ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

of

BURLESON COUNTY, TEXAS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016



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September 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court of Burleson County, Texas:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Burleson County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of contributions, and schedule of funding progress, identified as Required Supplementary Information on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

BELT HARRIS PECHACEK, LLLP

Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP *Certified Public Accountants* Houston, Texas July 20, 2017

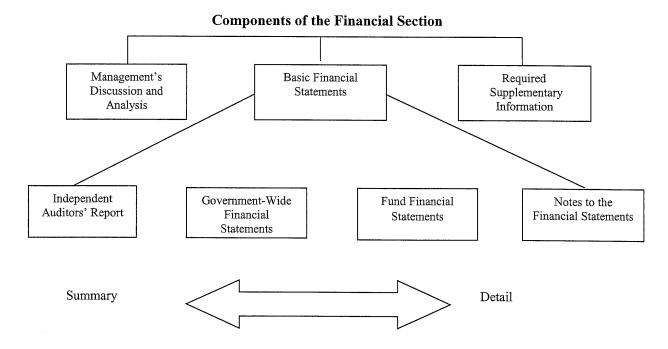
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

The purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to give the readers an objective and easily readable analysis of the financial activities of Burleson County, Texas (the "County") for the year ending September 30, 2016. The analysis is based on currently known facts, decisions, or economic conditions. It presents short and long-term analysis of the County's activities, compares current year results with those of the prior year, and discusses the positive and negative aspects of that comparison. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow this section.

THE STRUCTURE OF OUR ANNUAL REPORT



The County's basic financial statements include (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) individual fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information for the County as a whole. These statements include transactions and balances relating to all assets, including infrastructure capital assets. These statements are designed to provide information about cost of services, operating results, and financial position of the County as an economic entity. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the County's financial statements, report information on the County's activities that enable the reader to understand the financial condition of the County. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account even if cash has not yet changed hands.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as the County's property tax base and the condition of the County's infrastructure, need to be considered to assess the overall health of the County.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows, using the accrual method rather than modified accrual that is used in the fund level statements.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present the County's financials in one type of activity:

1. Governmental Activities – The County's basic services are reported here such as general administration, financial administration, public facilities, judicial, public safety, health and welfare, public transportation, legal, and interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt. Property tax, sales tax, charges for services, and intergovernmental revenue finance most of these activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found after the MD&A.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Funds may be considered as operating companies of the parent corporation, which is the County. They are usually segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal reporting requirements. The two categories of County funds are governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term outflows and inflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains 22 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general, capital projects, road and bridge, lateral road and bridge, and debt service funds, which are considered to be major funds for reporting purpose.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, road and bridge, lateral road and bridge, debt service, and certain special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The County maintains nine fiduciary funds. The County's fiduciary activities are reported separately in a statement of fiduciary net position.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are the last section of the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to basic financial statements, this MD&A, and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information (RSI). The RSI includes budgetary comparison schedules for the general, road and bridge, and lateral road and bridge funds, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios and schedule of contributions for the Texas County and District Retirement System, and schedule of funding progress for other post employment healthcare benefits. RSI can be found the notes to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$16,617,220 as of September 30, 2016. This compares with \$16,388,778 for the prior fiscal year. A portion of the County's net position, 55%, reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure), less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

	Governmental Activities				
		2016		2015	
Current and other assets	\$	9,709,743	\$	13,662,320	
Capital assets, net		13,958,337		10,003,891	
Total Assets		23,668,080		23,666,211	
Deferred outflows - pension		1,128,667		353,547	
Long-term liabilities		6,451,846		6,122,984	
Other liabilities		1,293,301		1,477,670	
Total Liabilities		7,745,147		7,600,654	
Deferred inflows - pension		434,380		30,326	
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets		9,162,813		6,378,365	
Restricted		5,555,837		4,899,251	
Unrestricted		1,898,570		5,111,162	
Total Net Position	\$	16,617,220	\$	16,388,778	

A portion of the County's net position, \$5,555,837 or 33%, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The County's unrestricted net position, \$1,898,570 or 11%, may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors. The overall net position increased due to higher revenues than expenses.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Statement of Activities

The following table provides a summary of the County's changes in net position:

	Governmental Activities				
		2016	2015		
Revenues					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	2,030,187	\$	2,325,078	
Operating grants and contributions		529,223		449,742	
General revenues:					
Property taxes		8,031,770		7,080,567	
Sales taxes		974,218		1,512,847	
Other taxes		32,979		46,418	
Interest income		31,250		25,549	
Other revenues		1,101,378		788,371	
Total Revenues		12,731,005		12,228,572	
Expenses					
General administration		1,365,148		1,257,943	
Judicial		1,091,264		1,209,674	
Legal		583,914		535,752	
Financial administration		572,997		493,457	
Public facilities		193,470		181,206	
Public safety		3,547,153		3,031,708	
Public transportation		3,969,814		3,713,045	
Health and welfare		111,285		98,715	
Miscellaneous		931,460		920,985	
Interest and fiscal agent fees		136,058		132,457	
Total Expenses		12,502,563		11,574,942	
Change in Net Position		228,442		653,630	
Beginning net position		16,388,778		15,735,148	
Ending Net Position	\$	16,617,220	\$	16,388,778	

Total governmental revenues were comparable to the prior year, increasing \$502,433 or 4%. Property taxes increased \$951,203, or 13%, due to higher property tax value. The increase in property tax revenue was slightly offset by a decrease in charges of services of \$294,891, or 13%, due to less fees received from the County clerk's office, as well as a decrease in permit fees.

Governmental expenses also increased from the prior year by \$927,621, or 8%. The increase is primarily due to increases in judicial, public safety, and public transportation costs. Judicial expenses increased due to salaries and costs related to court-appointed attorneys. Public safety expenses increased due to a rise in salaries and benefits for its employees. Public transportation expenses increased as a result of costs related to repairs and maintenance and contract labor.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

The County's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$7,453,809. Of this, \$1,897,249 is unassigned and available for day-to-day operations of the County and \$5,556,560 is restricted for various purposes.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,897,249. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 25% of total general fund expenditures. The fund balance of the general fund reported a decrease of \$3,177,504, mainly due to more expenditures than revenue and the transfer out to the capital projects fund during the year.

The capital projects fund reported a decrease of \$1,229,756 in fund balance due to the construction of a new County office building.

The road and bridge fund reported an increase of \$581,885 in fund balance primarily due to donations from companies for future maintenance of the County's roads and bridges. All of the road and bridge fund balance, \$3,048,992, is restricted.

The lateral road and bridge fund reported a restricted fund balance of \$1,005,006, which is an increase of \$332,145 in fund balance due to an increase in property tax revenues.

The debt service fund reported a decrease of \$174,657 in fund balance. The decrease is due to the effort of Commissioners' Court to spend down the excess debt service fund balance. The current debt service fund balance of \$351,468 is restricted to payments of principal and interest on debt.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The general fund actual revenues were less than the final budget by \$301,275 during the year. This net decrease is largely the result of less sales tax and charge for service revenues than expected.

The general fund expenditures were less than the final budget by \$988,829 as a result of a County-wide effort to keep expenditures at or below budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of the year, the County's governmental activities had invested \$13,958,337 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure, net of depreciation. This represents a net increase of \$3,954,446.

Major capital asset events during the current year included the following:

- Construction and equipment for the new County office building \$6,867,904
- New security camera system for the jail \$66,693
- Caterpillar Motograder for road and bridge use \$212,300
- Chip spreader for road and bridge use \$239,706

More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in note III.C to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the year, the County reported total certificates of obligation of \$3,690,000. The County also reported capital leases and time warrants issued with a depository loan for a total of \$442,722. The County has \$540,000 of refunding bonds outstanding.

More detailed information about the County's long-term liabilities is presented in note III.D to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The County continues to grow as seen in the increase in property tax revenue. The County has continued the permanent road program to solidify the infrastructure of the County. The County has approved to increase the tax rate from \$0.4990 to \$0.5300 for the 2016/2017 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the County Auditor's Office, Burleson County, 100 W. Buck Street, Suite 400, Caldwell, Texas 77836.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2016

A4-	Governmental Activities
Assets Cosh and anch againvalents	Ф 7.022.222
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net	\$ 7,933,322
Due from others	1,577,220 199,201
Due from outers	9,709,743
Capital assets:	9,709,743
Nondepreciable	207 011
Depreciable capital assets, net	307,911 13,650,426
Depreciable capital assets, net	13,958,337
	13,930,337
Total Assets	23,668,080
Deferred Outflows	
Deferred outflows - pension	1,128,667
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Accounts payable	815,938
Due to others	30
Accrued interest	8,488
Long-term liabilities due within one year	468,845
· ·	1,293,301
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Long-term debt due in more than one year	4,412,312
Compensated absences	21,227
Net pension liability	986,221
Net OPEB liability	1,032,086
	6,451,846
Total Liabilities	7,745,147
Deferred Inflows	
Deferred inflows - pension	434,380
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	9,162,813
Restricted for:	
Road and bridge	3,048,992
Lateral road and bridge	1,005,006
Debt service	351,468
Other governmental funds	1,150,371
Unrestricted	1,898,570
Total Net Position	\$ 16,617,220
See Notes to Financial Statements	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

			Program Rever		nues Operating	R	et (Expense) evenue and anges in Net Position		
			C	harges for	Grants and		Governmental		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions		Activities	
Primary Government									
Governmental Activities									
General administration	\$	1,365,148	\$	402,356	\$	529,223	\$	(433,569)	
Judicial		1,091,264		393,762		-		(697,502)	
Legal		583,914		3,671		-		(580,243)	
Financial administration		572,997		290,035		-		(282,962)	
Public facilities		193,470		-		· —		(193,470)	
Public safety		3,547,153		28,566		-		(3,518,587)	
Public transportation		3,969,814		671,113		-		(3,298,701)	
Health and welfare		111,285		-		-		(111,285)	
Miscellaneous		931,460		240,684		-		(690,776)	
Interest and fiscal agent fees		136,058		_		_	PALL .	(136,058)	
Total Governmental Activities		12,502,563		2,030,187		529,223		(9,943,153)	
Total Primary Government	\$	12,502,563	\$	2,030,187	\$	529,223		(9,943,153)	
			Ger	ieral Revenue	s:				
				roperty taxes				8,031,770	
			S	ales taxes				974,218	
			O	ther taxes				32,979	
			Ir	nterest income				31,250	
			O	ther revenues				1,101,378	
				Total	Gener	al Revenues		10,171,595	
				Cha	nge in	Net Position		228,442	
			В	eginning net p	osition			16,388,778	
				E	nding	Net Position	\$	16,617,220	

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2016

	 General		Capital Projects	Road and Bridge]	Lateral Road and Bridge
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,064,825	\$	723	\$ 3,174,341	\$	1,067,157
Receivables, net	525,740		-	283,475		119,213
Due from other funds	73,647		7,331	7,216		6,490
Due from other units	 193,584	1800		901		82
Total Assets	\$ 2,857,796	\$	8,054	\$ 3,465,933	\$	1,192,942
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 513,901	\$	7,331	\$ 149,872	\$	68,723
Due to other funds	8,105		-	18,976		_
Due to other units	 30		-	 -		_
Total Liabilities	 522,036		7,331	168,848		68,723
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	 438,511		-	248,093		119,213
Fund Balances Restricted:						
Capital projects	-		723	_		_
Debt service	_		-	_		_
Road and bridge	-		-	3,048,992		_
Lateral road and bridge	-		-	-		1,005,006
Other governmental funds	-		-	_		-
Unassigned:						
General	 1,897,249		-	-		_
Total Fund Balances	1,897,249		723	3,048,992		1,005,006
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 2,857,796	\$	8,054	\$ 3,465,933	\$	1,192,942

De	ebt Service	Nonmajor overnmental	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$	351,468 21,428 572 494 373,962	\$ 1,274,808 14,643 15,706 4,140 1,309,297	\$	7,933,322 964,499 110,962 199,201 9,207,984
\$	1,066	\$ 75,045 83,881 - 158,926	\$	815,938 110,962 30 926,930
•	21,428			827,245
	351,468 - - -	1,150,371		723 351,468 3,048,992 1,005,006 1,150,371
	351,468	 1,150,371		1,897,249 7,453,809
\$	373,962	\$ 1,309,297	\$	9,207,984

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2016

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	7,453,809
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Nondepreciable capital assets 307,911		
Depreciable capital assets 20,683,328		
Accumulated depreciation (7,032,902)	-	10.050.007
		13,958,337
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures		
and, therefore, are deferred or accrued in the governmental funds.		
Receivables - fines 612,721		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes 827,245	-	1 420 066
		1,439,966
Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to net pension liability		
are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows - pension 1,128,667 Deferred inflows - pension (434,380)		
Deferred inflows - pension (434,380)	-	604 207
		694,287
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable		
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Long-term debt due within one year (383,935)		
Long-term debt due in more than one year Accrued interest payable (4,412,312) (8,488)		
Accrued interest payable (8,488) Compensated absences (106,137)		
Net pension liability (986,221)		
Net OPEB obligation (1,032,086)		
(1,002,000)	•	(6,929,179)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	16,617,220

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	General	Capital Projects	Road and Bridge		Lateral Road and Bridge
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 4,198,304	\$ -	\$ 2,405,721	\$	1,217,362
Sales tax	974,218		-		-
Other taxes	-	-	-		-
Intergovernmental	55,704	-	-		-
Fees	698,138	-	-		-
Fines and forfeitures	393,762	-	-		_
Interest	12,428	589	12,309		1,617
Permits and licenses	-	-	671,113		-
Miscellaneous	 321,141	 -	700,698	_	_
Total Revenues	 6,653,695	589	3,789,841		1,218,979
Expenditures					
Current:					
General administration	915,897	-	-		_
Judicial	1,047,897	-	-		-
Legal	581,728	-	-		_
Financial administration	560,421	-	_		-
Public facilities	192,647	-	-		_
Public safety	3,206,986	-	-		-
Public transportation	-	-	2,381,244		886,834
Health and welfare	110,319	-	-		-
Miscellaneous	608,614	-	289,200		-
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	295,289		_
Interest and fiscal agent fees	-	-	13,820		_
Capital outlay	306,675	3,648,896	570,195		_
Total Expenditures	 7,531,184	3,648,896	 3,549,748		886,834
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (877,489)	 (3,648,307)	240,093		332,145
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	107,311	2,418,551	_		_
Transfers (out)	(2,418,551)	-,	(50,000)		_
Sale of capital assets	11,225	-	39,786		-
Capital leases	-	-	352,006		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,300,015)	 2,418,551	341,792		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (3,177,504)	 (1,229,756)	 581,885		332,145
Beginning fund balances	 5,074,753	1,230,479	 2,467,107		672,861
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 1,897,249	\$ 723	\$ 3,048,992	\$	1,005,006

Debt Servi	ce	Nonmajor Governmental	Tota Governm Fund	ental
\$ 195,3	376	\$ -	\$ 8,01	6,763
7	_	-	•	4,218
	_	32,979		2,979
	_	473,519		9,223
	-	240,684	93	8,822
	-	-	39	3,762
1,0	090	3,217	3	1,250
	-	_	67	1,113
	_	51,516	1,07	3,355
196,4	466	801,915	12,66	1,485
		400 450	1.01	0.050
	-	403,473		9,370
	-	36,524		34,421
	-	-		31,728
	_	-		50,421
	-	108,169		2,647 5,155
	_	100,109		58,078
	_	_		0,319
	_	32,712		0,526
		32,712	,,,	0,520
240,0	000	-	53	5,289
131,	123	-	14	4,943
	-	244,804	4,77	0,570
371,	123	825,682	16,81	3,467
(174,	657)	(23,767)	(4,15	51,982)
	_	-	2,52	25,862
	-	(57,311)		25,862)
	-	-	5	1,011
	-	-	35	2,006
		(57,311)	40	3,017
(174,6	557)	(81,078)	(3,74	8,965)
526,	125	1,231,449	11,20	2,774
\$ 351,4	468	\$ 1,150,371	\$ 7,45	3,809

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Net changes in fund balances - total government funds	\$ (3,748,965)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay	4,865,599
Depreciation expense	(888,165)
Disposal of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	(22,988)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Changes in unavailable revenue - fines and fees	26,490
Changes in unavailable revenue - property taxes	15,007
Net pension liability and deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to the net pension liability are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Net pension liability	(441,617)
Deferred outflows - pension	775,120
Deferred inflows - pension	(404,054)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Issuance of long-term debt	(352,006)
Changes in premium on bonds	6,863
Principal payments	535,289
Changes in accrued interest expense	2,022
Changes in compensated absences	(813)
Changes in OPEB obligation	 (139,340)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 228,442

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

September 30, 2016

		Total Fiduciary Funds	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from other units		\$	1,618,815 425
	Total Assets	\$	1,619,240
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Due to other units		\$	1,619,240
	Total Liabilities	\$	1,619,240

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Burleson County, Texas (the "County") is an independent government entity created by an act of the Texas Legislature. The County is governed by a Commissioners' Court, composed of four County Commissioners and the County Judge, all of whom are elected officials.

The County's financial statements include the accounts of all County operations. The County provides a vast array of services including financial administration, judicial, health and welfare, public facilities and transportation, general administration, public safety, and legal.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the County's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the County is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the County's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body, it is legally separate, and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally, prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and considerations pertaining to organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. The County has no business-type activities.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the various other functions of the County. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The County reports the following governmental funds:

The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Expenditures include general administration, financial administration, public facilities, judicial, public safety, health and welfare, and legal. The general fund is always considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The debt service fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. The debt service fund did not meet the technical criteria to be presented as a major fund; however, due to its significance, the County has elected to present it as major.

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The following special revenue funds are reported as major funds for reporting purposes:

Road and bridge fund and lateral road and bridge fund – These funds are used to account for revenues of property taxes levied and vehicle registration fees. Uses of funds are restricted for the maintenance of roads, bridges, and the operations of related facilities. All precinct operations, as well as permanent road monies, are accounted for in these funds.

The remaining special revenue funds are considered nonmajor funds for reporting purposes.

The capital projects fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, other than those financed by proprietary funds. The capital projects fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for and report resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. These funds are used to account for assets that the County holds for others in an agency capacity.

During the course of operations, the County has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, balances in

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

statewide investment pools (Texas CLASS), and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

The County reports all investments at fair market value, except for certain investment pools and money market investments. Money market investments, which are short-term highly liquid debt instruments that may include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations, are reported at amortized cost. The investment pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and is reported at amortized cost.

The County has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. In summary, the County is authorized to invest in the following:

Direct obligations of U.S. Government or U.S. Government agencies

Fully collateralized certificates of deposit

Fully collateralized repurchase agreements

Securities lending program that meets requirements of 2256.0115

Money market mutual funds that meet certain criteria

Bankers' acceptances

Commercial paper that meets certain criteria

Guaranteed investment contracts that meet the requirements of 2256.015 for bond proceeds

Statewide investment pools

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, infrastructure has been capitalized retroactively. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years:

Asset Description	Estimated Useful Life	
Buildings and improvements	20 to 40 years	
Infrastructure	15 to 30 years	
Equipment	3 to 30 years	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

4. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. A deferred charge has been recognized for employer pension plan contributions that were made subsequent to the measurement date through the end of the County's fiscal year. This amount is deferred and recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability during the measurement period in which the contributions were made. A deferred charge has been recognized for the difference between the projected and actual investment earnings on the pension plan assets. This amount is deferred and amortized over a period of five years. A deferred charge has been recognized for the changes in actuarial assumptions related to the County's defined benefit pension plan. This amount is deferred and amortized over the average of the expected service lives of pension plan members.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferral is recognized as a result of differences between the actuarial expectations and the actual economic experience related to the County's defined benefit pension plan. This amount is deferred and amortized over the average of the expected service lives of pension plan members. At the fund level, the County has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

5. Compensated Employee Absences

The County provides its employees with vacation and sick leave. Sick leave may be accumulated from year to year up to 16 weeks. Vacation is to be used prior to year end but may be carried over up to the limitations outlined by County policy. Exceptions to the maximum accruals can only be approved by the Commissioners' Court upon request of the employee's supervisor. Upon termination, any accumulated vacation time will be paid; however, no accumulated sick leave will be paid. The estimated amount of compensation for services provided that is expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it when it matures or becomes due. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

The property tax rate is allocated each year between the general, road and bridge, lateral road and bridge, and debt service funds. The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by the tax along with interest earned in the debt service fund.

Assets acquired under the terms of capital leases are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, capital lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources and as capital outlay expenditures in the applicable fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the general fund upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

7. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

8. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

9. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balances of governmental funds are reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The County itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact are classified as nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions are classified as restricted.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority. The Commissioners' Court is the highest level of decision-making authority for the County that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Commissioners' Court may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

The County strives to maintain unrestricted fund balance at a level adequate to provide for unanticipated expenditures of a nonrecurring nature and to meet unexpected increases in service delivery costs. The target level for the general fund unrestricted fund balance is at least 20% of budgeted fund expenditures. The road and bridge funds have target levels of 18 to 25% of budgeted fund expenditures, but will be subject to a 50% unrestricted fund balance ceiling.

10. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

11. Pensions

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes are recorded as revenue when levied for the current year and due, payable, and collected in the current year. Uncollected amounts at year end are reported as a deferred inflow. Delinquent property taxes collected within 60 days subsequent to year end were not considered material.

The property tax calendar dates are:

Levy date and due date – October 1 Collection dates – October 1 through January 31 Lien date – February 1

The County bills and collects its own taxes and those for certain government entities within the County. Collections of the property taxes and subsequent remittances to the proper entities are accounted for in the tax assessor's agency fund. Tax collections deposited for the County are distributed on a periodic basis to the general and road and bridge funds of the County. This distribution is based upon the tax rate established for each fund by order of the Commissioners' Court for the tax year for which the collections are made.

The appraisal of property within the County is the responsibility of the County-wide appraisal district, which is required under the Property Tax Code to assess all property within the appraisal district on the basis of 100% of its appraised value, and is prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. The appraisal district must review the value of the property within the County every three years unless the County, at its own expense, requires more frequent reviews. The County may challenge the appraised values through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under this legislation, the County sets tax rates on County property.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except the capital projects funds, which adopt project construction budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund. Any transfers of appropriations are first approved by the Commissioners' Court. The legal level of control is the department level in the general fund and road and bridge fund and the fund level for all other funds.

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III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2016, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type	Value	Average Maturity (Years)
Texas CLASS	\$ 2,149,173	0.00
Total	\$ 2,149,173	
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.00

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to five years or less.

Credit risk. State law and the County's investment policy limits investments to obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than "A" or its equivalent. Further, commercial paper must be rated not less than "A-1" or "P-1" or an equivalent rating by at least two nationally recognized credit rating agencies. As of September 30, 2016, the County's investments in Texas CLASS were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's investment policy requires funds on deposit at the depository bank to be collateralized by securities and FDIC insurance. As of September 30, 2016, market values of pledged securities and FDIC insurance exceeded bank balances.

Texas CLASS

The Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Trust-Texas (CLASS) is a public funds investment pool under Section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, as amended (the "Act"). CLASS is created under an Amended and Restated Trust Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2011 (the "Agreement"), among certain Texas governmental entities investing in the CLASS (the "Participants"), with Cutwater Investor Services Corporation as program administrator and Wells Fargo Bank Texas, NA as custodian. CLASS is not SEC registered and is not subject to regulation by the State of Texas. Under the Agreement, however, CLASS is administered and supervised by a seven-member board of trustees (the "Board"), whose members are investment officers of the Participants, elected by the Participants for overlapping two-year terms. In the Agreement and by resolution of the Board, CLASS has contracted with Cutwater Investors Service Corporation to provide for the investment and management of the public funds of CLASS. Separate financial statements for Texas CLASS may be obtained from CLASS' website at www.texasclass.com.

CLASS operates in compliance with the PFIA. CLASS is measured at amortized cost. It has a redemption notice of one day that may be redeemed daily. CLASS may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major national markets, general banking moratorium, or a national state of emergency that affects the CLASS's liquidity. The County has no unfunded commitments related to CLASS.

B. Receivables

The following comprise receivable balances at year end:

					Laterai				
		F	Road and	F	Road and	Debt			
	 General		Bridge		Bridge	 Service	N	onmajor	Total
Taxes receivable	\$ 534,688	\$	288,538	\$	121,644	\$ 21,863	\$	14,643	\$ 981,376
Less: allowance for uncollectible	(8,948)		(5,063)		(2,431)	(435)		-	(16,877)
	\$ 525,740	\$	283,475	\$	119,213	\$ 21,428	\$	14,643	\$ 964,499

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

C. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2016 is as follows:

		Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases / Reclassifications			Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	307,911	\$	-	\$	-	\$	307,911
Construction in process		3,118,446		_		(3,118,446)		-
Total capital assets not								
being depreciated		3,426,357		-		(3,118,446)		307,911
Other capital assets:								
Buildings and improvements		5,038,886		6,867,905		-		11,906,791
Infrastructure		53,009		-		-		53,009
Equipment		7,742,535		1,116,140		(135,147)		8,723,528
Total other capital assets		12,834,430		7,984,045	-	(135,147)		20,683,328
Less accumulated depreciation for:							-	
Buildings and improvements		(1,650,867)		(205,189)		-		(1,856,056)
Infrastructure		(14,660)		(1,601)		_		(16,261)
Equipment		(4,591,369)		(681,375)		112,159		(5,160,585)
Total accumulated depreciation		(6,256,896)		(888,165)		112,159		(7,032,902)
Other capital assets, net		6,577,534		7,095,880		(22,988)	H-1-	13,650,426
Governmental Activities			-					
Capital Assets, Net	\$	10,003,891	\$	7,095,880	\$	(3,141,434)		13,958,337
				Add unspent bo	ond pro	oceeds		723
				Less associated	debt		-	(4,796,247)
				Net Investm	ent in	Capital Assets	\$	9,162,813

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Public safety	\$	204,278
Public transportation	<u> </u>	683,887
	\$	888,165

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

D. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the County's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2016. The County issues tax notes payable to provide funds for the acquisition or construction of major capital lease obligations for vehicles. These issues are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County.

	F	Beginning						Ending		Due Within
		Balance	Additions		(R	(Reductions)		Balance		One Year
Governmental Activities:										
Refunding bonds series 2014	\$	625,000	\$	-	\$	(85,000)	\$	540,000	* \$	85,000
Certificates of obligation 2014		3,845,000		-		(155,000)		3,690,000	*	160,000
Premiums		130,388		-		(6,863)		123,525	*	-
Capitalized lease obligations		386,005		352,006		(295,289)		442,722	*	138,935
OPEB obligation		892,746		139,340		-		1,032,086		-
Net pension liability		544,604		441,617		-		986,221		-
Compensated absences		105,324		138,118		(137,305)		106,137		84,910
Total Governmental Activities	\$	6,529,067	\$	1,071,081	\$	(679,457)	\$	6,920,691	_ \$	468,845
		Long	-tern	n debt due in r	nore tl	nan one year	\$	6,451,846	=	
*Γ	ebt a	ssociated with	gove	ernmental acti	vities c	apital assets	\$	4,796,247	=	

Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. The governmental activities compensated absences, net OPEB, and net pension liability obligations are generally liquidated by the general fund. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Long-term debt of the County as of September 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Original				
	Interest Rate	Amount			Balance
Certificates of Obligation					
2014 Certificates of Obligation	3.00-3.50%	\$	4,000,000	\$	3,690,000
Total Certificates of Obligation				\$	3,690,000
General Obligation of Refunding Bonds					
General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2014	0.50-2.25%	\$	710,000	\$	540,000
Total General Obligation of Refunding Bonds				\$	540,000
Capital Leases					
Caterpiller Motor Grader	2.00-4.00%	\$	160,850	\$	35,185
CAT 120M2 Motor Grader	2.00-4.00%	\$	86,000		29,400
2016 Motor Grader	2.75%	\$	212,300		212,300
12M3 Caterpiller Motor Grader	2.60%	\$	152,850		123,518
Smooth Drum Roller	2.75%	\$	84,639		42,319
Total Capital Leases				\$	442,722

A summary of the County's debt service requirements, including interest, is as follows:

		Governmental Activities								
	General Certificates of Obligation 2014									
Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest		Total				
2017	\$	160,000	\$	116,300	\$	276,300				
2018		160,000		111,500		271,500				
2019		165,000		106,700		271,700				
2020		170,000		101,750		271,750				
2021		175,000		96,650		271,650				
2022-2026		970,000		400,600		1,370,600				
2027-2031		1,125,000		245,525		1,370,525				
2032-2034		765,000		54,250		819,250				
Total	\$	3,690,000	\$	1,233,275	\$	4,923,275				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

		G	overn	mental Activit	ties				
	Refunding Bonds Series 2014								
Fiscal Year	Principal			Interest		Total			
2017	\$	85,000	\$	9,185	\$	94,185			
2018		90,000		8,293		98,293			
2019		90,000		7,078		97,078			
2020		90,000		5,638		95,638			
2021		95,000		3,973		98,973			
2022		90,000		2,025		92,025			
Total	\$	540,000	\$	36,190	\$	576,190			

A summary of the County's capital leases requirements, including interest, is as follows:

		G	overnn	nental Activi	ties					
		Capital Leases								
Fiscal Year]	Principal]	Interest		Total				
2017	\$	138,935	\$	4,340	\$	143,275				
2018		303,787		14,056		317,843				
Total	\$	442,722	\$	18,396	\$	461,118				

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Go	vernmental		
	Activities			
Equipment	\$	899,085		
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(177,066)		
	\$	722,019		

Federal Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed, or are not performed correctly, a substantial liability to the County could result. The County periodically engages an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with the rules and regulations of the IRS.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

E. Interfund Transactions

The composition of interfund balances as of year end is as follows:

D	ue From		Due To
\$	73,647	\$	8,105
	7,216		18,976
	6,490		-
	7,331		-
	572		-
	15,706		83,881
\$	110,962	\$	110,962
		7,216 6,490 7,331 572 15,706	\$ 73,647 \$ 7,216 6,490 7,331 572 15,706

Amounts recorded as due to/from are considered to be temporary loans and will be repaid during the following year.

Transfers between the primary government funds during the year were as follows:

	T	Transfer Out		ransfer In
General fund	\$	2,418,551	\$	107,311
Capital projects fund		-		2,418,551
Road and bridge fund		50,000		-
Other governmental funds		57,311		-
	\$	2,525,862	\$	2,525,862

Transfers are used to move revenues from unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that must be accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as matching funds for various grant programs and governmental expenditures.

F. Grants

Brazos Valley Council of Governments (BVCOG)

Regional Solid Waste Grant

For fiscal year 2016, the County received funding from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality through the BVCOG for \$11,628 to support community clean-up efforts and tire disposals. For fiscal year 2016, expenditures totaled \$5,684. The remaining balance of \$5,944 will be expended in fiscal year 2017.

Texas Indigent Defense Commission

Indigent Defense Formula Grant

A grant was awarded to the County in the amount of \$27,557 in January 2016 from the Texas Task

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Force on Indigent Defense (TFID) to assist the County in continued implementation of the provisions of the Indigent Defense Act and the improvement of the indigent criminal defense services in the County. As of the year end, \$20,668 had been received and expended in compliance with grant requirements with the remaining \$6,889 processed in October 2016. An additional \$6,443 was noted as expended from the remaining fiscal year 2015 funding received in October 2015. For fiscal year 2016, TFID expenditures totaled \$27,111.

Homeland Security Grant Program (HSGP)

The County received one new grant for fiscal year 2016 from the Texas Office of the Governor as the pass-through agency for the Grant Programs Directorate of the Federal Emergency Management Agency under the Department of Homeland Security. Grant funding was designed to enhance the County's communication interoperability, information sharing, and emergency response due to acts of terrorism and catastrophic events.

2014 HSGP

During September 2014, the County received a grant award of \$250,201 for further communications and emergency enhancements. This award represents funding available from September 1, 2014 to January 31, 2016. For fiscal year 2015, there were no HSGP expenditures. For fiscal year 2016, the grant receipts and expenditures totaled \$249,981.

2015 HSGP

During September 2015, the County received a grant award of \$14,000 for further communications and emergency enhancements. This award represents funding available from September 1, 2015 to October 31, 2016. For fiscal year 2015, there were no HSGP expenditures. During fiscal year 2016, receipts and expenditures totaled \$13,993 with the remaining balance of \$7 being deobligated.

Department of Housing and Urban Development

Texas Department of Agriculture Community Development Block Grant Program (TxCDBG)

No CDBG program was awarded to the County for fiscal year 2016.

Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT)

During May 2014, the County was awarded the County Transportation Fund Grant (CTIF) in the amount of \$429,658 requiring minimum County matching funds of \$107,414 (20% of project totals). Grant funds were offered statewide in an effort to assist counties suffering road and infrastructure damages due to oilfield related activities. As of fiscal year 2015, CTIF funds expended totaled \$298,908, including \$27,455 of additional grant funds received for matching forced labor and equipment funded from the County's road and bridge funds. During fiscal year 2016, net grant funds expended totaled \$115,531 of which \$111,687 was received less the County's matching portion. No receivables were due from the State as of September 30, 2016. The remainder of the grant award was to be expended during fiscal year 2017.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Texas Department of Emergency Management (TDEM)

During May 2015, the County became eligible for federal funding under Disaster Relief 4223. For fiscal year 2016, the County received \$393,864 in eligible disaster reimbursements from Federal Emergency Management Agency through the TDEM.

Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)

During June 2016, the County became eligible for federal funding under Disaster Relief 4272. As of the fiscal year 2016 year-end, the amounts of eligible expenses and reimbursement were yet to be determined by FEMA.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance. In addition, the County participates along with 338 other entities in the Texas Association of Counties Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund. The Texas Association of Counties created this pool in 1974 to insure the County for workers' compensation related claims. The County also provides employee benefits, including medical and life insurance, which the County obtains through Scott and White for medical and other vendors for life. Coverages and workers' compensation and unemployment insurance are obtained from Texas Association of Counties (the "Pool"). This Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The County has no additional risk or responsibility to the Pool, outside of payment of insurance premiums. The County has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements that exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency, and amount of payout and other economic and social factors. No claim liabilities are reported at year end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

C. Pension Plan

Texas County and District Retirement System

Plan Description

The Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) is a statewide, agent multiple-employer, public employee retirement system. TCDRS serves 700 actively participating counties and districts throughout Texas. Each employer maintains its own customized plan of benefits. Plan provisions are adopted by the Commissioners' Court of each employer, within the options available in the TCDRS Act. Because of that, the County has the flexibility and local control to select benefits and pay for those benefits based on its needs and budgets.

Each employer has a defined benefit plan that functions similarly to a cash balance plan. The assets of the plans are pooled for investment purposes, but each employer's plan assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that employer's plan. In accordance with Texas law, it is intended that the pension plan be construed and administered in a manner that the retirement system will be considered a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TCDRS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that can be obtained at www.tcdrs.org.

All eligible employees (except temporary staff) of the County must be enrolled in TCDRS.

Benefits Provided

TCDRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. The benefits provisions are adopted by the Commissioners' Court within the options available in Texas state statutes governing TCDRS. Members can retire at age 60 and above with eight or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in TCDRS to receive any County-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the County.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contribution to TCDRS, with interest, and County-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the Commissioners' Court within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the County's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the County-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

The Commissioners' Court adopted the rate of 7.00% as the contributed rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2016. The Commissioners' Court may change the employee contribution rate and the County contribution rate within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the December 31, 2015 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	61
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	102
Active employees	132
Total	295

Contributions

A combination of three elements funds each employer's plan: employee deposits, employer contributions, and investment income.

- The deposit rate for employees is 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of compensation, as adopted by the employer's governing body.
- Participating employers are required, by law, to contribute at actuarially determined rates, which are determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method.
- Investment income funds a large part of the benefits employees earn.

Employers have the option of paying more than the required contribution rate each year. Extra contributions can help employers "prefund" benefit increases, such as a cost-of-living adjustment to retirees, and they can be used to help offset or mitigate future increases in the required rate due to negative plan experience. There are two approaches for making extra contributions:

- (a) paying an elected contribution rate higher than the required rate and
- (b) making an extra lump-sum contribution to the employer account.

Employees for the County were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the County were 8.36% and 7.90% in calendar years 2015 and 2016, respectively. The County contributions to TCDRS for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016 were \$336,358 and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2015 and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions that determined the TPL as of December 31, 2015 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2012, except where required to be different by GASB 68.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Key assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are as follows:

Valuation Timing Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of

December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in the which

the contributions are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level of percentage of payroll, closed

Asset Valuation Method

Smoothing period 5 years

Recognition method Non-asymptotic

Corridor None Inflation 3.0%

Salary Increases

Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career, including

in flation

Investment Rate of Return 8.10%

substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, an assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is

included in the funding valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return of TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

The target allocation and best estimate of geometric real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Geometric Real Rate of Return
		Target	(Expected minus
Asset Class	Benchmark	Allocation	Inflation)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	14.50%	5.45%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture		
	Capital Index	14.00%	8.45%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	1.50%	5.75%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net)	10.00%	5.45%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI World Ex USA (net)	8.00%	6.45%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	1.00%
High-Yield Bonds	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	3.00%	5.10%
Opportunistic Credit	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	2.00%	5.09%
Direct Lending	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	5.00%	6.40%
Distressed Debt	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	3.00%	8.10%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33%		
	FRSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Real Estate Index	3.00%	4.00%
Commodities	Bloomberg Commodities Index		
Master Limited Partnerships (MLP)	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	6.80%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index	5.00%	6.90%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research. Inc. (HFRI) Fund of		
	Funds Composite Index	25.00%	5.25%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 8.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Changes in the NPL

Increase (Decrease)						
T	Liability		Net Position		Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)	
					(12) (2)	
\$	430,776	\$	_	\$	430,776	
	1,006,535		_		1,006,535	
	(52,012)		_		(52,012)	
	(552,217)		_		(552,217)	
	130,885		-		130,885	
	-		339,918		(339,918)	
	-		284,622		(284,622)	
	-		83,433		(83,433)	
	(495,153)		(495,153)		-	
	-		(8,556)		8,556	
	-		(177,068)		177,068	
	468,814		27,197		441,617	
	12,419,246		11,874,642		544,604	
\$	12,888,060	\$	11,901,839	\$	986,221	
	<u></u>	(A) \$ 430,776 1,006,535 (52,012) (552,217) 130,885 (495,153) - 468,814 12,419,246	Total Pension Liability (A) \$ 430,776 \$ 1,006,535 (52,012) (552,217) 130,885 (495,153) - 468,814 12,419,246	Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B) \$ 430,776 \$ - 1,006,535 - (52,012) - (552,217) - 130,885 - - 339,918 - 284,622 - 83,433 (495,153) (495,153) - (8,556) - (177,068) 468,814 27,197 12,419,246 11,874,642	Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B) \$ 430,776 \$ - \$ 1,006,535 - (52,012) - (552,217) - 130,885 - 339,918 - 284,622 - 83,433 \$ 495,153) (495,153) - (8,556) - (177,068) - 468,814 - 27,197 12,419,246 - 11,874,642	

Sensitivity of the NPL to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the NPL of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the County's NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.10%) or one percentage point higher (9.10%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease in		1% Increase in			
	Discount Rate		ite Discount Rate			scount Rate	
		(7.10%)		(8.10%)	(9.10%)		
County's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	2,615,776	\$	986,221	\$	(370,454)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tcdrs.org

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, the County recognized pension expense of \$406,629.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

At September 30, 2016, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred
	 Resources	nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ -	\$ 434,380
Changes in actuarial assumptions	98,164	· -
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	788,763	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	241,740	-
Total	\$ 1,128,667	\$ 434,380

\$241,740 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the NPL for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year		
Ended		
September 30	Pens	ion Expense
2017	\$	88,497
2018		88,497
2019		98,606
2020		176,947
Thereafter		-
Total	\$	452,547

D. Post Employment Healthcare Plan

Plan Description

In addition to pension benefits described previously, the County provides other post employment benefit (OPEB) options for health care, life insurance, and dental insurance (the "Plan") to eligible retirees, terminated employees, and their dependents. The benefits are provided in accordance with the County's policy manual and the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA).

The criteria to determine eligibility include:

- 1. The employee must meet the rule of 75 (the sum of age and years of service equals at least 75) to be eligible for retirement; and
- 2. The employee must make application for service retirement pension payments with the TCDRS, and be approved for pension payments from TCDRS, prior to retirement.

Funding Policy

The County funds the benefits on pay-as-you-go basis paying 25% or 50% of qualified retired employee premiums depending on the age attained at retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Annual OPEB Cost

The County's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The annual OPEB cost and the net OPEB obligation (asset) are as follows:

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 180,263
Interest on net OPEB obligation	35,710
Adjustment to the ARC	(50,625)
Annual OPEB cost	165,348
Contributions made	(26,008)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	139,340
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	 892,746
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$ 1,032,086

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation estimate for 2016 and the two preceding years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	_(Annual OPEB Cost (ARC)		Actual ontribution Made	Percentage of ARC Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2014	\$	117,861	\$	41,942	35.59%	\$ 820,794
2015	\$	116,593	\$	44,641	38.29%	\$ 892,746
2016	\$	165,348	\$	26,008	15.73%	\$ 1,032,086

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of October 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,554,570, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,554,570.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the ARC of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive Plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and the Plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following is a summary of the actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Projected unit credit
Amortization Method Level percent of payroll
Remaining Amortization Period 30 years – open period
Asset Valuation Method Market value
Health Care Cost Trend Rate 8.00%
Investment Rate of Return 4.00%

E. Group Term Life Insurance

Plan Description

The County participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined-benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by TCDRS. This plan is referred to as the Group Term Life Fund (GTLF). This optional plan provides group term life insurance coverage to current eligible employers and, if elected by employers, to retired employees. The coverage provided to retired employees is a post employment benefit other than pension benefits. Retired employees are insured for \$5,000.

The GTLF is a separate trust administered by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the GTLF. This report is available at www.tcdrs.org. TCDRS' CAFR may also be obtained by writing to the Texas County and District Retirement System, P.O. Box 2034, Austin TX 78768-2031 or by calling 800-823-7782.

Funding Policy

Each participating employer contributes to the GTLF at a contractually required rate. An annual actuarial valuation is performed and the contractual rate is determined using the unit credit method for providing one-year term life insurance. The County contributions to the GTLF for the years ended 2014, 2015, and 2016 were \$23,769, \$25,393, and \$25,496, respectively, which equaled the contractually required contributions each year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

							riance with nal Budget
	 Budgeted	Amo			Actual	Positive	
	 Original		Final		Amounts		Negative)
Revenue							
Property taxes	\$ 4,093,543	\$	4,093,543	\$	4,198,304	\$	104,761
Sales tax	1,255,000		1,255,000		974,218		(280,782)
Intergovernmental	53,305		53,305		55,704		2,399
Fees	916,830		916,830		698,138		(218,692)
Fines and forfeitures	440,000		440,000		393,762		(46,238)
Interest	10,000		10,000		12,428		2,428
Miscellaneous	 130,750	,	186,292		321,141		134,849
Total Revenues	 6,899,428		6,954,970		6,653,695		(301,275)
Expenditures							
Current:							
General administration	947,652		967,168		915,897		51,271
Judicial	1,196,208		1,213,341		1,047,897		165,444
Legal	600,070		600,070		581,728		18,342
Financial administration	607,016		606,698		560,421		46,277
Public facilities	199,092		201,892		192,647		9,245
Public safety	3,359,498		3,363,732		3,206,986		156,746
Health and welfare	131,372		134,690		110,319		24,371
Miscellaneous	1,107,172		1,094,976		608,614		486,362
Capital outlay	300,500		337,446		306,675		30,771
Total Expenditures	 8,448,580		8,520,013		7,531,184		988,829
(Deficiency) of Revenues							
(Under) Expenditures	 (1,549,152)		(1,565,043)		(877,489)		687,554
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	90.200		107 211		107.211		
	80,200		107,311		107,311		(7.221)
Transfers (out) Sale of asset	(2,400,000)		(2,411,220)		(2,418,551)		(7,331)
Sale of asset	 _			F	11,225		11,225
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (2,319,800)		(2,303,909)		(2,300,015)		3,894
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (3,868,952)	\$	(3,868,952)		(3,177,504)	\$	691,448
Beginning fund balance				No.	5,074,753		
Ending Fund Balance				\$	1,897,249		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

		Budgeted	Ame	nunte	Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original	Am	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues					 11110 11110		(cgaerre)
Property taxes	\$	2,351,485	\$	2,351,485	\$ 2,405,721	\$	54,236
Interest		3,480		3,480	12,309		8,829
Permits and licenses		651,000		651,000	671,113		20,113
Miscellaneous		102,600		588,901	700,698		111,797
Total Revenues		3,108,565		3,594,866	 3,789,841		194,975
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public transportation		2,705,213		3,002,125	2,381,244		620,881
Miscellaneous		339,893		339,893	289,200		50,693
Debt service:							
Principal		159,626		299,320	295,289		4,031
Interest and fiscal agent fees		10,332		16,596	13,820		2,776
Capital outlay		165,000		587,471	 570,195		17,276
Total Expenditures		3,380,064		4,245,405	3,549,748		695,657
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	-	(271,499)		(650,539)	 240,093		890,632
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers (out)		(50,000)		(50,000)	(50,000)		_
Sale of capital assets		-		27,034	39,786		12,752
Capital leases				352,006	 352,006		-
Total Other Financing							
Sources (Uses)		(50,000)		329,040	 341,792		12,752
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(321,499)	\$	(321,499)	581,885	\$	903,384
Beginning fund balance					 2,467,107		
Ending Fund Balance					\$ 3,048,992		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LATERAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	 Budgeted	l Amo	unts	Actual	Fin	riance with Ial Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	 Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Property taxes	\$ 1,179,128	\$	1,179,128	\$ 1,217,362	\$	38,234
Interest income	800		800	1,617		817
Total Revenues	 1,179,928		1,179,928	1,218,979		39,051
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public transportation	1,141,900		1,141,900	886,834		255,066
Total Expenditures	 1,141,900		1,141,900	886,834		255,066
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 38,028	\$	38,028	332,145	\$	294,117
Beginning fund balance				 672,861		
Ending Fund Balance				\$ 1,005,006		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Measurement Year *				
Total Pension Liability		2015		2014	
Service cost	\$	430,776	\$	394,299	
Interest (on the total pension liability)		1,006,535		937,638	
Changes of benefit terms		(52,012)		_	
Difference between expected and actual					
experience		(552,217)		(40,434)	
Changes of assumptions		130,885		_	
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
employee contributions		(495,153)		(499,687)	
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		468,814		791,815	
Beginning total pension liability	H	12,419,246		11,627,431	
Ending Total Pension Liability	\$	12,888,060	\$	12,419,246	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - employer	\$	339,918	\$	329,729	
Contributions - employee		284,622		276,091	
Net investment income		83,433		771,144	
Benefit payment, including refunds of		(405 152)		(400, 600)	
employee contributions Administrative expense		(495,153) (8,556)		(499,688)	
Other		(177,068)		(8,831) (46,075)	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		27,197		822,370	
Beginning plan fiduciary net position		11,874,642		11,052,272	
Ending Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	11,901,839	\$	11,874,642	
Net Pension Liability	\$	986,221	\$	544,604	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		92.35%		95.61%	
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	4,066,024	\$	3,944,162	
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		24.26%		13.81%	

^{*}Only two years of information is currently available. The County will build this schedule over the next eight-year period.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Fiscal Year*							
		2016		2015		2014		
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	336,358	\$	335,942	\$	315,184		
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		336,358		335,942		315,184		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Covered employee payroll	\$	4,191,799	\$	4,018,450	\$	3,795,853		
Contributions as a percentage of covered								
employee payroll		8.02%		8.36%		8.30%		

^{*}Only three years of information is currently available. The County will build this schedule over the next seven-year period.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

There were no benefit changes during the year.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Actuarial	Actua Value	of		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL		Funded	Annual Covered		UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]	
Valuation Date	Asse (a)	Assets Entry Age (a) (b)		Entry Age (b)	(UAAL) (b-a)		Ratio (a/b)		Payroll (c)		
10/01/09	\$	_	\$	1,815,382	\$	1,815,382	0.00%		N/A	N/A	
10/01/12	\$	-	\$	1,220,436	\$	1,220,436	0.00%	\$	3,082,373	39.59%	
10/01/15	\$	_	\$	1,554,570	\$	1,554,570	0.00%	\$	3,607,718	43.09%	

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Budgeted	l Amoi	ınts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenue							
Property taxes	\$ 192,474	\$	192,474	\$ 195,376	\$	2,902	
Interest	 865		865	1,090		225	
Total Revenues	193,339		193,339	 196,466		3,127	
Expenditures							
Current:							
Debt service:							
Principal	240,000		240,000	240,000		_	
Interest and fiscal agent fees	133,173		133,173	131,123		2,050	
Total Expenditures	373,173		373,173	 371,123	Re-14-1	2,050	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (179,834)	\$	(179,834)	(174,657)	\$	5,177	
Beginning fund balance				 526,125			
Ending Fund Balance				\$ 351,468			

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (page 1 of 2)

September 30, 2016

_	Special Revenue Funds								
	La	County w Library	Courthouse Security		Right of Way Acquisition		M Pr	Record [gmt. and eservation ist. & Co.	
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	122,876	\$	32,508	\$	11,837	\$	437,390	
Receivables, net		-		-		-		-	
Due from other funds		-		-		-		_	
Due from other units				_		_		-	
Total Assets	\$	122,876	\$	32,508	\$	11,837	\$	437,390	
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	32	\$	_	\$	-	
Due to other funds		-		-		_		_	
Total Liabilities		-		32		-		-	
Fund Balances									
Restricted		122,876		32,476		11,837		437,390	
Total Fund Balances		122,876	W-W-W	32,476		11,837		437,390	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	122,876	\$	32,508	\$	11,837	\$	437,390	

Spec	ial R	even	116	Funds	

Cor	Jail nmissary	torney Account	E	Sheriff's Office Jonation quipment	Sheriff's orfeiture	ate Salary ipplement	A	Sheriff's Office warded estitution
\$	3,213 - 4,140 7,353	\$ 447	\$	27,501	\$ 49,430 - - - 49,430	\$ 101,946 366 - - 102,312	\$	24,356 - - - 24,356
\$	779 - 779	\$ -	\$	- - -	\$ 2,263	\$ 60,200 60,200	\$	- - -
\$	6,574 6,574 7,353	\$ 447 447 447	\$	27,501 27,501 27,501	\$ 47,167 47,167 49,430	\$ 42,112 42,112 102,312	\$	24,356 24,356 24,356

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (page 2 of 2)

September 30, 2016

	 Special Revenue Funds						
	 tice Court]	LEOSE		scellaneous Grants		Conomic velopment
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Due from other funds Due from other units	\$ 8,526 - - -	\$	19,596 - - -	\$	176,503 2,755 15,706	\$	127,005 5,938 -
Total Assets	\$ 8,526	\$	19,596	\$	194,964	\$	132,943
Liabilities							
Accounts payable Due to other funds Total Liabilities	\$ 859 859	\$	-	\$	1,377	\$	-
Fund Balances							
Restricted	7,667		19,596		193,587		132,943
Total Fund Balances	 7,667		19,596		193,587		132,943
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 8,526	\$	19,596	\$	194,964	\$	132,943

Special	Revenue	Funds
---------	---------	--------------

Election Services	County and District Technology		Vehicle nventory	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$ 14,016	\$	5,242	\$ 112,416 5,584	\$	1,274,808 14,643 15,706 4,140	
\$ 14,016	\$	5,242	\$ 118,000	\$	1,309,297	
\$ 2,083 61 2,144	\$		\$ 68,511 22,761 91,272	\$	75,045 83,881 158,926	
\$ 11,872 11,872 14,016	<u> </u>	5,242 5,242 5,242	\$ 26,728 26,728 118,000	\$	1,150,371 1,150,371 1,309,297	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (page 1 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds					
	County Law Library	Courthouse Security	Right of Way Acquisition	Record Mgmt and Preservation Dist. & Co.		
Revenues						
Other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Fees	12,005	19,517	-	181,157		
Intergovernmental	1 77 77	-	-	-		
Investment income	177	113	29	2,030		
Miscellaneous	10.100	10.620	-	100 105		
Total Revenues	12,182	19,630	29	183,187		
Expenditures Current:						
General administration	1,661	-	-	162,198		
Judicial	-	36,524	-	-		
Public safety	-	-	95,400	-		
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay	_	-	-	38,334		
Total Expenditures	1,661	36,524	95,400	200,532		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	10,521	(16,894)	(95,371)	(17,345)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in (out) Total Other Financing		(20,000)	50,000			
Sources (Uses)	-	(20,000)	50,000			
Net Change in Fund Balances	10,521	(36,894)	(45,371)	(17,345)		
Beginning fund balances	112,355	69,370	57,208	454,735		
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 122,876	\$ 32,476	\$ 11,837	\$ 437,390		

Special Revenue Funds

Jail Attorney Commissary Fee Account		D	Sheriff's Office Donation Equipment		Sheriff's Forfeiture		State Salary Supplement		Sheriff's Office Awarded Restitution		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	7		- 1		42		96		60,566 80		20
	7,699		1 -		400		90 -		-		38
	7,706		1		442		96		60,646		38
	-		_		-		_		80		_
	<u>-</u>		_		_		_		<u>-</u>		-
	-		-		_		3,593		-		-
	9,392		-		1,776		-		-		-
			-	·			37,990		-		_
	9,392		-		1,776		41,583		80		_
	(1,686)		1		(1,334)		(41,487)		60,566	-	38
	-				_				(60,200)		
					-	-	_		(60,200)		-
	(1,686)		1		(1,334)		(41,487)		366		38
	8,260		446		28,835		88,654	Be in	41,746		24,318
\$	6,574	\$	447	\$	27,501	\$	47,167	\$	42,112	\$	24,356

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (page 2 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Specia	l Revenue	Funds
--------	-----------	-------

	Justice Court		Miscellaneous	Economic
	Technology	LEOSE	Grants	Development
Revenues				
Other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,979
Fees	8,646	. =	-	_
Intergovernmental	-	4,496	408,457	-
Investment income	7	36	145	177
Miscellaneous			43,015	
Total Revenues	8,653	4,532	451,617	33,156
Expenditures				
Current:				
General administration	-	-	231,059	8,475
Judicial	-	-	-	-
Public safety	2,922	6,254	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	4,950
Capital outlay	_	-	168,480	-
Total Expenditures	2,922	6,254	399,539	13,425
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	5,731	(1,722)	52,078	19,731
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in (out) Total Other Financing		_	(27,111)	
Sources (Uses)	_		(27,111)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,731	(1,722)	24,967	19,731
Beginning fund balances	1,936	21,318	168,620	113,212
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 7,667	\$ 19,596	\$ 193,587	\$ 132,943

S	pecial	Rev	enue	Fu	nds

Election Services	County and District Technology	<u> </u>	Vehicle Inventory		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$	_	\$	32,979
18,563	796		-		240,684
-	-		-		473,519
-	8		231		3,217
 _	-	_	402		51,516
 18,563	804		633		801,915
-	-		-		403,473
-	-		-		36,524
-	-		_		108,169
16,594	-		-		32,712
 -			_		244,804
16,594				Peril Laboratoria	825,682
 1,969	804	_	633		(23,767)
 _	-		_		(57,311)
 	_				(57,311)
1,969	804		633		(81,078)
 9,903	4,438		26,095	-	1,231,449
\$ 11,872	\$ 5,242	<u>\$</u>	26,728	\$	1,150,371

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 1 of 7)
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

COUNTY LAW LIBRARY

	an B	Original and Final andgeted amounts		Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive [egative]
Revenues			_			
Fees	\$	12,000	\$	12,005	\$	5
Investment income Total Revenues	1949-	100		12 192		77
Expenditures		12,100		12,182		82
Current:						
General administration		13,000		1,661		11,339
Total Expenditures		13,000		1,661		11,339
					-	11,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(900)		10,521	\$	11,421
Beginning fund balance			***************************************	112,355		
Ending Fund Balance			\$	122,876		
COURTHOUSE SECURITY						
	an B	Original nd Final sudgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive [Figative]
Revenues		Milouits		Mionits	(1)	regative)
Fees	\$	19,700	\$	19,517	\$	(183)
Investment income	Ψ.	100	*	19,630	Ψ	19,530
Total Revenues		19,800		39,147		19,347
Expenditures Current:						
Judicial		50,800		36,524		14,276
Total Expenditures		50,800		36,524		14,276
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures		(31,000)		2,623		33,623
(, +		(52,000)				55,025
Transfers (out)		(20,000)		(20,000)	P	_
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(51,000)		(17,377)	\$	33,623
Beginning fund balance				69,370		
Ending Fund Balance			\$	51,993		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 2 of 7) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

RIGHT OF WAY ACQUISITION

~	an Bi	riginal d Final udgeted mounts		Actual mounts	Variance wit Final Budge Positive (Negative)		
Revenues	Φ.	• •	4	•		_	
Investment income	\$	20	\$	29	\$	9	
Total Revenues		20		29		9	
Expenditures Current: Public safety		95,400		05 40Ò			
				95,400	-		
Total Expenditures		95,400		95,400			
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	t one suggeste	(95,380)	•	(95,371)		9	
Transfers in	15.44	50,000		50,000		_	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(45,380)		(45,371)	\$	9	
Beginning fund balance				57,208			
Ending Fund Balance			\$	11,837			

RECORD MANAGEMENT AND PRESERVATION DISTRICT AND COUNTY

		Original nd Final			ariance with inal Budget		
	F	Budgeted	Actual	Positive			
		Amounts	Amounts	(Negative)			
Revenues							
Fees	\$	195,420	\$ 181,157	\$	(14,263)		
Investment income		390	2,030		1,640		
Total Revenues		195,810	 183,187		(12,623)		
Expenditures Current:							
General government		206,666	162,198		44,468		
Capital outlay		38,334	38,334		-		
Total Expenditures		245,000	 200,532		44,468		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(49,190)	(17,345)	\$	31,845		
Beginning fund balance			 454,735				
Ending Fund Balance			\$ 437,390				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 3 of 7) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

SHERIFF'S OFFICE DONATION - EQUIPMENT

·	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Investment income	\$ 30	\$ 42	\$ 12
Miscellaneous	-	400	400
Total Revenues	30	442	412
Expenditures			
Current:			
Miscellaneous	7,500	1,776	5,724
Total Expenditures	7,500	1,776	5,724
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (7,470)	(1,334)	\$ 6,136
Beginning fund balance		28,835	
Ending Fund Balance		\$ 27,501	
SHERIFF'S FORFEITURE			
	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	and Final Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Investment income	and Final Budgeted Amounts	Amounts \$ 96	Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ (4)
Revenues	and Final Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Investment income	and Final Budgeted Amounts	Amounts \$ 96	Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ (4)
Revenues Investment income Total Revenues Expenditures	and Final Budgeted Amounts	Amounts \$ 96	Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ (4)
Revenues Investment income Total Revenues Expenditures Current:	and Final Budgeted Amounts \$ 100 100	* 96 96	Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ (4) (4)
Revenues Investment income Total Revenues Expenditures Current: Public safety	and Final Budgeted Amounts \$ 100 100	\$ 96 96 3,593	Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ (4) (4)
Revenues Investment income Total Revenues Expenditures Current: Public safety Capital outlay	### and Final Budgeted Amounts ### \$\frac{100}{100} ### 4,010 ### 37,900	\$ 96 96 3,593 37,990 41,583	Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ (4) (4) 417 (90)
Revenues Investment income Total Revenues Expenditures Current: Public safety Capital outlay Total Expenditures	### and Final Budgeted Amounts ### 100	\$ 96 96 3,593 37,990 41,583	Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ (4) (4) 417 (90) 327

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 4 of 7) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

STATE SALARY SUPPLEMENT

	an Bı	riginal d Final idgeted mounts		Actual .mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment income Total Revenues	\$	61,700 60 61,760	\$	60,566 80 60,646	\$	(1,134) 20 (1,114)	
Expenditures Current:				00,010		(1,114)	
General administration Total Expenditures		4,060 4,060		80		3,980 3,980	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	M-200 - 100	57,700		60,566		2,866	
Transfers (out)	Φ.	(60,200)		(60,200)	ф.	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance Beginning fund balance	\$	(2,500)	\$80,000 mm make	366 41,746	\$	2,866	
Ending Fund Balance			\$	42,112			
SHERIFF'S OFFICE AWARDED R	O: an B:	TUTION riginal d Final udgeted mounts		Actual .mounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)	
Revenues Investment income Total Revenues	\$	30 30	\$	38	\$	8 8	
Expenditures Current: Miscellaneous Total Expenditures	No.	7,000			***************************************	7,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(6,970)		38	\$	7,008	
Beginning fund balance Ending Fund Balance			\$	24,318 24,356			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 5 of 7) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

JUSTICE COURT TECHNOLOGY

	an B	riginal d Final udgeted mounts		Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues						38.02.09	
Fees	\$	6,600	\$	8,646	\$	2,046	
Investment income		10		7		(3)	
Total Revenue	es	6,610		8,653		2,043	
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public safety	***************************************	8,600		2,922		5,678	
Total Expenditure	es	8,600		2,922	F	5,678	
Net Change in Fund Balanc	e <u>\$</u>	(1,990)		5,731	\$	7,721	
Beginning fund balance				1,936			
Ending Fund Balanc	ee		\$	7,667			
LEOSE GRANT							
LEOSE GRANT	an B	riginal d Final udgeted mounts		Actual mounts	Fin P	iance with al Budget Positive (egative)	
Revenues	an B	d Final udgeted			Fin P	al Budget	
Revenues Intergovernmental	an B	d Final adgeted mounts		mounts 4,496	Fin P	al Budget Positive	
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment income	an Bu A	d Final adgeted mounts 4,593 25	A	4,496 36	Fin P (N	al Budget Positive (egative) (97) 11	
Revenues Intergovernmental	an Bu A	d Final adgeted mounts	A	mounts 4,496	Fin P (N	al Budget Positive (egative)	
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment income Total Revenue Expenditures Current:	an Bu A	d Final adgeted mounts 4,593 25 4,618	A	4,496 36 4,532	Fin P (N	al Budget Positive (egative) (97) 11 (86)	
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment income Total Revenue Expenditures Current: Public safety	an Bi A	4,593 25 4,618	A	4,496 36 4,532	Fin P (N	al Budget Positive (egative) (97) 11 (86)	
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment income Total Revenue Expenditures Current:	an Bi A	d Final adgeted mounts 4,593 25 4,618	A	4,496 36 4,532	Fin P (N	al Budget Positive (egative) (97) 11 (86)	
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment income Total Revenue Expenditures Current: Public safety	an Bi A \$	4,593 25 4,618	A	4,496 36 4,532	Fin. F (N	al Budget Positive (egative) (97) 11 (86)	
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment income Total Revenue Expenditures Current: Public safety Total Expenditures	an Bi A \$	4,593 25 4,618 21,900 21,900	A	4,496 36 4,532 6,254 6,254	Fin. F (N	15,646 15,646	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 6 of 7)
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

MISCELLANEOUS GRANTS

		an B	Original Id Final udgeted mounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues								
Intergovernmenta		\$	408,457	\$	408,457	\$	-	
Investment incon	ne		150		145		(5)	
Miscellaneous			7,708		43,015		35,307	
	Total Revenues		416,315		451,617	B	35,302	
Expenditures Current:								
General admin	istration		281,154		231,059		50,095	
Capital outlay	istiation		168,480		168,480		30,093	
Capital outlay	Total Expenditures		449,634		399,539		50,095	
	-		777,037		379,339	-	30,093	
	Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		(33,319)		52,078		85,397	
Transfers (sort)	•					-		
Transfers (out)			(27,111)		(27,111)		-	
Net Char	nge in Fund Balance	\$	(60,430)		24,967	\$	85,397	
Beginning fund bal	ance				168,620			
E	nding Fund Balance			\$	193,587			
ECONOMIC DE	VELOPMENT							
		ai B	Original and Final and General		Actual Amounts	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Vegative)	
Revenues								
Other taxes		\$	40,000	\$	32,979	\$	(7,021)	
Interest income		***************************************	100		177	,	77	
	Total Revenues		40,100		33,156		(6,944)	
Expenditures Current:								
General admin	istration		17,000		8,475		8,525	
Miscellaneous			15,000		4,950		10,050	
	Total Expenditures		32,000		13,425)—————————————————————————————————————	18,575	
Net Char	nge in Fund Balance	\$	3,015		19,731	\$	20,367	
Beginning fund bal	ance			Parameters in the same of the	113,212			
E	nding Fund Balance			\$	132,943			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 7 of 7) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

COUNTY AND DISTRICT TECHNOLOGY

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Fees	\$ 1,000		\$ (204)
Investment income	5	8	3
Total Revenues	1,005	804	(201)
Expenditures Current:	4.500		
General administration	1,500		1,500
Total Expenditures	1,500	_	1,500
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (495	<u>)</u> 804	\$ 1,299
Beginning fund balance		4,438	
Ending Fund Balance		\$ 5,242	
ELECTION SERVICES			
ELECTION SERVICES	Original		Variance with
ELECTION SERVICES	Original and Final		Final Budget
ELECTION SERVICES	-	Actual	
ELECTION SERVICES	and Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues	and Final Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Fees	and Final Budgeted Amounts \$ 14,115	Amounts \$ 18,563	Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ 4,448
Revenues	and Final Budgeted Amounts	Amounts \$ 18,563	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Fees	and Final Budgeted Amounts \$ 14,115	Amounts \$ 18,563	Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ 4,448
Revenues Fees Total Revenues Expenditures	and Final Budgeted Amounts \$ 14,115	* 18,563 18,563	Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ 4,448
Revenues Fees Total Revenues Expenditures Current:	and Final Budgeted Amounts \$ 14,115 14,115	### Amounts \$ 18,563 18,563	Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ 4,448 4,448
Revenues Fees Total Revenues Expenditures Current: Miscellaneous	### and Final Budgeted Amounts ### 14,115 14,115 23,500	\$ 18,563 18,563 16,594 16,594	Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ 4,448 4,448
Revenues Fees Total Revenues Expenditures Current: Miscellaneous Total Expenditures	and Final Budgeted Amounts \$ 14,115 14,115 23,500 23,500	\$ 18,563 18,563 16,594 16,594	Final Budget

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

September 30, 2016

		Tax Assessor/ Collector	Di	strict Clerk	County Clerk	 Jail Inmate
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from other units		\$ 296,996 395	\$	1,088,673	\$ 18,270	\$ 7,833
200 2001 0000	Total Assets	\$ 297,391	\$	1,088,673	\$ 18,270	\$ 7,833
Liabilities						
Due to other units		\$ 297,391	\$	1,088,673	\$ 18,270	\$ 7,833
	Total Liabilities	\$ 297,391	\$	1,088,673	\$ 18,270	\$ 7,833

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Texa	tate of as Transfer ccounts			•		Sheriff Seizure		Unclaimed Money		Total Fiduciary Funds	
\$	74,217 30	\$	11,816	\$	85,226	\$	18,443	\$	17,341	\$	1,618,815 425
\$	74,247	\$	11,816	\$	85,226	\$	18,443	\$	17,341	\$	1,619,240
\$ \$	74,247 74,247	\$	11,816 11,816	<u>\$</u>	85,226 85,226	<u>\$</u> \$	18,443 18,443	<u>\$</u>	17,341 17,341	<u>\$</u>	1,619,240 1,619,240

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

			Beginning Balance	A	Additions	(D	eductions)	Ending Balance	
T	ax Assessor/Collector								
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	415,557	\$	-	\$	(118,561)	\$	296,996
Assets	Due from other units	\$	197	\$	198	\$	-	\$	395
Liabilities	Due to other units	\$	411,048	\$	_	\$	(113,657)	\$	297,391
Liabilities	Due to other funds	\$	4,706	\$	_	\$	(4,706)	\$	-
	District Clerk								
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,011,885	\$	76,788	\$	-	\$	1,088,673
Liabilities	Due to other units	\$	836,058	\$	252,615	\$	-	\$	1,088,673
Liabilities	Due to other funds	\$	175,827	\$	-	\$	(175,827)	\$	-
	County Clerk								
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	37,733	\$	_	\$	(19,463)	\$	18,270
Liabilities	Due to other units	\$	37,733	\$		\$	(19,463)	\$	18,270
Ziabilitio	Jail Inmate	<u> </u>	31,733	Ψ		Ψ	(12,403)	Ψ	10,270
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	¢.	8,062	¢		ф	(220)	ø	7.022
Assets Liabilities	Due to other units	\$	4,901	\$	2,932	\$	(229)	\$	7,833
Liabilities	Due to other funds	\$	3,161	\$	2,932	\$	(2.171)	\$	7,833
		<u> </u>	3,101	2		3	(3,161)	<u> </u>	
	f Texas Transfer Accounts								
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	72,428	\$	1,789	\$		\$	74,217
Assets	Due from other units	\$	30	\$	_	\$	_	\$	30
Liabilities	Due to other units	\$	69,262	\$	4,985	\$	-	\$	74,247
Liabilities	Due to other funds	\$	3,196	\$	_	\$	(3,196)	\$	_
	County Attorney								
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,816	\$	_	\$	_	\$	11,816
Liabilities	Due to other units	\$	11,816	\$	-	\$	_	\$	11,816
	_ ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					<u> </u>		Ψ	11,010
	County Sheriff								
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	88,151	\$	_	\$	(2,925)	<u>\$</u>	85,226
Liabilities	Due to other units	\$	79,500	\$	5,726	\$	_	\$	85,226
Liabilities	Due to other funds	\$	8,651	\$		\$	(8,651)	\$	-
	Sheriff Seizure								
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	51,666	\$	_	\$	(33,223)	¢	18,443
Liabilities	Due to other units	\$	51,666	\$		\$	(33,223)	\$	
Liabilities	Due to other units	Φ	31,000	Ф	-	Φ	(33,223)	Φ	18,443
	Unclaimed Money								
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,587	\$	754	\$	_	\$	17,341
Liabilities	Due to other units	\$	16,587	\$	754	\$		\$	17,341
	- JOHN WALLEY	4	10,207	*	/ J-T	Ψ	_	Ψ	17,571
T	otal Fiduciary Funds								
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,713,885	\$	79,331	\$	(174,401)	\$	1,618,815
Assets	Due from other units	\$	227	\$	198	\$	-	\$	425
Liabilities	Due to other units	\$	1,518,571	\$	267,012	\$	(166,343)	\$ \$	1,619,240
Liabilities	Due to other funds	\$	195,541	\$,	\$	(195,541)	\$	_,,,
		-	1,0,0,11	<u> </u>		Ψ	(173,371)	Ψ	-