

#### COUNTY ATTORNEY PRETRIAL DIVERSION

		Budgeted				Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive
D	Uri	ginal	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues Fees	\$	-	\$	6,000	\$	9,000	\$	3,000
Investment income		-				22		22
Total Revenues		_		6,000		9,022		3,022
Expenditures Current: Judicial Total Expenditures		<u>-</u> _		2,421 2,421		2,325 2,325		96 96
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	_	\$	3,579	-	6,697	\$	3,118
Beginning fund balance						-		
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>					\$	6,697		

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

**September 30, 2017** 

		Tax Assessor/ Collector	_Di	strict Clerk	County Clerk	Jail Inmate
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from other units		\$ 325,867 186	\$	1,177,676 1,732	\$ 11,251	\$ 4,253
2 de irom outer dans	<b>Total Assets</b>	\$ 326,053	\$	1,179,408	\$ 11,251	\$ 4,253
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to other units		\$ 326,053	\$	1,179,408	\$ 11,251	\$ 4,253
	<b>Total Liabilities</b>	\$ 326,053	\$	1,179,408	\$ 11,251	\$ 4,253

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Texa	State of Texas Transfer Accounts		nsfer County		County Sheriff	Sheriff Seizure	 iclaimed Money		Total Fiduciary Funds
\$	80,689 50 80,739	\$	6,031	\$	65,206 - 65,206	\$ 18,443	\$ 17,440 - 17,440	\$	1,706,856 1,968 1,708,824
\$ \$	80,739 80,739	\$ \$	6,031 6,031	\$	65,206 65,206	\$ 18,443 18,443	\$ 17,440 17,440	<u>\$</u>	1,708,824 1,708,824

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Beginning Balance	A	dditions	(De	ductions)	Ending Balance		
T	ax Assessor/Collector								
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 296,996	\$	28,871	\$	_	\$	325,867	
Assets	Due from other units	\$ 395	\$		\$	(209)	\$	186	
Liabilities	Due to other units	\$ 297,391	\$	28,662	\$	_	\$	326,053	
	District Clerk								
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,088,673	\$	89,003	\$	_	\$	1,177,676	
Assets	Due from other units	\$ -	\$	1,732	\$	_	\$	1,732	
Liabilities	Due to other units	\$ 1,088,673	\$	90,735	\$	-	\$	1,179,408	
	County Clerk								
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,270	\$	_	\$	(7,019)	\$	11,251	
Liabilities	Due to other units	\$ 18,270	\$	lan.	\$	(7,019)	\$	11,251	
	Jail Inmate								
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,833	\$	_	\$	(3,580)	\$	4,253	
Liabilities	Due to other units	\$ 7,833	\$		\$	(3,580)	\$	4,253	
Liubilities	Due to other units	Ψ 7,033	Ψ		Ψ	(3,360)	Ψ	4,233	
State of	f Texas Transfer Accounts								
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 74,217	\$	6,472	\$	_	\$	80,689	
Assets	Due from other units	\$ 30	\$	20	\$	_	\$	50	
Liabilities	Due to other units	\$ 74,247	\$	6,492	\$	-	\$	80,739	
	<b>County Attorney</b>								
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,816	\$	_	\$	(5,785)	\$	6,031	
Liabilities	Due to other units	\$ 11,816	\$	-	\$	(5,785)	\$	6,031	
	<b>County Sheriff</b>								
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 85,226	\$	_	•	(20,020)	\$	65 206	
Liabilities	Due to other units	\$ 85,226	\$		\$	(20,020)	\$	65,206 65,206	
Ziubiities	Due to other units	Ψ 03,220	Ψ		Ψ	(20,020)	Φ	03,200	
	Sheriff Seizure								
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,443	\$		\$	_	\$	18,443	
Liabilities	Due to other units	\$ 18,443	\$	-	\$	_	\$	18,443	
	Unclaimed Money								
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,341	\$	99	\$	_	\$	17,440	
Liabilities	Due to other units	\$ 17,341	\$	99	\$	_	\$	17,440	
T Assets	otal Fiduciary Funds  Cash and cash equivalents	¢ 1.610.015	Φ	104 445	ø	(2( 404)	Ф	1 506 056	
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents  Due from other units	\$ 1,618,815 \$ 425	\$	124,445	\$	(36,404)	\$	1,706,856	
Assets Liabilities	Due to other units						<b>D</b>	1,968	
Liaumines	Due to other units	\$ 1,619,240	\$	125,988	\$	(16,384)	\$	1,708,824	